



Zoning Resolution

THE CITY OF NEW YORK

Eric Adams, Mayor

CITY PLANNING COMMISSION

Daniel R. Garodnick, Chair

Article I - General Provisions

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Chapter 1 - Title, Establishment of Controls and Interpretation of Regulations

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Chapter 1 - Title, Establishment of Controls and Interpretation of Regulations

11-00 - TITLE

LAST AMENDED
12/15/1961

11-01 - Long Title

LAST AMENDED
12/15/1961

A Resolution regulating the height and bulk of buildings and other structures, regulating and determining the area of yards, courts and other open spaces, and the density of population, and regulating and restricting the location of trades and industries and the location of buildings designed for specific uses within the City of New York, and for such purposes dividing the City into districts.

11-02 - Short Title

LAST AMENDED
12/15/1961

This Resolution shall be known and may be cited as the Zoning Resolution of the City of New York.

11-10 - ESTABLISHMENT AND SCOPE OF CONTROLS, ESTABLISHMENT OF DISTRICTS, AND INCORPORATION OF MAPS

LAST AMENDED
12/15/1961

11-11 - Establishment of Control over Use and Bulk

LAST AMENDED
12/15/1961

11-111 - Applicability of this Resolution

LAST AMENDED
2/2/2011

In all districts, after December 15, 1961, any #zoning lot# or other tract of land, as applicable, and anything therein or thereupon, including any #development#, #enlargement#, #extension#, change of #use#, new or existing #use#, #conversion#, alteration, site alteration, relocation, reconstruction and any #building or other structure# shall be subject to the regulations of this Resolution; and shall continue to be subject to the provisions of this Resolution in effect at the time of such #development#, #enlargement#, establishment of or change of #use#, #conversion#, alteration, site alteration, relocation or reconstruction, unless such provisions are modified by an amendment of this Resolution applicable to #buildings or other structures# or #uses# existing at the time of such amendment.

Where an existing #use# or #building or other structure# is #non-conforming# or #non-complying#, the provisions of Article V

(Non-Conforming Uses and Non-Complying Buildings) may apply.

11-12 - Establishment of Districts

LAST AMENDED

5/8/2013

11-121 - District names

LAST AMENDED

6/6/2024

Each zoning district is designated by a letter indicating the general land use classification – R for Residence, C for Commercial and M for Manufacturing – followed by one or two numbers and, sometimes, a letter suffix. In residence districts, generally, the higher the first number, the greater the density permitted and the larger the building. Parking requirements usually decrease as density increases. A second number, following a hyphen (such as R3-1 or R3-2), denotes variations in use, bulk or parking regulations among districts within a common density category. In commercial and manufacturing districts, the first number denotes the intensity of permitted uses; the higher the first number, generally, the broader the scope of uses that are permitted and the more significant the land use impact of such uses. The second number, following a hyphen, denotes differences in bulk or parking regulations within a common use category. The higher the second number, generally, the larger the building permitted and/or the lower the parking requirements. Letter suffixes have been added to the designations of certain districts (such as R10A) to indicate contextual counterparts that seek to maintain, enhance or establish new neighborhood characteristics or building scale.

In certain Special Purpose Districts, a specific #Manufacturing District# is paired with a #Residence District#. Regulations pertaining to such paired district, including how to consider such districts with regards to the applicability of other underlying zoning regulations, are set forth Article XII, Chapter 3 (Special Mixed Use District).

11-122 - Districts established

LAST AMENDED

5/28/2025

In order to carry out the purposes and provisions of this Resolution, the following districts are hereby established:

Residence Districts

R1-1 Single-Family Detached Residence District
R1-2 Single-Family Detached Residence District
R1-2A Single-Family Detached Residence District

R2 Single-Family Detached Residence District
R2A Single-Family Detached Residence District
R2X Single-Family Detached Residence District

R3-1 Detached and Semi-Detached Residence District
R3-2 General Residence District
R3A Detached Residence District
R3X Detached Residence District

R4 General Residence District

R4-1 Detached and Semi-Detached Residence District

R4A Detached Residence District

R4B General Residence District

R5 General Residence District

R5A Detached Residence District

R5B General Residence District

R5D General Residence District

R6 General Residence District

R6-1 General Residence District

R6-2 General Residence District

R6A General Residence District

R6B General Residence District

R6D General Residence District

R7-1 General Residence District

R7-2 General Residence District

R7-3 General Residence District

R7A General Residence District

R7B General Residence District

R7D General Residence District

R7X General Residence District

R8 General Residence District

R8A General Residence District

R8B General Residence District

R8X General Residence District

R9 General Residence District

R9-1 General Residence District

R9A General Residence District

R9D General Residence District

R9X General Residence District

R10 General Residence District

R10A General Residence District

R10H General Residence District

R10X General Residence District

R11 General Residence District

R11A General Residence District

R12 General Residence District

Commercial Districts

C1-1 Local Commercial District
C1-2 Local Commercial District
C1-3 Local Commercial District
C1-4 Local Commercial District
C1-5 Local Commercial District
C1-6 Local Commercial District
C1-6A Local Commercial District
C1-7 Local Commercial District
C1-7A Local Commercial District
C1-8 Local Commercial District
C1-8A Local Commercial District
C1-8X Local Commercial District
C1-9 Local Commercial District
C1-9A Local Commercial District

C2-1 Local Commercial District
C2-2 Local Commercial District
C2-3 Local Commercial District
C2-4 Local Commercial District
C2-5 Local Commercial District
C2-6 Local Commercial District
C2-6A Local Commercial District
C2-7 Local Commercial District
C2-7A Local Commercial District
C2-7X Local Commercial District
C2-8 Local Commercial District
C2-8A Local Commercial District

C3 Waterfront Recreation District
C3A Waterfront Recreation District

C4-1 General Commercial District
C4-2 General Commercial District
C4-2A General Commercial District
C4-2F General Commercial District
C4-3 General Commercial District
C4-3A General Commercial District
C4-4 General Commercial District
C4-4A General Commercial District
C4-4D General Commercial District
C4-4L General Commercial District
C4-5 General Commercial District
C4-5A General Commercial District
C4-5D General Commercial District
C4-5X General Commercial District
C4-6 General Commercial District
C4-6A General Commercial District
C4-7 General Commercial District

C4-8 General Commercial District
C4-9 General Commercial District
C4-11 General Commercial District
C4-11A General Commercial District
C4-12 General Commercial District

C5-1 General Central Commercial District
C5-1A General Central Commercial District
C5-2 General Central Commercial District
C5-2.5 General Central Commercial District
C5-2A General Central Commercial District
C5-3 General Central Commercial District
C5-3.5 General Central Commercial District
C5-4 General Central Commercial District
C5-5 General Central Commercial District
C5-P General Central Commercial District

C6-1 General Central Commercial District
C6-1A General Central Commercial District
C6-1G General Central Commercial District
C6-2 General Central Commercial District
C6-2A General Central Commercial District
C6-2G General Central Commercial District
C6-2M General Central Commercial District
C6-3 General Central Commercial District
C6-3A General Central Commercial District
C6-3D General Central Commercial District
C6-3X General Central Commercial District
C6-4 General Central Commercial District
C6-4.5 Restricted Central Commercial District
C6-4A General Central Commercial District
C6-4M General Central Commercial District
C6-4X General Central Commercial District
C6-5 General Central Commercial District
C6-5.5 Restricted Central Commercial District
C6-6 General Central Commercial District
C6-6.5 Restricted Central Commercial District
C6-7 General Central Commercial District
C6-7.5 Restricted Central Commercial District
C6-7T Restricted Central Commercial District
C6-8 General Central Commercial District
C6-9 General Central Commercial District
C6-11 General Central Commercial District
C6-12 General Central Commercial District

C7-1 General Commercial District

C7-2 General Commercial District
C7-3 General Commercial District
C7-4 General Commercial District
C7-5 General Commercial District
C7-6 General Commercial District
C7-7 General Commercial District
C7-8 General Commercial District
C7-9 General Commercial District

C8-1 General Service District
C8-2 General Service District
C8-3 General Service District
C8-4 General Service District

Manufacturing Districts

M1-1 Light Manufacturing District (High Performance)
M1-1A Light Manufacturing District (High Performance)
M1-1D Light Manufacturing District (High Performance)
M1-2 Light Manufacturing District (High Performance)
M1-2A Light Manufacturing District (High Performance)
M1-2D Light Manufacturing District (High Performance)
M1-3 Light Manufacturing District (High Performance)
M1-3A Light Manufacturing District (High Performance)
M1-3D Light Manufacturing District (High Performance)
M1-4 Light Manufacturing District (High Performance)
M1-4A Light Manufacturing District (High Performance)
M1-4D Light Manufacturing District (High Performance)
M1-5 Light Manufacturing District (High Performance)
M1-5A Light Manufacturing District (High Performance)
M1-5B Light Manufacturing District (High Performance)
M1-5D Light Manufacturing District (High Performance)
M1-5M Light Manufacturing District (High Performance)
M1-6 Light Manufacturing District (High Performance)
M1-6A Light Manufacturing District (High Performance)
M1-6D Light Manufacturing District (High Performance)
M1-6M Light Manufacturing District (High Performance)
M1-7A Light Manufacturing District (High Performance)
M1-8A Light Manufacturing District (High Performance)
M1-9A Light Manufacturing District (High Performance)

M2-1 Medium Manufacturing District (Medium Performance)
M2-1A Medium Manufacturing District (Medium Performance)
M2-2 Medium Manufacturing District (Medium Performance)
M2-2A Medium Manufacturing District (Medium Performance)
M2-3 Medium Manufacturing District (Medium Performance)
M2-3A Medium Manufacturing District (Medium Performance)
M2-4 Medium Manufacturing District (Medium Performance)

M2-4A Medium Manufacturing District (Medium Performance)

M3-1 Heavy Manufacturing District (Low Performance)

M3-1A Heavy Manufacturing District (Low Performance)

M3-2 Heavy Manufacturing District (Low Performance)

M3-2A Heavy Manufacturing District (Low Performance)

Special Purpose Districts

Establishment of the Special 125th Street District

In order to carry out the special purposes of this Resolution as set forth in Article IX, Chapter 7, the #Special 125th Street District# is hereby established.

Establishment of the Special Atlantic Avenue Mixed Use District

In order to carry out the special purposes of this Resolution as set forth in Article XIV, Chapter 6, the #Special Atlantic Avenue Mixed Use District# is hereby established.

Establishment of the Special Battery Park City District

In order to carry out the special purposes of this Resolution as set forth in Article VIII, Chapter 4, the #Special Battery Park City District# is hereby established.

Establishment of the Special Bay Ridge District

In order to carry out the special purposes of this Resolution as set forth in Article XI, Chapter 4, the #Special Bay Ridge District# is hereby established.

Establishment of the Special Bay Street Corridor District

In order to carry out the special purposes of this Resolution as set forth in Article XIII, Chapter 5, the #Special Bay Street Corridor District# is hereby established.

Establishment of the Special Brooklyn Navy Yard District

In order to carry out the special purposes of this Resolution as set forth in Article XIV, Chapter 4, the #Special Brooklyn Navy Yard District# is hereby established.

Establishment of the Special City Island District

In order to carry out the special purposes of this Resolution as set forth in Article XI, Chapter 2, the #Special City Island

District# is hereby established.

Establishment of the Special Clinton District

In order to carry out the special purposes of this Resolution as set forth in Article IX, Chapter 6, the #Special Clinton District# is hereby established.

Establishment of the Special Coastal Risk District

In order to carry out the special purposes of this Resolution as set forth in Article XIII, Chapter 7, the #Special Coastal Risk District# is hereby established.

Establishment of the Special College Point District

In order to carry out the special purposes of this Resolution as set forth in Article XII, Chapter 6, the #Special College Point District# is hereby established.

Establishment of the Special Coney Island District

In order to carry out the special purposes of this Resolution as set forth in Article XIII, Chapter 1, the #Special Coney Island District# is hereby established.

Establishment of the Special Coney Island Mixed Use District

In order to carry out the special purposes of this Resolution as set forth in Article X, Chapter 6, the #Special Coney Island Mixed Use District# is hereby established.

Establishment of the Special Downtown Brooklyn District

In order to carry out the special purposes of this Resolution as set forth in Article X, Chapter 1, the #Special Downtown Brooklyn District# is hereby established.

Establishment of the Special Downtown Far Rockaway District

In order to carry out the special purposes of this Resolution as set forth in Article XIII, Chapter 6, the #Special Downtown Far Rockaway District# is hereby established.

Establishment of the Special Downtown Jamaica District

In order to carry out the special purposes of this Resolution as set forth in Article XI, Chapter 5, the #Special Downtown Jamaica District# is hereby established.

Establishment of the Special East Harlem Corridors District

In order to carry out the special purposes of this Resolution as set forth in Article XIII, Chapter 8, the #Special East Harlem Corridors District# is hereby established.

Establishment of the Special Enhanced Commercial District

In order to carry out the special purposes of this Resolution as set forth in Article XIII, Chapter 2, the #Special Enhanced Commercial District# is hereby established.

Establishment of the Special Flushing Waterfront District

In order to carry out the special purposes of this Resolution as set forth in Article XII, Chapter 7, the #Special Flushing Waterfront District# is hereby established.

Establishment of the Special Forest Hills District

In order to carry out the special purposes of this Resolution as set forth in Article VIII, Chapter 6, the #Special Forest Hills District# is hereby established.

Establishment of the Special Garment Center District

In order to carry out the special purposes of this Resolution as set forth in Article XII, Chapter 1, the #Special Garment Center District# is hereby established.

Establishment of the Special Governors Island District

In order to carry out the special purposes of this Resolution, as set forth in Article XIII, Chapter 4, the #Special Governors Island District# is hereby established.

Establishment of the Special Gowanus Mixed Use District

In order to carry out the special purposes of this Resolution, as set forth in Article XIII, Chapter 9, the #Special Gowanus Mixed Use District# is hereby established.

Establishment of the Special Grand Concourse Preservation District

In order to carry out the special purposes of this Resolution as set forth in Article XII, Chapter 2, the #Special Grand Concourse Preservation District# is hereby established.

Establishment of the Special Harlem River Waterfront District

In order to carry out the special purposes of this Resolution as set forth in Article VIII, Chapter 7, the #Special Harlem River Waterfront District# is hereby established.

Establishment of the Special Hillside Preservation District

In order to carry out the special purposes of this Resolution as set forth in Article XI, Chapter 9, the #Special Hillside Preservation District# is hereby established.

Establishment of the Special Hudson River Park District

In order to carry out the special purposes of this Resolution as set forth in Article VIII, Chapter 9, the #Special Hudson River Park District# is hereby established.

Establishment of the Special Hudson Square District

In order to carry out the special purposes of this Resolution as set forth in Article VIII, Chapter 8, the #Special Hudson Square District# is hereby established.

Establishment of the Special Hudson Yards District

In order to carry out the special purposes of this Resolution as set forth in Article IX, Chapter 3, the #Special Hudson Yards District# is hereby established.

Establishment of the Special Hunts Point District

In order to carry out the special purposes of this Resolution as set forth in Article X, Chapter 8, the #Special Hunts Point District# is hereby established.

Establishment of the Special Inwood District

In order to carry out the special purposes of this Resolution as set forth in Article XIV, Chapter 2, the #Special Inwood District# is hereby established.

Establishment of the Special Jerome Corridor District

In order to carry out the special purposes of this Resolution as set forth in Article XIV, Chapter 1, the #Special Jerome Corridor District# is hereby established.

Establishment of Special Limited Commercial District

In order to carry out the special purposes of this Resolution as set forth in Article VIII, Chapter 3, the #Special Limited Commercial District# is hereby established.

Establishment of Limited Height Districts

The following are hereby established as #Limited Height Districts# to which the provisions of paragraph (c) of Section [23-443](#) (Special provisions in other geographies), Sections [24-591](#) or [33-491](#) (Limited Height Districts) shall apply either directly or in other provisions of this Resolution, where they are incorporated by cross-reference:

LH-1 Limited Height District No. 1

LH-1A Limited Height District No. 1A

LH-2 Limited Height District No. 2

LH-3 Limited Height District No. 3

Establishment of the Special Lincoln Square District

In order to carry out the special purposes of this Resolution as set forth in Article VIII, Chapter 2, the #Special Lincoln Square District# is hereby established.

Establishment of the Special Little Italy District

In order to carry out the special purposes of this Resolution as set forth in Article X, Chapter 9, the #Special Little Italy District# is hereby established.

Establishment of the Special Long Island City Mixed Use District

In order to carry out the special purposes of this Resolution as set forth in Article XI, Chapter 7, the #Special Long Island City Mixed Use District# is hereby established.

Establishment of the Special Lower Manhattan District

In order to carry out the special purposes of this Resolution as set forth in Article IX, Chapter 1, the #Special Lower Manhattan District# is hereby established.

Establishment of the Special Madison Avenue Preservation District

In order to carry out the special purposes of this Resolution as set forth in Article IX, Chapter 9, the #Special Madison Avenue Preservation District# is hereby established.

Establishment of the Special Manhattanville Mixed Use District

In order to carry out the special purposes of this Resolution as set forth in Article X, Chapter 4, the #Special Manhattanville Mixed Use District# is hereby established.

Establishment of the Special Midtown District

In order to carry out the special purposes of this Resolution as set forth in Article VIII, Chapter 1, the #Special Midtown District# is hereby established.

Establishment of the Special Mixed Use District

In order to carry out the special purposes of this Resolution as set forth in Article XII, Chapter 3, the #Special Mixed Use District# is hereby established.

Establishment of the Special Natural Area District

In order to carry out the special purposes of this Resolution as set forth in Article X, Chapter 5, the #Special Natural Area District# is hereby established.

Establishment of the Special Ocean Parkway District

In order to carry out the special purposes of this Resolution as set forth in Article XI, Chapter 3, the #Special Ocean Parkway District# is hereby established.

Establishment of the Special Park Improvement District

In order to carry out the special purposes of this Resolution as set forth in Article IX, Chapter 2, the #Special Park Improvement District# is hereby established.

Establishment of the Special Planned Community Preservation District

In order to carry out the special purposes of this Resolution as set forth in Article X, Chapter 3, the #Special Planned Community Preservation District# is hereby established.

Establishment of the Special Scenic View District

In order to carry out the special purposes of this Resolution as set forth in Article X, Chapter 2, the #Special Scenic View District# is hereby established.

Establishment of the Special Sheepshead Bay District

In order to carry out the special purposes of this Resolution as set forth in Article IX, Chapter 4, the #Special Sheepshead Bay District# is hereby established.

Establishment of the Special SoHo-NoHo Mixed Use District

In order to carry out the special purposes of this Resolution as set forth in Article XIV, Chapter 3, the #Special SoHo-NoHo Mixed Use District# is hereby established.

Establishment of the Special South Richmond Development District

In order to carry out the special purposes of this Resolution as set forth in Article X, Chapter 7, the #Special South Richmond Development District# is hereby established.

Establishment of the Special Southern Hunters Point District

In order to carry out the special purposes of this Resolution, as set forth in Article XII, Chapter 5, the #Special Southern Hunters Point District# is hereby established.

Establishment of the Special Southern Roosevelt Island District

In order to carry out the special purposes of this Resolution as set forth in Article XIII, Chapter 3, the #Special Southern Roosevelt Island District# is hereby established.

Establishment of the Special St. George District

In order to carry out the special purposes of this Resolution as set forth in Article XII, Chapter 8, the #Special St. George District# is hereby established.

Establishment of the Special Stapleton Waterfront District

In order to carry out the special purposes of this Resolution as set forth in Article XI, Chapter 6, the #Special Stapleton Waterfront District# is hereby established.

Establishment of the Special Transit Land Use District

In order to carry out the special purposes of this Resolution as set forth in Article IX, Chapter 5, a #Special Transit Land Use District# is hereby established.

Establishment of the Special Tribeca Mixed Use District

In order to carry out the special purposes of this Resolution as set forth in Article XI, Chapter 1, the #Special Tribeca Mixed Use District# is hereby established.

Establishment of the Special Union Square District

In order to carry out the special purposes of this Resolution as set forth in Article XI, Chapter 8, the #Special Union Square District# is hereby established.

Establishment of the Special United Nations Development District

In order to carry out the special purposes of this Resolution as set forth in Article VIII, Chapter 5, the #Special United Nations Development District# is hereby established.

Establishment of the Special West Chelsea District

In order to carry out the special purposes of this Resolution as set forth in Article IX, Chapter 8, the #Special West Chelsea District# is hereby established.

Establishment of the Special Willets Point District

In order to carry out the special purposes of this Resolution as set forth in Article XII, Chapter 4, the #Special Willets Point District# is hereby established.

11-123 - Special Purpose Districts

LAST AMENDED
2/2/2011

For the Special Purpose Districts listed in Section [11-122](#) (Districts established), each Special Purpose District appears on the #zoning maps# superimposed on other districts and its regulations supplement or modify those of the districts upon which it is superimposed.

11-13 - Public Parks

LAST AMENDED
12/10/2013

District designations indicated on #zoning maps# do not apply to #public parks#, except as set forth in Section [105-91](#) (Special District Designation on Public Parks) and in paragraph (c) of Section [62-351](#) (Special floor area regulations). In the event that a #public park# or portion thereof is sold, transferred, exchanged or in any other manner relinquished from the control of the Commissioner of Parks and Recreation, no building permit shall be issued, nor shall any #use# be permitted on such former #public park# or portion thereof, until a zoning amendment designating a zoning district therefor has been adopted by the City Planning Commission and has become effective after submission to the City Council in accordance with the provisions of Section [71-10](#) (PROCEDURE FOR AMENDMENTS).

11-14 - Incorporation of Maps

LAST AMENDED
12/15/1961

The location and boundaries of the districts established by this Resolution are shown upon the #zoning maps#, which are hereby incorporated into the provisions of this Resolution. The said #zoning maps# in their entirety, including all amendments thereto, shall be as much a part of this Resolution as if fully set forth and described herein.

11-15 - Environmental Requirements

LAST AMENDED
3/28/2012

The designation (E) or an environmental restrictive declaration, where listed in APPENDIX C (City Environmental Quality Review (CEQR) Environmental Requirements) of this Resolution, indicate that environmental requirements pertaining to potential hazardous materials, noise or air quality impacts have been established in connection with an amendment of or an action pursuant to this Resolution for one or more tax lots. Such environmental requirements are set forth in the CEQR determination related to such amendment or action.

CEQR determinations are on file with the lead agency and the Mayor's Office of Environmental Coordination (MOEC). A listing of such CEQR determinations and their related environmental requirements is found within APPENDIX C of this Resolution. (E) designations and environmental restrictive declarations may only be removed from APPENDIX C or modified in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (d) of this Section.

In the case of a merger or subdivision of lots, any of which is subject to an (E) designation or environmental restrictive declaration, such (E) designation or environmental restrictive declaration shall be considered assigned to all portions of the merged or subdivided lots. The environmental requirements of such (E) designation or environmental restrictive declaration shall apply to the merged or subdivided lots, or portions thereof, as determined by the Office of Environmental Remediation (OER).

Tax lots with environmental requirements shall be subject to the following:

(a) **Building permit conditions**

Prior to issuing a building permit or temporary or final certificate of occupancy, for any action listed in paragraphs (a) (1), (a)(2) or (a)(3) of this Section, on a tax lot that has an (E) designation or an environmental restrictive declaration related to hazardous materials, noise or air quality, the Department of Buildings (DOB) shall be furnished with a notice issued by OER stating that OER does not object to the issuance of such building permit, or temporary or final certificate of occupancy, in accordance with the applicable rules of the City of New York (OER Notice).

(1) For hazardous materials

- (i) any #development#;
- (ii) an #enlargement#, #extension# or change of #use#, any of which involves a #residential# or a #community facility use#; or
- (iii) an #enlargement# or alteration of a #building# for any #use# that involves a disturbance of the soil;

(2) For air quality

- (i) any #development#;
- (ii) an #enlargement#, #extension# or change of #use#; or
- (iii) an alteration that involves ventilation or exhaust systems, including, but not limited to, stack relocation or vent replacement; or

(3) For noise

- (i) any #development#;
- (ii) an #enlargement#, #extension# or change of #use#; or
- (iii) an alteration that involves window or exterior wall relocation or replacement.

(b) Ongoing site management

In the event that a duly issued OER Notice indicates that a tax lot that has an (E) designation or an environmental restrictive declaration requires ongoing site management, OER may require that a declaration of covenants and restrictions governing the ongoing site management requirements be recorded against the subject tax lot in the Office of the City Register or, where applicable, in the County Clerk's Office in the county where the lot is located.

As a condition to the issuance of a temporary or final certificate of occupancy or granting of permit sign-off, if no certificate of occupancy is required, DOB shall be provided with proof that the declaration of covenants and restrictions for ongoing site management has been duly recorded. The recording information for the ongoing site management declaration shall be referenced on the first certificate of occupancy to be issued after such declaration is recorded, as well as all subsequent certificates of occupancy, for as long as the declaration remains in effect.

(c) Modifications

Upon application to OER by the owner of the affected lot(s), OER may, with the consent of the lead agency, modify the environmental requirements set forth in a CEQR determination based upon new information, additional facts or updated standards, as applicable, provided that such modifications are equally protective.

(d) Completion of environmental requirements

(1) Removal of tax lots subject to an (E) designation or an environmental restrictive declaration from APPENDIX C

The Department of City Planning (DCP) shall administratively modify APPENDIX C after receiving a duly issued OER Notice, stating that the environmental requirements related to an (E) designation or contained in an environmental restrictive declaration related to potential hazardous materials, noise or air quality have been completed or otherwise no longer apply to a tax lot(s), because:

- (i) no further testing, remediation or ongoing site management is required for hazardous materials contamination;
 - (ii) the noise-generating source has been permanently eliminated; or
 - (iii) the emissions source related to air quality has been permanently eliminated.
- (2) Removal of an (E) designation from APPENDIX C

DCP shall administratively remove an (E) designation from APPENDIX C when, in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (d)(1) of this Section, the environmental requirements for all tax lots subject to the (E) designation have been completed.
- (3) Cancellation of an environmental restrictive declaration and modification of APPENDIX C

DCP shall administratively remove an environmental restrictive declaration from APPENDIX C when, in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (d)(1) of this Section, the environmental requirements contained in such environmental restrictive declaration have been completed for all tax lots and a Notice of Cancellation of the environmental restrictive declaration has been duly recorded against the subject tax lots in the Office of the City Register or, where applicable, in the County Clerk's Office in the county where the lots are located.
- (4) Notification

DCP shall notify DOB, MOEC and OER when modifications to APPENDIX C are made.
- (e) The provisions of this Section shall apply to all (E) designations and environmental restrictive declarations, notwithstanding the date such environmental requirements were established.

11-151 - Special requirements for properties in the Borough of Queens

LAST AMENDED
3/28/2012

- (a) Block 9898, Lots 1 and 117, in the Borough of Queens, shall be subject to the provisions of Section [11-15](#) (Environmental Requirements) governing (E) designations. The City Environmental Quality Review (CEQR) Declarations for these sites shall be listed in APPENDIX C (City Environmental Quality Review (CEQR) Environmental Requirements) of the Zoning Resolution.
- (b) The following special requirements shall apply to a #development#, #enlargement# or change of #use# for properties in the Borough of Queens located within the areas described in paragraphs (1) through (5) of this paragraph, (b).
 - (1) The regulations of an R4 District shall apply within an area bounded by Liberty Avenue, 170th Street, a line 100 feet southeasterly of Liberty Avenue, and a line 100 feet southwesterly of 168th Place.
 - (2) The regulations of a C8-1 District shall apply within an area bounded by Liberty Avenue, a line 100 feet southwesterly of 168th Place, a line 150 feet northwesterly of 104th Avenue, and Merrick Boulevard.
 - (3) The regulations of an M1-1 District shall apply within an area bounded by Liberty Avenue, Sutphin Boulevard, 105th Avenue, a line 50 feet southwesterly of 148th Street, a line 100 feet northwesterly of 105th Avenue, and a line 150 feet northeasterly of Sutphin Boulevard.
 - (4) The regulations of an R6 District with a C2-2 District overlay shall apply within an area bounded by 163rd

Street, a line perpendicular to 163rd Street passing through a point distant 109.42 feet as measured along the easterly #street line# of 163rd Street from the intersection of the southeasterly line of Hillside Avenue and the northeasterly line of 163rd Street, a line 86 feet northeasterly of 163rd Street, a line perpendicular to 163rd Street passing through a point 146.92 feet distant as measured along the easterly #street line# of 163rd Street from the intersection of the southeasterly line of Hillside Avenue and the northeasterly line of 163rd Street.

- (5) The regulations of a C8-1 District shall apply within an area bounded by Hillside Avenue, a line 388 feet westerly of 144th Street, a line 100 feet northwesterly of 88th Avenue, a line 100 feet northeasterly of 139th Street, a line 120 feet northwesterly of 88th Avenue, a line 60 feet northeasterly of 139th Street, a line 70 feet southeasterly of Hillside Avenue, and 139th Street; and within an area bounded by Queens Boulevard, Hillside Avenue, 139th Street, a line 100 feet southeasterly of Hillside Avenue, a line midblock between 139th Street and Queens Boulevard, a line perpendicular to Queens Boulevard passing through a point distant 140 feet as measured along the northeasterly #street line# of Queens Boulevard from the intersection of the southeasterly line of Hillside Avenue and the northeasterly line of Queens Boulevard.

However, in the event that the Chairperson of the City Planning Commission, based on consultation with the Department of Environmental Protection of the City of New York, provides a certificate of no effect to the Department of Buildings with regard to industrial air emissions for an area described in paragraph (b) of this Section, the regulations of the zoning districts designated on the #zoning map# shall apply to any #development#, #enlargement# or change of #use# within such area, to the extent permitted under the terms of the certificate of no effect.

11-16 - Pierhead Lines, Bulkhead Lines and Marginal Streets

LAST AMENDED

10/25/1993

The pierhead and bulkhead lines shown on the #zoning maps# shall be the lines adopted by the United States Army Corps of Engineers, except where a New York City pierhead or bulkhead line is adopted, in which case the New York City line shall be the governing line for the purposes of this Resolution. In the event a provision of this Resolution refers to a pierhead or bulkhead line and no such line is shown on the #zoning map#, then the #shoreline# shall control.

Marginal streets, ways, places or wharves shown on the #zoning maps# shall not be deemed to be #streets# for the purposes of this Resolution, unless expressly stated otherwise.

11-20 - INTERPRETATION OF PROVISIONS

LAST AMENDED

12/15/1961

11-21 - Provisions Are Minimum Requirements

LAST AMENDED

12/15/1961

In interpreting and applying the provisions of this Resolution, such provisions shall be considered as the minimum requirements:

- (a) to promote and protect public health, safety and general welfare, as set forth in the Preamble to this Resolution and in the statements of legislative intent for the respective districts and other regulations; and

(b) to provide a gradual remedy for existing conditions which are detrimental thereto.

11-22 - Application of Overlapping Regulations

LAST AMENDED

12/15/1961

Whenever any provision of this Resolution and any other provisions of law, whether set forth in this Resolution or in any other law, ordinance or resolution of any kind, impose overlapping or contradictory regulations over the #use# of land, or over the #use# or #bulk# of #buildings or other structures#, or contain any restrictions covering any of the same subject matter, that provision which is more restrictive or imposes higher standards or requirements shall govern. In case of any conflict between the performance standards and the rules and regulations adopted by the Department of Environmental Protection, the more restrictive shall apply.

11-23 - Demolition and Replacement

LAST AMENDED

3/22/2016

The alteration of an existing #building# resulting in both the removal of more than 75 percent of the #floor area# and more than 25 percent of the perimeter walls of such existing #building#, and the replacement of any amount of #floor area#, shall be considered a #development# for the purposes of the following provisions. The provisions of this Section shall apply notwithstanding the provisions of Article V (Non-Conforming Uses and Non-Complying Buildings). However, these provisions shall not apply where the #building# to be replaced is a #single-# or #two-family residence# utilizing the provisions of Article V.

- Section [23-03](#) (Street Tree Planting in Residence Districts)
- Section [23-04](#) (Planting Strips in Residence Districts)
- Section [33-03](#) (Street Tree Planting in Commercial Districts)
- Section [37-35](#) (Parking Wrap and Screening Requirements)
- Section [37-40](#) (OFF-STREET RELOCATION OR RENOVATION OF A SUBWAY STAIR)
- Section [81-42](#) (Retail Continuity along Designated Streets)
- Section [81-46](#) (Off-Street Relocation or Renovation of a Subway Stair)
- Section [81-72](#) (Use Regulations Modified)
- Section [82-12](#) (Mandatory Off-Street Relocation of a Subway Stair)
- Section [82-23](#) (Street Wall Transparency)
- Section [91-12](#) (Uses on Designated Retail Streets)
- Section [91-41](#) (Regulations for Designated Retail Streets)
- Section [91-43](#) (Off-Street Relocation or Renovation of a Subway Stair)
- Section [93-14](#) (Ground Floor Level Requirements)

Section 93-65	(Transit Facilities)
Section 93-66	(Open Area Requirements in the Large-Scale Plan Subdistrict A)
Section 93-70	(PUBLIC ACCESS REQUIREMENTS FOR SPECIAL SITES)
Section 95-03	(Transit Easement)
Section 95-04	(Certification of Transit Easement Volume)
Section 95-08	(Special Use Regulations)
Section 97-12	(Arts and Entertainment Use Requirement)
Section 97-22	(Uses Not Permitted on the Ground Floor of Buildings)
Section 97-23	(Transparency Requirements)
Section 98-14	(Ground Floor Use and Transparency Requirements on Tenth Avenue)
Section 98-53	(Required Open Areas on the East Side of the High Line)
Section 98-54	(Transparency Requirements on the East Side of the High Line)
Section 98-60	(SPECIAL ACCESS REGULATIONS FOR CERTAIN ZONING LOTS)
Section 101-11	(Special Ground Floor Use Regulations)
Section 101-12	(Transparency Requirements)
Section 101-43	(Off-street Relocation or Renovation of a Subway Stair)
Section 108-30	(MODIFICATION OF STREET TREE REQUIREMENTS)
Section 109-132	(Treatment of the ground level wall)
Section 109-21	(Use Regulations)
Section 109-33	(Special Front Wall Regulations)
Section 115-14	(Transparency Requirement in C4-5X and C6 Districts)
Section 116-12	(Mandatory Ground Floor Use and Frontage Requirements)
Section 116-13	(Transparency Requirements)
Section 117-31	(Special Use Regulations)
Section 117-42	(Special Bulk and Use Regulations in the Court Square Subdistrict)
Section 117-44	(Mandatory Subway Improvements)
Section 117-45	(Developer's Notice)
Section 117-513	(Transparency requirement)

Section 117-553	(Mandatory sidewalk widening)
Section 118-40	(ENTRANCE AND STREET WALL TRANSPARENCY REQUIREMENTS)
Section 118-50	(OFF-STREET RELOCATION OF A SUBWAY STAIR WITHIN THE SPECIAL UNION SQUARE DISTRICT)
Section 119-112	(Tier I tree planting requirements)
Section 119-216	(Tier II tree planting requirements)
Section 122-50	(SPECIAL PROVISIONS FOR PLANTING STRIPS)
Section 124-30	(MANDATORY IMPROVEMENTS)
Section 124-40	(PUBLICLY ACCESSIBLE OPEN SPACE REQUIREMENTS)
Section 126-21	(Street Tree Planting)

11-24 - Equivalence of Use Group Classifications

LAST AMENDED

6/6/2024

#Uses# existing prior to June 6, 2024, within a Use Group that on June 6, 2024, were recategorized into another Use Group shall not be considered a change of #use# for the purposes of applying the provisions of this Resolution.

11-25 - District Designations Appended with Suffixes

LAST AMENDED

6/29/1994

All regulations applicable to a district designation shall be applicable to such district designation appended with a suffix, except as otherwise set forth in express provisions of this Resolution. If a section lists an R4 District, therefore, the provisions of that section shall also apply to R4-1, R4A and R4B Districts, unless separate provisions for the districts with suffixes are listed within such section. Wherever a section lists only a district with a suffix, the provisions applicable to such district are different from the provisions of that district without a suffix. If a section lists only a C4-6A District, therefore, the provisions of that section are not applicable to a C4-6 District.

11-27 - Regulations Concerning Effective Date of Amendment and Alteration Permits

LAST AMENDED

6/29/1989

11-271 - Alteration permits filed for residential occupancy prior to May 18, 1981, in certain M1-6 Districts

LAST AMENDED

6/29/1989

In M1-6 Districts located within the rectangle formed by West 35th Street, Fifth Avenue, West 40th Street and Sixth Avenue,

no #dwelling units# shall be permitted, except that:

- (a) #dwelling units# which the Chairperson of the City Planning Commission determines were occupied on May 18, 1981, shall be a permitted #use# provided that a complete application to permit such #use# is filed by the owner of the #building# or the occupant of the #dwelling unit# not later than June 21, 1983. For the purposes of Article 7C of the New York State Multiple Dwelling Law, such a determination of #residential# occupancy shall be deemed to permit #residential use# as-of-right for such #dwelling unit#; and
- (b) in any #building# for which an alteration application for conversion of #floor area# used for non-#residential use# to #dwelling units# or for an #extension# or minor #enlargement# of existing #residential use#, was filed prior to May 18, 1981, #dwelling units# shall be permitted, provided that such alterations shall comply with the regulations in effect on the date of such filing. The right to convert to #dwelling units# or #extend# or #enlarge# existing #residential use# pursuant to the provisions of this paragraph shall expire one year from July 23, 1981, unless a temporary or permanent certificate of occupancy has been issued.

11-272 - Alteration applications filed prior to effective date of amendment C821182 ZMM, rezoning the area between Canal Street, Baxter Street, White Street and Broadway

LAST AMENDED
6/29/1989

In the #Manufacturing District# located in the area between Canal Street, Baxter Street, Walker Street, Centre Street, White Street and Broadway, #residential use# shall not be permitted. However:

- (a) all #dwelling units# for which an alteration application to permit such #use# was filed with the Department of Buildings prior to December 16, 1982, and a temporary or permanent certificate of occupancy is obtained not later than December 16, 1984, shall be a permitted #use#; and
- (b) #dwelling units# which the Chairperson of the City Planning Commission determines were occupied on August 31, 1982, shall be a permitted #use# provided that a complete application to permit such #use# is filed by the owner of the #building# or the occupant of a #dwelling unit# in such #building# not later than August 31, 1983. For the purposes of Article 7C of the New York State Multiple Dwelling Law, such a determination of #residential# occupancy shall be deemed to permit #residential use# as-of-right for such #dwelling unit#.

11-28 - Regulations Concerning Effective Date of Permits Issued Pursuant to BSA Variances

LAST AMENDED
6/29/1989

11-281 - Permits issued pursuant to variances granted prior to the effective date of amendment C880800 ZMM, removing the Special Yorkville-East 86th Street District

LAST AMENDED
6/29/1989

If, within the area affected by #zoning map# amendment C880800 ZMM, a variance to modify #bulk# regulations was granted prior to June 30, 1989, and a permit was issued in accordance with the terms of said variance within two years of the grant of said variance, construction pursuant to said permit may be continued.

11-30 - BUILDING PERMITS ISSUED BEFORE EFFECTIVE DATE OF AMENDMENT

LAST AMENDED
12/5/1991

11-31 - General Provisions

LAST AMENDED
12/5/2024

For the purposes of Section [11-33](#), relating to Building Permits Issued before Effective Date of Amendment to this Resolution, the following terms and general provisions shall apply:

- (a) A lawfully issued building permit shall be a building permit which is based on an approved application showing complete plans and specifications, authorizes the entire construction and not merely a part thereof, and is issued prior to any applicable amendment to this Resolution. In case of dispute as to whether an application includes "complete plans and specifications" as required in this Section, the Commissioner of Buildings shall determine whether such requirement has been met.
- (b) The rights set forth in these Sections shall be retained only if all modifications, made in such plans after the effective date of any applicable amendment to this Resolution, do not create a new #non-compliance# or #non-conformity# or increase the degree of #non-compliance# or #non-conformity# with the provisions of this Resolution, as amended.
- (c) As used in Section [11-33](#) (Building Permits for Minor or Major Development or Other Construction Issued before Effective Date of Amendment):
 - (1) "minor development" shall include:
 - (i) construction of any single #building# which will be #non-conforming# or #non-complying# under the provisions of any applicable amendment to this Resolution; or
 - (ii) construction of two or more #buildings# on a single #zoning lot# which under the provisions of any applicable amendment to this Resolution will be #non-conforming#; or
 - (iii) construction of two or more #buildings# on contiguous #zoning lots# or #zoning lots# which would be contiguous except for their separation by a #street# or #street# intersection; and
 - (a) have been planned as a unit evidenced by a site plan for all such #zoning lots# filed with, and approved by, the Department of Buildings prior to the effective date of the applicable amendment; and
 - (b) will be #non-conforming# under the provisions of any applicable amendment to this Resolution; or
 - (iv) a major #enlargement#, which is an #enlargement# requiring the installation of foundations and involving at least 50 percent of the total #floor area# of such #enlarged building#, and which #enlargement# will be #non-conforming# or #non-complying# under the provisions of any applicable amendment to this Resolution. For the purposes of Section [11-33](#) (Building Permits for Minor or Major Development or Other Construction Issued before Effective Date of Amendment) only, a major #enlargement# shall also include any other #enlargement# adding at least 50,000 square feet to the #floor area# of an existing #building#, which #enlargement# will be #non-conforming# or #non-

complying# under the provisions of any applicable amendment to this Resolution.

(2) "major development" shall include:

- (i) construction of two or more #buildings# on a single #zoning lot# which will be #non-complying# under the provisions of any applicable amendment to this Resolution; or
- (ii) construction of two or more #buildings# on contiguous #zoning lots# or #zoning lots# which would be contiguous except for their separation by a #street# or #street# intersection; and
 - (a) have been planned as a unit evidenced by a site plan for all such #zoning lots# filed with, and approved by, the Department of Buildings prior to the effective date of the applicable amendment; and
 - (b) will be #non-complying# under the provisions of any applicable amendment to this Resolution.

(3) "Other construction" shall include:

- (i) any #enlargement# other than a major #enlargement#; or
- (ii) any #extension#, #conversion# or structural alteration; or
- (iii) construction of any structure other than a #building#;

which will be #non-conforming# or #non-complying# under the provisions of any applicable amendment to this Resolution.

11-33 - Building Permits for Minor or Major Development or Other Construction Issued Before Effective Date of Amendment

LAST AMENDED
12/5/1991

The provisions of this Section shall apply to minor developments, major developments or other construction authorized by building permits lawfully issued before the effective date of an applicable amendment of this Resolution except as specifically provided elsewhere in this Resolution.

11-331 - Right to construct if foundations completed

LAST AMENDED
2/2/2011

If, before the effective date of an applicable amendment of this Resolution, a building permit has been lawfully issued, as set forth in paragraph (a) of Section [11-31](#), to a person with a possessory interest in a #zoning lot#, authorizing a minor development or a major development, such construction, if lawful in other respects, may be continued provided that:

- (a) in the case of a minor development, all work on foundations had been completed prior to such effective date; or
- (b) in the case of a major development, the foundations for at least one #building# had been completed prior to such effective date.

In the event that such required foundations have been commenced but not completed before such effective date, the building permit shall automatically lapse on the effective date and the right to continue construction shall terminate. An application to renew the building permit may be made to the Board of Standards and Appeals not more than 30 days after the lapse of such building permit. The Board may renew the building permit and authorize an extension of time limited to one term of not more than six months to permit the completion of the required foundations, provided that the Board finds that, on the date the building permit lapsed, excavation had been completed and substantial progress made on foundations.

11-332 - Extension of period to complete construction

LAST AMENDED
6/29/1994

- (a) In the event that the construction permitted in Section [11-331](#) (Right to construct if foundations completed) has not been completed and a certificate of occupancy including a temporary certificate of occupancy, issued therefor within two years after the effective date of any applicable amendment, or for other construction if construction has not been completed on the effective date of any applicable amendment, the building permit shall automatically lapse and the right to continue construction shall terminate. An application to renew the building permit may be made to the Board of Standards and Appeals not more than 30 days after the lapse of such building permit. The Board may renew such building permit for two terms of not more than two years each for a minor development or three terms of not more than two years each for a major development or one term of not more than three months for other construction. In granting such an extension, the Board shall find that substantial construction has been completed and substantial expenditures made, subsequent to the granting of the permit, for work required by any applicable law for the use or development of the property pursuant to the permit.
- (b) However, in the event that construction has not been completed at the expiration of the extended terms specified in paragraph (a) of this Section, or in Sections [11-333](#) (Residential developments with building permits issued on or before June 30, 1989) or [11-334](#) (Building permits issued prior to June 29, 1994), such building permit may be renewed by the Board for terms of one year each upon the following findings:
- (1) that the applicant has been prevented from completing such construction by hardship or circumstances beyond the applicant's control;
 - (2) that the applicant has not recovered all or substantially all of the financial expenditures incurred in construction, nor is the applicant able to recover substantially all of the financial expenditures incurred through development that conforms and complies with any applicable amendment to this Resolution; and
 - (3) that there are no considerations of public safety, health and welfare that have become apparent since the issuance of the permit that indicate an overriding benefit to the public in enforcement of the applicable amendment to this Resolution.
- (c) The rights or obligations that accrue or are created by this Section shall commence on December 5, 1991.
- (d) If judicial proceedings affecting the validity of the building permit have been instituted, the rights or obligations that accrue or are created by this Section shall commence upon the date of entry of the final order in such proceedings, including all appeals.

11-333 - Special allowances for building permits issued prior to certain dates

†

LAST AMENDED

(a) Residential developments with building permits issued on or before June 30, 1989

If on or before June 30, 1989, the foundations of a #residential# major or minor development have been completed and permits issued pursuant to the requirements of Section [11-331](#) (Right to construct if foundations completed), and a certificate of occupancy has not been issued by June 30, 1991, construction may continue until June 30, 1995, for a minor development, or until June 30, 1997, for a major development, provided the Commissioner of Buildings determines that 30 percent of the #floor area# of the major or minor development was roofed and enclosed by walls by June 30, 1991. Applications to continue construction under this Section must be filed with the Commissioner of Buildings within 90 days of December 5, 1991. If the Commissioner of Buildings has granted the right to continue construction of a major or minor development pursuant to this Section, the Board of Standards and Appeals may not grant the right to continue construction pursuant to paragraph (a) of Section [11-332](#).

(b) Building permits issued prior to June 29, 1994

If, before June 29, 1994, a building permit has been lawfully issued, as set forth in paragraph (a) of Section [11-31](#), to a person with a possessory interest in a #zoning lot# authorizing construction, such construction may be started or continued for a period of one year pursuant to the regulations governing R6A, R6B, R7A, R7B, R7X, R8A, R8B, R8X, R9A, R9X or R10A Districts or #Commercial Districts# with such #Residence District# #bulk# regulations, or in any other district in which such construction complies with the Quality Housing Program, prior to the adoption of N940257 ZRY - Quality Housing Follow-Up Text Amendments.

(c) Building permits for other construction in R1-2A and R2A Districts

In R1-2A Districts established on or after April 22, 2009, and R2A Districts established on or after December 20, 2006, if a building permit for other construction has been lawfully issued prior to the dates establishing such districts, such construction may be continued, notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a) of Section [11-332](#) (Extension of period to complete construction), provided that the Department of Buildings determines that all of the requisite structural framing to perform the work authorized under the permit was completed on or before the date establishing the district. If the Commissioner of Buildings determines that such framing was not complete on such date, the provisions of paragraph (a) of Section [11-332](#) shall apply.

(d) Building permits issued before April 30, 2008

In all districts other than R1, R2, R3, R4 or R5 Districts, if, before April 30, 2008, a building permit has been lawfully issued authorizing construction on a #zoning lot#, the provisions of N080078 ZRY, pertaining to #yards# and N080081 ZRY, pertaining to #street# trees, shall not apply, provided that foundations have been completed in accordance with paragraphs (a) and (b) of Section [11-331](#) (Right to construct if foundations completed), as applicable, before April 30, 2009. The provisions of Section [11-332](#) (Extension of period to complete construction) shall not apply.

(e) Building permits issued and applications filed before April 22, 2009

If, before April 22, 2009, a building permit has been lawfully issued authorizing construction on a #zoning lot#, the provisions of N090191 ZRY, pertaining to bicycle parking, shall not apply. If, on or before November 17, 2008, an application for a special permit or variance is pending before the Board of Standards and Appeals or an authorization or special permit from the City Planning Commission has been certified or referred to authorize construction on a #zoning lot#, the provisions of N090191 ZRY, pertaining to bicycle parking, shall not apply. For hospitals, if, before April 22,

2009, an application for a special permit or variance is pending before the Board of Standards and Appeals or an authorization or special permit from the City Planning Commission has been filed to authorize construction on a #zoning lot#, the provisions of N090191 ZRY, pertaining to bicycle parking, shall not apply.

(f) Building permits issued before February 2, 2011

If a building permit has been lawfully issued on or before February 2, 2011, authorizing “other construction” as set forth in paragraph (c)(3) of Section [11-31](#) (General Provisions), construction pursuant to such permit may continue pursuant to the regulations governing such construction prior to the adoption of N110090(A) ZRY (Key Terms Clarification zoning text amendment) until February 2, 2012. However, this Section shall not apply to “other construction” subject to Sections [23-692](#) (Height limitations for narrow buildings or enlargements) or [109-124](#) (Height and setback regulations).

(g) Building permits issued before December 6, 2024

The provisions of this Section shall apply to #developments# or #enlargements# seeking building permits for #buildings# in which floor space is exempted pursuant to paragraph (12)(ii) of the definition of #floor area# as was set forth in Section [12-10](#) (DEFINITIONS) before December 6, 2023.

If, on or before December 6, 2023, an application for a #development#, #enlargement# or #conversion# has been filed with the Department of Buildings, and if, on or before December 6, 2024, the Department of Buildings has approved an application for a foundation, a new building or an alteration based on a complete zoning analysis showing zoning compliance for such #development#, #enlargement#, or #conversion#, such application may be continued, and construction may be started or continued.

#Buildings# receiving building permits pursuant to this Section shall not be considered #ultra low energy buildings#.

(h) Building permits issued before June 6, 2025

If, on or before June 6, 2024, an application for a #development#, #enlargement# or change of #use# has been filed with the Department of Buildings that would not conform with the applicable provisions of N 240010 ZRY pertaining to #ground floor level# streetscape regulations, and if, on or before June 6, 2025, the Department of Buildings has approved an application for a foundation, a new #building# or an alteration based on a complete zoning analysis showing zoning compliance for such #development#, #enlargement# or change of #use#, with the applicable rules existing prior to June 6, 2024, such application may be continued, and construction may be started or continued.

(i) Building permits applications approved before December 5, 2025

If, on or before December 5, 2024, an application for a #development#, #enlargement# or change of #use# has been filed with the Department of Buildings to authorize construction with the applicable rules of this Resolution existing prior to the adoption of the provisions of N 240290 ZRY on December 5, 2024, and if, on or before December 5, 2025, the Department of Buildings has approved an application for a foundation, a new #building# or an alteration based on a complete zoning analysis showing zoning compliance for such #development#, enlargement# or change of #use#, such application may be continued, and construction may be started or continued.

Any such application may be amended one or more times prior to December 5, 2025, to modify the #development#, #enlargement# or change of #use# or to modify the configuration of the #zoning lot# on which such #development#, #enlargement# or change of #use# is located, and retain vested status, provided the complete zoning analysis associated with such amended application is approved prior to December 5, 2025.

11-334 - Building permits issued in the flood zone

LAST AMENDED

12/6/2023

The provisions of this Section shall apply within #flood zones#. The provisions of this Section are subject to all provisions of Title 28 of the Administrative Code of the City of New York and Appendix G of the New York City Building Code, or its successors, including those pertaining to expiration, reinstatement, revocation and suspension. Changes in #flood maps# shall be considered an amendment of the Zoning Resolution for the purposes of applying the provisions of Section [11-30](#) (BUILDING PERMITS ISSUED BEFORE EFFECTIVE DATE OF AMENDMENT).

- (a) Construction approved pursuant to previous versions of #flood maps#

If, within one year prior to a change in the #flood maps# affecting a property, the Department of Buildings issued a building permit for construction on that property pursuant to the previous #flood maps#, the provisions of Article VI, Chapter 4 (Special Regulations Applying in Flood Hazard Areas) shall be deemed modified so as to substitute the previous #flood maps# for the current #flood maps# and such construction may continue pursuant to such prior #flood maps# until two years after the date of adoption of the new #flood maps#. After this date, the vesting provisions of Section [11-30](#) shall apply.

- (b) Provisions applying when Appendix A (Special Regulations for Neighborhood Recovery) of Article VI, Chapter 4 expires

This provision shall become effective only upon the expiration of Appendix A of Article VI, Chapter 4, adopted on July 23, 2015. If a building permit authorizing construction pursuant to Appendix A has been approved on or before the expiration of such Appendix, construction may continue up to two years after the expiration. After such date, the provisions of Section [11-30](#) shall apply.

11-34 - Additional Provisions for Extension of Period to Complete Construction

LAST AMENDED

5/29/2019

11-341 - Building applications filed before July 8, 2017

LAST AMENDED

5/29/2019

If, before July 8, 2017, an application has been filed with the Department of Buildings for a #development# on a #corner lot# with a #lot area# of less than 5,000 square feet, located in a C5-2 District in Community District 5 of the Borough of Manhattan, the provisions established in N 190230 ZRY pertaining to calculating #floor area# in a tower containing #residences# shall not apply in the portion of such #building# below a height of 130 feet above the #base plane#, provided that the aggregate height of any floor space on #stories# occupied predominantly by mechanical equipment provided pursuant to paragraph (8) of the definition of #floor area# in Section [12-10](#) (DEFINITIONS), and any floor space that is or becomes unused or inaccessible within a #building#, pursuant to paragraph (k) of the definition of #floor area# in Section [12-10](#), does not exceed 80 feet.

11-40 - EXCEPTIONS, VARIANCES, AUTHORIZATIONS OR PERMITS

LAST AMENDED
7/18/1995

11-41 - Exceptions, Variances or Permits Previously Authorized Pursuant to the 1916 Zoning Resolution

LAST AMENDED
7/18/1995

Whenever under the provisions of the 1916 Zoning Resolution as amended, either the Board of Standards and Appeals or the City Planning Commission with the approval of the Board of Estimate or the City Council, has authorized any #use# to locate in a district in which it is not permitted as-of-right by issuing a variance, exception or permit, such existing #use# established pursuant to such grant may be continued, changed, #extended#, #enlarged# or structurally altered only as provided in this Section or in Article VII, Chapter 3 or 4, provided that the #lot area# of the #zoning lot# occupied by such #use# is not increased.

11-411 - Renewals

LAST AMENDED
12/15/1961

Where no limitation as to duration of the #use# was imposed at the time of authorization, such #use# may be continued. Where such #use# was authorized subject to a term of years, such #use# may be continued until the expiration of the term, and thereafter, the agency which originally authorized such #use# may, in appropriate cases, extend the period of continuance for one or more terms of not more than 10 years each. The agency may prescribe appropriate conditions and safeguards to minimize adverse effects of such #use# on the character of the neighborhood.

11-412 - Alterations, extensions or enlargements

LAST AMENDED
12/5/1991

Repairs or #incidental alterations# may be made and in appropriate cases the authorizing agency may permit structural alterations, #extensions# or #enlargements# limited to the #zoning lot# that was granted a variance, exception or permit prior to December 15, 1961. However, the #use# of any #building or other structure# shall not be #extended#, and the #building or other structure# shall not be #enlarged#, in excess of 50 percent of the #floor area# of such #building# (or size of such structure) occupied or utilized by the #use# on December 15, 1961, and, except as otherwise provided in Article VII, no structural alterations, #extensions# or #enlargements# shall be authorized for a new #non-conforming use# authorized under the provisions of Section [11-413](#) (Change of use).

11-413 - Change of use

LAST AMENDED
10/25/1967

Such #use# may be changed to a conforming #use# and in appropriate cases the authorizing agency may permit such #use# to be changed to another #non-conforming use# which would be permitted under the provisions applicable to #non-conforming uses# as set forth in Sections [52-31](#) to [52-36](#), inclusive, relating to Change of Non-Conforming Use, provided that the authorizing agency finds that such change of #use# will not impair the essential character or the future use or development of the surrounding area.

In permitting a change to another #non-conforming use#, such authorizing agency may impose appropriate conditions and safeguards to minimize any adverse effects upon the character of the surrounding area.

For the purposes of this Section, a change of #use# is a change to another #use# listed in the same or any other Use Group. A change in ownership or occupancy shall not, by itself, constitute a change of #use#.

11-42 - Lapse of Authorization or Special Permit Granted by the City Planning Commission Pursuant to the 1961 Zoning Resolution

LAST AMENDED

12/5/2024

- (a) Except as otherwise provided in paragraphs (b), (c) or (d) of this Section, any authorization or special permit granted by the City Planning Commission under the provisions of the 1961 Zoning Resolution shall automatically lapse if substantial construction, in accordance with the plans for which such special permit or authorization was granted, has not been completed within four years from the effective date of such permit or authorization. Substantial construction shall mean, in the case of a new #building# or #buildings#, the substantial construction of at least one #building#.
- (b) Any authorization or special permit for a site that is part of an urban renewal area or other government-sponsored or government-assisted project shall automatically lapse within four years from the date of the applicant's possession of the site, or sites, or the effective date of an authorization or special permit, whichever is later; or
- (c) Upon a showing that a longer time period for substantial construction is required for a phased construction program of a multi-#building# complex, the Commission may, at the time of granting an authorization or special permit, extend the period set forth in paragraph (a) of this Section to a period not to exceed 10 years; or
- (d) In the event judicial proceedings have been instituted to review the decision to grant any authorization or special permit, the lapse period set forth in paragraph (a), (b) or (c) of this Section, whichever is applicable, shall commence upon the date of entry of the final order in such proceedings, including appeals.

11-43 - Renewal of Authorization or Special Permit

LAST AMENDED

7/18/1995

Any authorization or special permit granted by the City Planning Commission, except one granted with a 10 year lapse period, that would automatically lapse as set forth in Section [11-42](#) (Lapse of Authorization or Special Permit Granted by the City Planning Commission Pursuant to the 1961 Zoning Resolution) may be renewed without public hearing, for two additional three-year terms, provided that the Commission finds that the facts upon which the authorization or special permit was granted have not substantially changed. However, all special permits or authorizations granted by the Commission shall lapse after a total of 10 years from the date of their original granting if substantial construction has not taken place at such time. An application for a renewal of authorization or special permit shall be filed with the Commission before it lapses.

11-44 - Special Permits Granted Prior to August 12, 2004

LAST AMENDED

8/12/2004

Within the area bounded by West 22nd Street, a line 100 feet west of Fifth Avenue, a line midway between West 16th Street and West 17th Street, and a line 100 feet east of Sixth Avenue, any special permit granted by the City Planning Commission may be

started or continued, in accordance with the terms thereof, or as such terms may be subsequently modified, pursuant to the #bulk# regulations in effect at the time such special permit was granted, subject to the provisions of Sections [11-42](#) (Lapse of Authorization or Special Permit Granted by the City Planning Commission Pursuant to the 1961 Zoning Resolution) and [11-43](#) (Renewal of Authorization or Special Permit).

11-45 - Authorizations or Permits in Lower Density Growth Management Areas

LAST AMENDED

8/15/2024

The provisions of this Section shall apply within #lower density growth management areas#.

- (a) Notwithstanding the provisions of N 040414 ZRY, pertaining to #lower density growth management areas#, and subject to the provisions of Section [11-30](#) (BUILDING PERMITS ISSUED BEFORE EFFECTIVE DATE OF AMENDMENT) with respect to amendments of this Resolution other than N040414ZRY, Section [11-42](#) (Lapse of Authorization or Special Permit Granted by the City Planning Commission Pursuant to the 1961 Zoning Resolution) and Section [11-43](#) (Renewal of Authorization or Special Permit), the following provisions shall apply with respect to special permits and authorizations granted by the City Planning Commission or for which certification or referral for public review has been made prior to August 12, 2004:
- (1) Any #development# or #enlargement#, including minor modifications thereto, granted a special permit or authorization by the Commission and, where applicable, the City Council, prior to August 12, 2004, may be #developed# or #enlarged# pursuant to the terms of such permit or authorization and, to the extent not modified under the terms of such permit or authorization, in accordance with the regulations in effect at the time such permit or authorization was granted.
 - (2) Any application for a special permit certified by the Department of City Planning or application for an authorization referred by the Department of City Planning for public review prior to May 24, 2004, may be continued pursuant to the regulations in effect at the time of certification or referral and, if granted by the Commission and, where applicable, the City Council, may be #developed# or #enlarged# pursuant to the terms of such permit or authorization, including minor modifications thereto and, to the extent not modified under the terms of such permit or authorization, in accordance with the regulations in effect at the time such application was certified or referred for public review.
- (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of N 040414 ZRY, the following provisions shall apply to certain #developments# within the #Special South Richmond Development District#:
- (1) #Developments#, including minor modifications thereto, within the #Special South Richmond Development District# that contain #designated open space# and a portion of the #waterfront esplanade#, where such #development# is conditioned upon a restrictive declaration that includes a site plan for such #development#, including provisions for public access to such #designated open space# and #waterfront esplanade#, may be #developed# in accordance with the regulations in effect prior to August 12, 2004.
 - (2) #Developments# within the #Special South Richmond Development District# accessed, in part, by #private roads# and consisting, in part, of construction within #streets# that are unimproved, and for which a conservation easement has been granted to the City, and for which the Board of Standards and Appeals has granted a permit pursuant to Section 35 of the General City Law, or its successor, and an application for an authorization for such #development# has been filed pursuant to paragraph (a) of Section [26-27](#) (Waiver of Bulk Regulations Within Unimproved Streets) prior to May 1, 2004, may be #developed# in accordance with the regulations in effect prior to August 12, 2004.

11-46 - Special Vesting Provisions

LAST AMENDED

6/6/2024

If, before June 6, 2024, an application for a special permit #use# has been certified by the City Planning Commission or has been filed with the Board of Standards and Appeals, such application may continue pursuant to the regulations in effect at the time such special permit was certified by the Commission or filed with the Board. Such special permits, if granted by the Commission or Board, may be started or continued, in accordance with the terms thereof, or as such terms may be subsequently modified, pursuant to the regulations in effect at the time such special permits were certified by the Commission or filed with the Board.

11-47 - Applications for Certain Approvals Filed Prior to December 5, 2024

LAST AMENDED

12/5/2024

If, on or before December 5, 2024, an application for a certification has been filed with the Department of City Planning, an application for an authorization or special permit has been certified or referred by the City Planning Commission or an application for a project has been filed with the Board of Standards and Appeals, such application may continue pursuant to the rules in effect at the time such certification was filed with the Department, such authorization or special permit was certified or referred by the Commission or such project was filed with the Board. Such applications, if granted by the Chairperson, Commission or Board, as applicable, may be started or continued, in accordance with the terms thereof, or as such terms may be subsequently modified, pursuant to the regulations in effect at the time such certification was filed with the Department, such authorizations or special permits were certified or referred by the Commission or such project was filed with the Board.

Any certification granted by the Chairperson, authorization or special permit granted by the Commission, or application granted by the Board prior to December 5, 2024 may be started or continued, in accordance with the terms thereof, or as such terms may be subsequently modified, pursuant to the regulations in effect at the time such authorization or special permit was granted.

11-50 - SEPARABILITY

LAST AMENDED

11/16/1978

It is hereby declared to be the legislative intent that:

- (a) if a court of competent jurisdiction finds any provisions of this Resolution to be invalid or ineffective in whole or in part, the effect of such decision shall be limited to those provisions which are expressly stated in the decision to be invalid or ineffective, and all other provisions of this Resolution shall continue to be separately and fully effective.
- (b) if a court of competent jurisdiction finds the application of any provision or provisions of this Resolution to any #zoning lot#, #building or other structure#, or tract of land to be invalid or ineffective in whole or in part, the effect of such decision shall be limited to the person, property or situation immediately involved in the controversy, and the application of any such provision to other persons, property or situations shall not be affected.

11-60 - VIOLATIONS

LAST AMENDED

9/14/1989

11-61 - General Provisions

LAST AMENDED

9/14/1989

The owner, general agent, lessee or tenant of any #building or other structure# or tract of land in which a violation of this Resolution has been committed or shall exist; or the general agent, architect, builder or contractor; or any other person who commits, takes part or assists in any such violation or who maintains any #building or other structure# or tract of land in which any such violation shall exist, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

Any such person, having been served with an order to remove any such violation, who shall fail to comply with such order within 10 days after such service or who shall continue to violate any provision of this Resolution in the respect named in such order shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

In addition to the foregoing remedies, the City may maintain an action for an injunction to restrain any violation of this Resolution.

11-62 - Failure to Comply with Special Permits, Variances, Authorizations or Certifications

LAST AMENDED

9/14/1989

Failure to comply with any conditions or restrictions in special permits, variances, authorizations or certifications granted under this Resolution shall constitute a violation of this Resolution and may constitute the basis for denial or revocation of a building permit or certificate of occupancy, or for revocation of such special permit, variance, authorization or certification, and for all other applicable remedies.

In any application for modification, renewal or extension of a previously granted special permit, authorization or certification, or for modification or renewal of a previously granted variance, the applicant shall verify whether it has complied with each of the conditions and safeguards theretofore prescribed by the City Planning Commission, the Board of Estimate or the Board of Standards and Appeals, or their successors, as applicable. In the event that the applicant has not complied with such conditions and safeguards, such #non-compliance# may constitute grounds for the City Planning Commission, the Board of Estimate or the Board of Standards and Appeals, or their successors, as applicable, to disapprove the application for modification, renewal or extension.

11-70 - EFFECTIVE DATE

LAST AMENDED

12/15/1961

This Resolution shall take effect one year after the date of its approval by the Board of Estimate.

After the date of approval by the Board of Estimate, applications for permits to build in accordance with the provisions of this Resolution may be filed with and approved by the Department of Buildings, provided that no building permit shall be lawfully issued under this Resolution until such effective date or thereafter.



Zoning Resolution

THE CITY OF NEW YORK

Eric Adams, Mayor

CITY PLANNING COMMISSION

Daniel R. Garodnick, Chair

Chapter 2 - Construction of Language and Definitions

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Chapter 2 - Construction of Language and Definitions

12-00 - RULES FOR CONSTRUCTION OF LANGUAGE

LAST AMENDED
12/15/1961

12-01 - Rules Applying to Text of Resolution

LAST AMENDED
2/2/2011

The following rules of construction apply to the text of this Resolution:

- (a) The particular shall control the general.
- (b) In case of any difference of meaning or implication between the text of this Resolution and any caption, illustration, summary table or illustrative table, the text shall control.
- (c) The word "shall" is always mandatory and not discretionary. The word "may" is permissive.
- (d) Words used in the present tense shall include the future; and words used in the singular number shall include the plural, and the plural the singular, unless the context clearly indicates the contrary.
- (e) A "building" or "structure" includes any part thereof. The terms #residential building#, #commercial building# and #community facility building# shall refer to an entire #building# used exclusively for such #use#.
- (f) The phrase "used for" includes "arranged for", "designed for", "intended for", "maintained for", "or occupied for".
- (g) The word "person" includes an individual, a corporation, a partnership, an incorporated association or any other similar entity.
- (h) Unless the context clearly indicates the contrary, where a regulation involves two or more items, conditions, provisions, or events connected by the conjunction "and", "or" or "either...or", the conjunction shall be interpreted as follows:
 - (1) "and" indicates that all the connected items, conditions, provisions or events shall apply;
 - (2) "or" indicates that the connected items, conditions, provisions or events may apply singly or in any combination; and
 - (3) "either...or" indicates that the connected items, conditions, provisions or events shall apply singly but not in combination.
- (i) The word "includes" shall not limit a term to the specified examples, but is intended to extend its meaning to all other instances or circumstances of like kind or character.
- (j) References within a Section or cross-references to a Section numbered with four digits shall include all following Sections with numbers whose first four digits are identical with such Section number but references or cross-references to a Section numbered with five digits shall refer only to such specific five-digit Section. For Sections starting with [101-00](#), references within a Section or cross-references to a Section numbered with five digits shall include all following Sections with numbers whose first five digits are identical with such Section number but references or cross-references to a Section numbered with six digits shall refer only to such specific six-digit Section.

12-02 - Rules for Interpretation of District Designations

LAST AMENDED
2/2/2011

District designations, where applicable, are listed within a ruled bar below the number and title of each section.

When one or more district designations are listed in a section, the specific text of the paragraphs that follow applies to such district or districts.

When a section includes a table and one or more district designations are listed opposite a specific item or number in such table, the item or number applies specifically to that district or districts only.

When no district designations are listed for a specific section, the provisions of such section shall be construed to apply to all districts under consideration in the Article in which the section appears or, if specified, only to those districts referred to directly within the section itself. For this purpose, Article II applies to all Residence Districts, Article III applies to all Commercial Districts, and Article IV applies to all Manufacturing Districts. All other articles apply to all districts, unless otherwise provided.

12-10 - DEFINITIONS

LAST AMENDED
12/5/2024

Words in the text or tables of this Resolution which are italicized shall be interpreted in accordance with the provisions set forth in this Section.

above-grade mass transit station

Applicable to Article VI - Chapter 6
Last Amended 10/7/2021

FROM [66-11](#): For the purposes of this Chapter, an “above-grade mass transit station” shall refer to a *mass transit station* with a platform that is located entirely above five feet from *curb level*.

abut, or abutting

General Definition
Last Amended 2/2/2011

“Abut” is to be in contact with or join at the edge or border. “Abutting” #buildings# are #buildings# that are in contact with one another on the same or another #zoning lot#, except as subject to separations required for seismic load as set forth in the New York City Building Code. A #building# may also #abut# a #lot line#. In addition, for #buildings# existing prior to February 2, 2011, such existing #building#

shall be considered #abutting# if it is within six inches of a #lot line# or another #building#.

access zone

Applicable to Article I - Chapter 3

FROM [13-02](#): For the purposes of this Chapter, an “access zone” shall refer to the portion of an #accessory# off-street parking facility, #public parking garage# or an automobile rental establishment, occupied by:

- (a) vehicular ramps between parking levels, or between a parking level and a vehicular entrance or exit, provided that such ramps are not used as parking spaces or associated maneuvering space;
- (b) vehicular elevators;
- (c) required reservoir spaces;
- (d) portions of required accessible pedestrian egress routes, including any associated ramps or elevators; or
- (e) bicycle parking spaces.

accessory use, or accessory

General Definition

Last Amended 12/5/2024

An “accessory use”:

- (a) is a #use# conducted on the same #zoning lot# as the principal #use# to which it is related (whether located within the same or an #accessory building or other structure#, or as an #accessory use# of land), except that, where specifically provided in the applicable district regulations or elsewhere in this Resolution, #accessory# docks, off-street parking or off-street loading need not be located on the same #zoning lot#; and
- (b) is a #use# which is clearly incidental to, and customarily found in connection with, such principal #use#; and
- (c) is either in the same ownership as such principal #use#, or is operated and maintained substantially for the benefit or convenience of the owners, occupants, employees, customers, or visitors of such principal #use#.

When “accessory” is used in the text, it shall have the same meaning as #accessory use#.

An #accessory use# includes, but is not limited to:

- (1) Living or sleeping accommodations for servants in connection with a #use# listed in Use Group II;
 - (2) Living or sleeping accommodations for caretakers in connection with any #use# listed in other Use Groups, provided that:
 - (i) no #building# contains more than one living or sleeping accommodation for caretakers;
 - (ii) no such living or sleeping accommodation shall exceed 1,200 square feet of #floor area#;
 - (iii) the owner shall sign a Restrictive Declaration that any such caretaker will provide maintenance and/or repair services, and containing a list of services to be performed by such caretaker. Such Restrictive Declaration shall be recorded in the Office of the City Register, or, where applicable, the County Clerk’s Office, of the county where the #building# is located. A copy of such declaration shall be provided to the Department of Buildings;
 - (iv) in C6-2M, C6-4M, M1-5M, M1-6M and M1-5B Districts, no living or sleeping accommodation for caretakers is permitted in any #building# which contains a #residential use# or a #joint living-work quarters for artists#; and
 - (v) such living or sleeping accommodation shall not be considered a #residential use# or cause a #building# to be considered a #mixed building#.
 - (3) Living or sleeping accommodations in connection with #commercial# or #manufacturing uses#, including living or sleeping accommodations in connection with a studio listed in Use Group VIII, provided that:
 - (i) no #building# contains more than two kitchens; and
 - (ii) no such living or sleeping accommodations are located in a C7, C8 or #Manufacturing District#.
 - (4) Keeping of domestic animals, but not for sale or hire. A #commercial# stable or kennel is not an #accessory use#.
 - (5) Swimming pools not located within a #building# listed in Use Group II, provided that:
 - (i) the #use# of such pools shall be restricted to occupants of the principal #use# and guests for whom no admission or membership fees are charged;
 - (ii) if #accessory# to a #use# listed in Use Group II, the edge of the pool shall be located not less than five feet from any #lot line#, except that such minimum distance between the edge of the pool and any #side lot line# may be not less than three feet in the case of lots less than 25 feet in width, providing that it is screened from adjoining lots by a six foot high continuous solid opaque fence along the #side lot line# adjacent to such pool. In the event that such pool is located between 50 and five feet from any #rear lot line# or #side lot line#, it shall be screened by a continuous fence supplemented with a strip of densely planted trees or shrubs at least four feet high at the time of planting along such #rear lot line# to such pool; and
 - (iii) illumination of such pools shall be limited to underwater lighting.
- Swimming pool clubs are not #accessory uses#.
- (6) Domestic or agricultural storage in a barn, shed, tool room, or similar #building or other structure#.
 - (7) #Home occupations#.

- (8) A newsstand primarily for the convenience of the occupants of a #building#, which is located wholly within such #building# and has no exterior #signs# or displays.
- (9) Incinerators.
- (10) In connection with #commercial# or #manufacturing uses#, the storage of goods normally carried in stock, used in, or produced by such #uses#, unless the storage is expressly prohibited under the applicable district regulation. The #floor area# used for such #accessory# storage shall be included in the maximum #floor area# permitted for specified #uses# set forth in the Use Groups.
- (11) Incidental repairs, unless expressly prohibited under the applicable district regulations. The #floor area# used for such #accessory# repairs shall be included in the maximum #floor area# permitted for specified #uses# set forth in the Use Groups.
- (12) The removal for sale of sod, loam, clay, sand, gravel or stone in connection with the construction of a #building or other structure# on the same #zoning lot#, or in connection with the regrading of a #zoning lot#, but in the latter case, not below the legal #street# grade.
- (13) #Accessory# off-street parking spaces.
- (14) #Accessory# off-street loading berths.
- (15) #Accessory signs#.
- (16) #Accessory# radio or television towers.
- (17) #Accessory# activities when conducted underground as part of the operation of railroad passenger terminals, such as switching, storage, maintenance or servicing of trains.
- (18) #Accessory# sewage disposal plants, except such plants serving more than 50 #dwelling units#.
- (19) An ambulance outpost operated by or under contract with a government agency or a public benefit corporation and located either on the same #zoning lot# as, or on a #zoning lot# adjacent to, a #zoning lot# occupied by a fire or police station.
- (20) Composting, without prohibition on the sale of compost to customers, or on the acceptance of organic material produced on another zoning lot.
- (21) #Accessory# mechanical equipment, including equipment serving the following #building# systems:
 - (i) mechanical, electrical, or plumbing systems;
 - (ii) fire protection systems;
 - (iii) power systems, including, energy generation systems such as solar or wind energy systems and generators; and
 - (iv) energy storage systems, where the amount of energy being stored shall not exceed 24 hours of the electrical load generated at peak demand by the principal #use# on the #zoning lot#. Where a #zoning lot# contains multiple #uses#, such calculation may be applied to the total demand of all the #uses# such power system is #accessory# to.

#Accessory# mechanical equipment shall be subject to the provisions of Sections [26-50](#) (SPECIAL SCREENING AND ENCLOSURE PROVISIONS), or [37-20](#), as applicable.

accessory use, or accessory

Applicable from 117-50 to 117-57

FROM [117-503](#):

accessory use

In addition to those *accessory uses* listed in Section [12-10](#), for the purposes of this Section, an *accessory use* shall also include a *dwelling unit* in connection with any *commercial, manufacturing or community facility* establishment permitted in the Queens Plaza Subdistrict of the *Special Long Island City Mixed Use District*, pursuant to Section [117-51](#) (Queens Plaza Subdistrict Special Use Regulations), provided that no more than one such unit shall be permitted in connection with any establishment, and provided further that each such unit shall not exceed a gross area of 1,200 square feet or contain more than one kitchen.

accessory use, or accessory

Applicable to Article XII - Chapter 3

FROM [123-11](#):

accessory use

In addition to those "accessory uses" listed in Section [12-10](#) (DEFINITIONS), for the purposes of this Chapter, an #accessory use# shall also include a #dwelling unit# in connection with any #commercial#, #manufacturing# or #community facility# establishment permitted in #Special Mixed Use Districts#, pursuant to Section [123-20](#) (SPECIAL USE REGULATIONS), provided that no more than one such unit shall be permitted in connection with any establishment, and provided further that each such unit shall not exceed a gross area of 1,200 square feet or contain more than one kitchen.

adjacent lot

Applicable from 81-60, 81-61, 81-611, 81-612, 81-613, 81-62, 81-621, 81-63, 81-631, 81-632, 81-633, 81-634, 81-64, 81-641, 81-642, 81-643, 81-644, 81-645, 81-65, 81-651, 81-652, 81-653, 81-66, 81-661, 81-662, 81-663, 81-67, 81-671, 81-672, 81-673, 81-674, 81-675, 81-676

Last Amended 12/15/2021

For the purposes of Section [81-60](#), inclusive, an "adjacent lot" is:

- (a) a #zoning lot# that is contiguous to the lot occupied by the designated #landmark building or other structure# or one that is across a #street# and opposite the lot occupied by such designated #landmark building or other structure#, or, in the case of a #corner lot#, one that fronts on the same #street# intersection as the lot occupied by such #landmark building or other structure#; and
- (b) in C5-3 or C6-6 Districts, a #zoning lot# that is contiguous to, or across a #street# and opposite another lot or series of lots that, except for the intervention of #streets# or #street# intersections, extend to the lot occupied by such designated #landmark building or other structure#. All such lots shall be in the same ownership (fee ownership or ownership as defined under #zoning lot# in Section [12-10](#)

adult establishment

General Definition

Last Amended 2/2/2011

- (1) Adult Establishment: An "adult establishment" is a #commercial# establishment which is or includes an adult book store, adult eating or drinking establishment, adult theater, or other adult #commercial# establishment, or any combination thereof, as defined below:
 - (a) An adult book store is a book store that offers "printed or visual material" for sale or rent to customers where a "substantial portion" of its stock-in-trade of "printed or visual material" consists of "adult printed or visual material," defined as "printed or visual material" characterized by an emphasis upon the depiction or description of "specified sexual activities" or "specified anatomical areas";
 - (b) An adult eating or drinking establishment is an eating or drinking establishment which regularly features in any portion of such establishment any one or more of the following:
 - (1) live performances which are characterized by an emphasis on "specified anatomical areas" or "specified sexual activities"; or
 - (2) films, motion pictures, videocassettes, slides or other photographic reproductions which are characterized by an emphasis upon the depiction or description of "specified sexual activities" or "specified anatomical areas"; or
 - (3) employees who, as part of their employment, regularly expose to patrons "specified anatomical areas"; andwhich is not customarily open to the general public during such features because it excludes or restricts minors.
 - (c) An adult theater is a #commercial# establishment which regularly features one or more of the following:
 - (1) films, motion pictures, videocassettes, slides or similar photographic reproductions characterized by an emphasis on the depiction or description of "specified sexual activities" or "specified anatomical areas"; or
 - (2) live performances characterized by an emphasis on "specified anatomical areas" or "specified sexual activities"; andwhich is not customarily open to the general public during such features because it excludes or restricts minors.

An adult theater shall include #commercial# establishments where such materials or performances are viewed from one or more individual enclosures.
 - (d) An other adult #commercial# establishment is a facility -- other than an adult book store, adult eating or drinking establishment, adult theater, #commercial# studio, or business or trade school -- which features employees who as part of their employment, regularly expose to patrons "specified anatomical areas" and which is not customarily open to the general public during such features because it excludes or restricts minors.
- (2) Defined Terms:
 - (a) For purposes of paragraph (1)(a), "printed or visual materials" are books, magazines, or other printed matter, including product packaging or wrapping, or photographs, films, motion pictures, video cassettes, slides or other visual matter;
 - (b) For purposes of paragraph (1)(a), (b) and (c), "specified sexual activities" are: (i) human genitals in a state of sexual stimulation or arousal; (ii) actual or simulated acts of human masturbation, sexual intercourse or sodomy; or (iii) fondling or other erotic touching of human genitals, pubic region, buttock, anus or female breast.
 - (c) For purposes of paragraph (1)(a), (b), (c) and (d), "specified anatomical areas" are: (i) less than completely and opaquely concealed: (aa) human genitals, pubic region, (bb) human buttock, anus, or (cc) female breast below a point immediately above the top of the areola; or (ii) human male genitals in a discernibly turgid state, even if completely and opaquely concealed.
 - (d) For the purpose of determining under paragraph (1)(a) whether a "substantial portion" of a book store's stock-in-trade of "printed or visual" material consists of "adult printed or visual material", the following factors shall be considered: (i) the amount of stock of "adult printed or visual material" accessible to customers as compared to the total stock of "printed or visual material" accessible to customers in the establishment; and (ii) the amount of #floor area# and #cellar# space accessible to customers containing stock of "adult printed or visual material" as compared to the amount of #floor area# and #cellar# space accessible to customers containing "printed or visual material" which is not "adult printed or visual material," provided that "printed or visual material" which is not "adult printed or visual material" (hereinafter for purposes of this paragraph "other printed or visual material") shall not be considered stock-in-trade for purposes of this paragraph where such store has one or more of the following features:
 - (aa) An interior configuration and layout which requires customers to pass through an area of the store with "adult printed or visual material" in order to access an area of the store with "other printed or visual material;"
 - (bb) One or more individual enclosures where adult movies or live performances are available for viewing by customers;
 - (cc) A method of operation which requires customer transactions with respect to "other printed or visual material" to be made in an area of the store which includes "adult printed or visual material;"
 - (dd) A method of operation under which "other printed or visual material" is offered for sale only and "adult printed or visual material" is offered for sale or rental;
 - (ee) A greater number of different titles of "adult printed or visual material" than the number of different titles of "other printed or visual material";
 - (ff) A method of operation which excludes or restricts minors from the store as a whole or from any section of the store with "other printed or visual material;"
 - (gg) A sign that advertises the availability of "adult printed or visual material" which is disproportionate in size relative to a sign that advertises the availability of "other printed or visual material," when compared with the proportions of "adult" and other "printed or visual materials" offered for sale or rent in the store, or the proportions of #floor area# or #cellar# space accessible to customers containing stock of "adult" and "other printed or visual materials";
 - (hh) A window display in which the number of products or area of display of "adult printed or visual material" is disproportionate in size relative to the number of products or area of display of "other printed or visual material," when compared with the proportions of adult and "other printed or visual materials" offered for sale or rent in the store, or the proportions of #floor area# or #cellar# space accessible to customers containing stock of "adult" and "other printed or visual materials";
 - (ii) Other features relating to configuration and layout or method of operation, as set forth in rules adopted by the Commissioner of Buildings, which the Commissioner has determined render the sale or rental of "adult printed or visual material" a substantial purpose of the business conducted in such store. Such rules shall provide for the scheduled implementation of the terms thereof to #commercial# establishments in existence as of October 31, 2001, as necessary.
- (e) For the purposes of paragraph (1)(b), an "eating or drinking establishment" includes:

- (i) any portion of a #commercial# establishment within which food or beverages are offered for purchase, or are available to or are consumed by customers or patrons; and
- (ii) any portion of a #commercial# establishment from which a portion of a #commercial# establishment, described in paragraph (c)(i) of this Section, is accessible by customers or patrons.

advertising sign

General Definition

see #sign, advertising#

affordable floor area

General Definition

FROM [23-911](#):

- (a) Where all of the #dwelling units#, #rooming units# and #supportive housing units# in a #generating site# or #MIH site#, other than any #super's unit#, are #affordable housing units#, all of the #residential floor area#, or #community facility floor area# for a #supportive housing project#, in such #generating site# or #MIH site# is "affordable floor area."
- (b) Where one or more of the #dwelling units# or #rooming units# in a #generating site#, other than any #super's unit#, are not #affordable housing units#, the #affordable floor area# in such #generating site# is the sum of:
 - (1) all of the #residential floor area# within the perimeter walls of the #affordable housing units# in such #generating site# ; plus
 - (2) a figure determined by multiplying the #residential floor area# of the #eligible common areas# in such #generating site# by a fraction, the numerator of which is all of the #residential floor area# within the perimeter walls of the #affordable housing units# in such #generating site# and the denominator of which is the sum of the #residential floor area# within the perimeter walls of the #affordable housing units# in such #generating site# plus the #residential floor area# within the perimeter walls of the #dwelling units# or #rooming units# in such #generating site#, other than any #super's unit#, that are not #affordable housing units#.
- (c) Where one or more of the #dwelling units# or #rooming units# in an #MIH site#, other than any #super's unit#, are not #affordable housing units#, the #affordable floor area# in such #MIH site# is the sum of:
 - (1) all of the #residential floor area# of the #affordable housing units# in such #MIH site# ; plus
 - (2) a figure determined by multiplying the #residential floor area# of the #eligible common areas# in such #MIH site# by a fraction, the numerator of which is all of the #residential floor area# of the #affordable housing units# in such #MIH site# and the denominator of which is the sum of the #residential floor area# of the #affordable housing units# in such #MIH site# plus the #residential floor area# of the #dwelling units# or #rooming units# in such #MIH site#, other than any #super's unit#, that are not #affordable housing units#.

affordable independent residence for seniors

General Definition

Last Amended 12/5/2024

An "affordable independent residence for seniors" is a #building# or portion thereof, containing #residences#, in which at least 90 percent of the #dwelling units# allocated to #affordable independent residences for seniors# are each occupied by at least one person who is 62 years of age or over; where, except for a #super's unit#, all of the #dwelling units# allocated to #affordable independent residences for seniors# are restricted pursuant to an #affordable housing regulatory agreement# for households with incomes at or below 60 percent of the #income index# and used for class A occupancy as defined in the New York State Multiple Dwelling Law. For the purposes of this definition, "super's unit", "affordable housing regulatory agreement" and "income index" shall be as defined in Section [27-111](#) (General definitions).

An #affordable independent residence for seniors# may consist of one or more #buildings# on the same or contiguous #zoning lots#, or on lots which would be contiguous but for their separation by a #street#, and shall contain related #accessory# social and welfare facilities primarily for residents, such as cafeterias or dining halls, community rooms, workshops and other essential service facilities, which may also be made available to the community. Floor space in an amount not less than four percent of the total #floor area# of such #affordable independent residence for seniors# shall be allocated to such #accessory# facilities. Such floor space may occupy #floor area# or #cellar# space, and may include indoor recreation space provided in accordance with Section [23-63](#) (Required Recreation Space in Multi-family Buildings). In no event shall the floor space occupied by lobbies, passageways, storage space or other spaces normally provided in #residential buildings# be attributed to the #floor area# of the #accessory# social and welfare facilities.

An #affordable independent residence for seniors# shall also include a #building# used, #enlarged# or #developed# prior to March 22, 2016, as a "non-profit residence for the elderly".

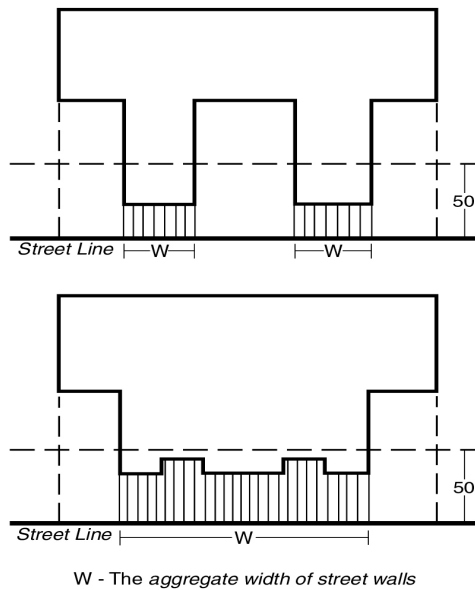
Any temporary or final certificate of occupancy issued after March 22, 2016, for a #building# or portion thereof to be used as an #affordable independent residence for seniors# shall state that such #building# or portion thereof shall be used as an #affordable independent residence for seniors#, notwithstanding the fact that a legally binding restriction on household income for #income-restricted housing units# may have expired and shall state that such certificate of occupancy may be amended or superseded to reflect that the #building# or portion thereof may be used other than as an #affordable independent residence for seniors# only in accordance with the provisions of this Zoning Resolution.

aggregate width of street walls

General Definition

Last Amended 2/2/2011

The "aggregate width of street walls" at any given level is the sum of the maximum widths of all #street walls# of a #building# that are within 50 feet of a #street line#. The width of a #street wall# is the length of the #street line# from which, when viewed directly from above, lines perpendicular to the #street line# may be drawn to such #street wall#.



AGGREGATE WIDTH OF STREET WALLS

airport reference point (or points)

Applicable to Article VI - Chapter 1

The "airport reference point" (or "points") is a point (or points) within the boundaries of each major airport, as indicated on the #flight obstruction area# maps for each such major airport. The point or points applicable to each major airport are set forth in Section [61-41](#) (Airport Reference Point, Established Elevation and Specified Radii).

airport referenced imaginary surfaces

Applicable to Article VI - Chapter 1

FROM [61-30](#): "Airport referenced imaginary surfaces" include the #horizontal surface#, the #conical surface#, the #approach surfaces# and the #transitional surfaces#.

alterations, incidental or to alter incidentally

General Definition

Last Amended 12/15/1961

"Incidental alterations" are:

- (a) Changes or replacements in the non-structural parts of a #building or other structure#, without limitation to the following examples:
 - (1) alteration of interior partitions to improve livability in a #non-conforming residential building#, provided that no additional #dwelling units# are created thereby;
 - (2) a minor addition on the exterior of a #residential building#, such as an open porch;
 - (3) alteration of interior non-load-bearing partitions in all other types of #buildings or other structures#;
 - (4) replacement of, or minor changes in, the capacity of utility pipes, ducts or conduits; or
- (b) Changes or replacements in the structural parts of a #building or other structure#, limited to the following examples or others of similar character or extent:
 - (1) making windows or doors in exterior walls;
 - (2) replacement of #building# facades;
 - (3) strengthening the load-bearing capacity, in not more than 10 percent of the total #floor area#, to permit the accommodation of a specialized unit of machinery or equipment. To "alter incidentally" is to make an #incidental alteration#.

Amusement or recreation facilities

General Definition

Last Amended 6/6/2024

An "amusement or recreation facility" is any establishment providing recreational or amusement activities found in North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) industry codes 71312 (Amusement Arcades), 71394 (Fitness and Recreational Sports Centers) or 71399 (All Other Amusement and Recreation Industries). However, an #amusement or recreation facility# shall not include establishments listed in the definitions of #health and fitness establishments# or #select entertainment facilities#. In no event shall an #amusement or recreation facility# include establishments listed in NAICS industry code 71311 (Amusement and Theme Parks).

ancillary dwelling unit

General Definition

Last Amended 12/5/2024

An "ancillary dwelling unit" is an additional #dwelling unit#, permitted on the same #zoning lot# as a #single-# or #two-family residence# that does not exceed eight hundred square feet of #floor area#. Only one #ancillary dwelling unit# shall be permitted per every #single-# or #two-family residence# on a #zoning lot#.

#Ancillary dwelling units# shall be subject to the following limitations:

- (a) in the #high-risk flood zone#, as defined in Section [64-11](#), no #ancillary dwelling unit# shall be permitted below the #flood-resistant construction elevation#;
- (b) in the areas included in maps promulgated by the Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) designating the “10-year rainfall flood risk area” based on 2050 sea level rise projections by the New York City Panel on Climate Change (NPCC), and the “coastal flood risk area” where there is a 1 percent chance of flooding in any year based on 2080 sea level rise projections by the NPCC, including as such maps and baseline reference dates are updated by subsequent rulemaking by DEP:
 - (1) no #ancillary dwelling units# shall be permitted in a #basement# or #cellar#; and
 - (2) no #backyard ancillary dwelling units# shall be permitted;
- (c) in R1-2A, R2A and R3A Districts, or portions thereof, located beyond the #Greater Transit Zone#, no #backyard ancillary dwelling units# shall be permitted;
- (d) in Historic Districts designated by the Landmarks Preservation Commission, no #backyard ancillary dwelling units# shall be permitted;
- (e) #backyard ancillary dwelling units# shall be accessible directly from a #side yard# or open area along a #side lot line# with a minimum width of five feet; and
- (f) at the time of initial occupancy for an #ancillary dwelling unit#, the #zoning lot# on which the #ancillary dwelling unit# is located must be the primary residence of an owner of such #zoning lot#.

In areas where #backyard ancillary dwelling units# are prohibited, nothing herein shall permit the legalization of an #ancillary dwelling unit# in a #building or other structure# that prior to December 5, 2024, was #non-complying# as to its location within a required #yard# or #open space#.

apartment hotel

General Definition

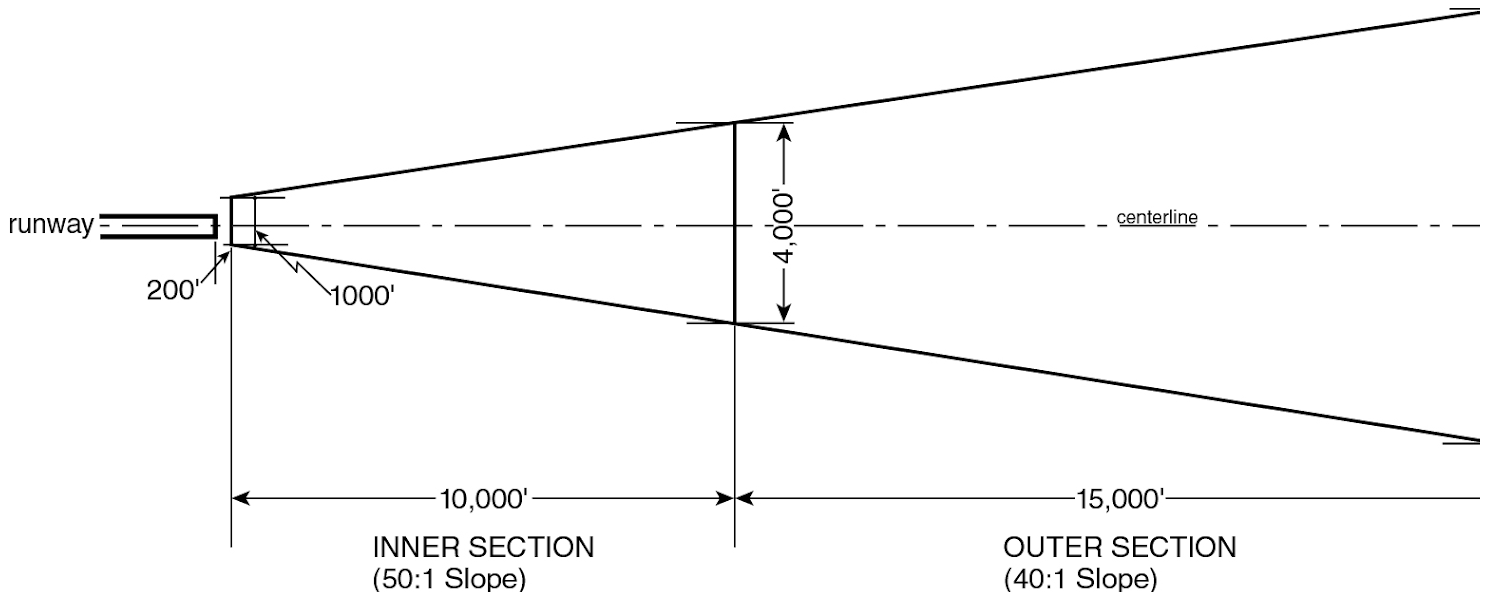
see #hotel, apartment#

approach surfaces

Applicable to Article VI - Chapter 1

The “approach surfaces” are imaginary inclined planes, trapezoidal in shape and located symmetrically with respect to the extended center line of any runway. Such #approach surfaces#, extending from both ends of any runway, consist of contiguous inner and outer sections whose dimensions are as follows:

- (a) The plane of the inner section:
 - (1) begins at a line drawn parallel to, and at the same elevation as, the end of the runway, and at a distance, measured horizontally along the extended runway centerline, of 200 feet from the end of the runway;
 - (2) extends for a distance of 10,000 feet, measured horizontally along the extended runway centerline;
 - (3) has a width of 1,000 feet measured along the line described in paragraph (a)(1) of this Section, which increases uniformly (with respect to the extended runway centerline) to a width of 4,000 feet at the outer edge of such inner section, as described in paragraph (a)(2) of this Section; and
 - (4) rises at a slope of one foot in height for every 50 feet of horizontal distance.
- (b) The plane of the outer section:
 - (1) begins at the outer edge of the inner section;
 - (2) extends for a distance of 15,000 feet, measured horizontally along the extended runway centerline;
 - (3) has a width of 4,000 feet commencing at the outer edge of the inner section, which increases uniformly (with respect to the extended runway center line) to a width of 8,500 feet at the outer edge of such outer section; and
 - (4) rises at a slope of one foot in height for every 40 feet of horizontal distance.



DESCRIPTION OF APPROACH SURFACE

arcade

General Definition
Last Amended 2/2/2011

An "arcade" is a continuous covered space fronting on and open to a #street# or #publicly accessible open area#, provided in accordance with the provisions set forth in Section [37-80](#).

area of no disturbance

Applicable to Article X - Chapter 5

FROM [105-01](#):

area of no disturbance

An "area of no disturbance" is an area designated on the site plan that is protected from all types of intrusion, including: #site alteration#, operation of construction equipment, storage of construction materials, excavation or regrading, tunneling for utilities, removal of trees, #topsoil# or any living vegetation, or construction of driveways, #private roads#, parking areas, patios, decks, swimming pools, walkways or other impervious surfaces. #Areas of no disturbance# shall include #steep slopes#, #steep slope buffers# and the #critical root zone# of each tree proposed for preservation.

area of no disturbance

Applicable to Article XI - Chapter 9

FROM [119-01](#):

area of no disturbance

An "area of no disturbance" is an area designated on the site plan that is protected from all types of intrusion, including: #site alteration#, operation of construction equipment, storage of construction materials, excavation or regrading, tunneling for utilities, removal of trees, #topsoil# or any living vegetation, or construction of driveways, #private roads#, parking areas, patios, decks, swimming pools, walkways or other impervious surfaces. #Areas of no disturbance# shall include #steep slopes#, #steep slope buffers# and the #critical root zone# of each tree proposed for preservation.

area of no disturbance

Applicable to Article X - Chapter 7
Last Amended 11/2/2023

FROM [107-01](#):

area of no disturbance

An "area of no disturbance" is an area designated on a site plan or #area plan# to be protected from #site alteration#, except for new native planting. An #area of no disturbance# shall contain natural features including trees of six-inch caliper or more, #designated open space#, and aquatic features.

#Plan review sites# may include safeguards such as an #area of no disturbance# to define areas where #site alterations# shall not be proposed.

area of no land alteration

Applicable to Article X - Chapter 7
Last Amended 11/2/2023

From Section 107-01:

An "area of no land alteration" is an area adjacent to a wetland or other body of water regulated by the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) where a permit indicates #development# restrictions may occur such as those pursuant to permits or deed restrictions issued by NYSDEC.

area plan

Applicable to Article X - Chapter 7
Last Amended 11/2/2023

FROM [107-01](#):

area plan

An "area plan" is a proposed layout for a #zoning lot# subdivision with traffic circulation, including curb cuts on #arterials#; access easements; #areas of no disturbance#; #areas of no land alteration#; areas of #designated open space#; #building# envelopes; required #building# setbacks within proposed #zoning lots# in #Residence Districts#; and any other information prescribed by the City Planning Commission.

arterial

Applicable to Article X - Chapter 7
Last Amended 11/2/2023

FROM [107-01](#):

arterial

An "arterial" is a #street# listed in Section [107-24](#) (Special Regulations for Arterials or Railroad rights of Way) whose function is primarily the accommodation of through vehicular traffic and to which special provisions of this Chapter apply.

artist

General Definition
Last Amended 4/27/1976

An "artist" is a person so certified by the New York City Department of Cultural Affairs.

at or below-grade mass transit station

Applicable to Article VI - Chapter 6
Last Amended 10/7/2021

FROM [66-11](#): For the purposes of this Chapter, an "at- or below-grade mass transit station" shall refer to a *mass transit station* that is not an *above-grade mass transit stations*.

attached (building)

General Definition
Last Amended 2/2/2011

A #building# shall be considered "attached" when it #abuts# two #lot lines# other than a #street line#, or another #building# or #buildings# other than a #semi-detached building#.

automated parking facility

General Definition
Last Amended 12/6/2023

An "automated parking facility" shall refer to an #accessory# off-street parking facility or #public parking garage# where vehicular storage and retrieval within such facility is accomplished entirely through a mechanical conveyance system. A parking facility with parking lift systems that require an attendant to maneuver a vehicle that is to be parked shall not be considered an #automated parking facility#.

automotive service station

General Definition
Last Amended 12/6/2023

An "automotive service station" is a #building or other structure# or an open #use# on a #zoning lot#, or portion thereof, used exclusively for the storage and sale of fuels for motor vehicles, and for any #uses accessory# thereto.

The sale of lubricants, accessories, or supplies, the lubrication of motor vehicles, the minor adjustment or repair of motor vehicles with hand tools only, or the occasional washing of motor vehicles, or electric vehicle charging, are permitted #accessory uses#.

A #public parking lot# or #public parking garage# is not a permitted #accessory use#.

average percent of slope

Applicable to Article X - Chapter 5

FROM [105-01](#):

average percent of slope

The "average percent of slope" of a #zoning lot# is the average slope of all portions of a #zoning lot# excluding #steep slopes# and shall be determined according to the following equation:

$$S = \frac{IL}{A} \times 100$$

Where: S - #average percent of slope#

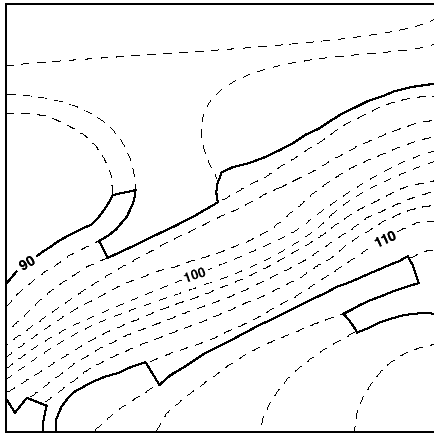
I - contour interval in feet

L - combined length of contour lines in feet, excluding those portions bordering or lying within areas having a slope of 25 percent or greater and meeting the definition of #steep slope#

A - gross area in square feet of the #zoning lot#, excluding those portions of the #zoning lot# having a slope of 25 percent or greater and meeting the definition of #steep slope#. For a proposed #site alteration# on a tract of land not within a #zoning lot#, the portion of such tract of land owned by the applicant shall be considered to be part of the #zoning lot#

100 - factor which yields slope as a percentage

CALCULATING AREAS HAVING A SLOPE EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 25 PERCENT (illustrative example)



Example:

X	=	Contour interval in feet	=	2	=	8.0 feet
		0.25		0.25		

Where: X - distance between contour lines which indicates a slope of 25 percent

In order to calculate the area having a slope equal to or greater than 25 percent, one can use a map with two-foot contour intervals and a scale of one inch equals 20 feet, as shown in the map in this Section. A 25 percent slope, on a map with two-foot contour intervals, is indicated by contour lines that are 8.0 feet apart, rounded to the nearest tenth (0.1) of a foot. On a map whose scale is one inch to 20 feet, 8.0 feet is represented by 0.4 of an inch, rounded to the nearest tenth (0.1) of an inch.

Identify where the contour lines are 0.4 of an inch or less apart. Connect these contour lines (as indicated by the heavy lines on the map) and calculate the area.

average percent of slope

Applicable to Article XI - Chapter 9

FROM [119.01](#):

average percent of slope

The "average percent of slope" of a #zoning lot# is the average slope of all portions of a #zoning lot# excluding #steep slopes# and shall be determined according to the following equation:

S	=	$\frac{IL}{A}$	x	100
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Where: S - #average percent of slope#

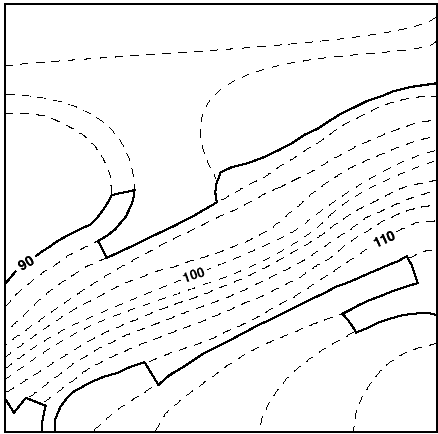
I - contour interval in feet

L - combined length of contour lines in feet, excluding those portions bordering or lying within areas having a slope of 25 percent or greater and meeting the definition of #steep slope#

A - gross area in square feet of the #zoning lot#, excluding those portions of the #zoning lot# having a slope of 25 percent or greater and meeting the definition of #steep slope#. For a proposed #site alteration# on a tract of land not within a #zoning lot#, the portion of such tract of land owned by the applicant shall be considered to be part of the #zoning lot#

100 - factor which yields slope as a percentage

CALCULATING AREAS HAVING A SLOPE EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 25 PERCENT (illustrative example)



Example:

X	=	Contour interval in feet	=	2	=	8.0 feet
		0.25		0.25		

Where: X - distance between contour lines which indicates a slope of 25 percent

In order to calculate the area having a slope equal to or greater than 25 percent, one can use a map with two-foot contour intervals and a scale of one inch equals 20 feet, as shown in the map in this Section. A 25 percent slope, on a map with two-foot contour intervals, is indicated by contour lines that are 8.0 feet apart, rounded to the nearest tenth (0.1) of a foot. On a map whose scale is one inch to 20 feet, 8.0 feet is represented by 0.4 of an inch, rounded to the nearest tenth (0.1) of an inch.

Identify where the contour lines are 0.4 of an inch or less apart. Connect these contour lines (as indicated by the heavy lines on the map) and calculate the area.

backyard ancillary dwelling unit

General Definition
Last Amended 12/5/2024

A “backyard ancillary dwelling unit” is an #ancillary dwelling unit# that is located in a #detached# or #attached# #building# #developed# after December 5, 2024, where the only #dwelling unit# in such #building# is an #ancillary dwelling unit#.

Barge Basin

Applicable to Article XIV - Chapter 4
Last Amended 12/15/2021

From Section [144-01](#):

#Barge Basin# shall mean that inlet from the East River identified on Map 2 in the Appendix to this Chapter as the Barge Basin.

base plane

General Definition
Last Amended 5/12/2021

The “base plane” is a plane from which the height of a #building or other structure# is measured as specified in certain Sections. For #buildings#, portions of #buildings# with #street walls# at least 15 feet in width, or #building segments# within 100 feet of a #street line#, the level of the #base plane# is any level between #curb level# and #street wall line level#. Beyond 100 feet of a #street line#, the level of the #base plane# is the average elevation of the final grade adjoining the #building# or #building segment#, determined in the manner prescribed by the New York City Building Code for adjoining grade elevation. For the purposes of this definition, #abutting buildings# on a single #zoning lot# may be considered a single #building#. In addition, the following regulations shall apply:

- (a) Within 100 feet of a #street line#:
 - (1) The level of the #base plane# for a #building# or #building segment# without a #street wall# shall be determined by the average elevation of the final grade adjoining such #building# or #building segment#.
 - (2) Where a #base plane# other than #curb level# is established, the average elevation of the final grade adjoining the #street wall# of the #building# or #building segment#, excluding the entrance to a garage within the #street wall#, shall not be lower than the level of the #base plane#.
 - (3) Where the average elevation of the final grade adjoining the #street wall# of the #building#, excluding the entrance to a garage within the #street wall#, is more than two feet below #curb level#, the level of the #base plane# shall be the elevation of such final grade. This paragraph shall not apply to #buildings developed# before June 30, 1989, in R2X, R3, R4 or R5 Districts. Furthermore, this paragraph shall not apply to #buildings# in C1 or C2 Districts mapped within R2X, R3, R4 or R5 Districts, or in C3 or C4-1 Districts, unless such #buildings# are located on #waterfront blocks#.
 - (4) As an option, on sites which slope from the #street wall line level# to the #rear wall line level# by at least five percent to the horizontal, the level of the #base plane# may extend in a sloping plane from such #street wall line level# to such #rear wall line level#. When a sloping #base plane# is thus established, the average elevation of the final grade at the #rear wall line# shall not be lower than the #rear wall line level#.
- (b) For all #buildings#, where #base planes# of different elevations apply to different portions of a #building#, only that portion of the #building# to which such #base plane# applies may be used to determine such #base plane#.

- (c) For #buildings# located partially within and partially beyond 100 feet of a #street line#, or where #corner lot# or #through lot# regulations subject different portions of a #building# to #base planes# of different elevations, separate #base planes# may be determined for each such portion of the #building# or, as an option, the elevation of each such #base plane# may be multiplied by the percentage of the total #lot coverage# of the #building# to which such #base plane# applies. The sum of the products thus obtained may be the elevation of the adjusted #base plane# applicable to such #building#.

basement

General Definition

Last Amended 10/25/1993

A "basement", except where a #base plane# is used to determine #building# height, is a #story# (or portion of a #story#) partly below #curb level#, with at least one-half of its height (measured from floor to ceiling) above #curb level#. On #through lots#, the #curb level# nearest to a #story# (or portion of a #story#) shall be used to determine whether such #story# (or portion of a #story#) is a #basement#.

Where a #base plane# is used to determine #building# height, a #basement# is a #story# (or portion of a #story#) partly below the #base plane#, with at least one-half its height (measured from floor to ceiling) above the #base plane#.

In addition, the following rules shall apply:

- (a) When a sloping #base plane# is established, a #basement# is a #story# (or portion of a #story#) partly below the #street wall line level#, with at least one-half its height (measured from floor to ceiling) above the #street wall line level# used to establish such #base plane#. On #through lots#, the #street wall line level# nearest to a #story# shall be used to determine whether such #story# or portion of a #story# is a #basement#.
- (b) All of the floor space with at least one-half its height (measured from floor to ceiling) above #curb level# shall be considered to be a #basement# where, subsequent to December 5, 1990, the level of any #yard# except that portion of a #yard# in front of the entrance to a garage on a #zoning lot# is lowered below the level of the #base plane#.

blank wall

Applicable to Article III - Chapter 2

Last Amended 6/6/2024

A "blank wall" shall be a #street wall#, or portions thereof, 50 feet or more in width, which contains no transparent element between #curb level# and 12 feet above #curb level#.

block

General Definition

Last Amended 12/15/1961

A "block" is a tract of land bounded by:

- (a) #streets#;
- (b) #public parks#;
- (c) railroad rights-of-way, when located at or above ground level but not including sidings or spurs in the same ownership as the #zoning lot#;
- (d) airport boundaries;
- (e) pierhead lines (or shore lines where no pierhead lines have been established); or
- (f) corporate boundary lines of New York City.

buildable area

Applicable to Article XI - Chapter 9

FROM [119-01](#):

buildable area

A "buildable area" is a portion of a #zoning lot# excluding #steep slopes#.

building

General Definition

Last Amended 2/2/2011

A "building" is any structure which:

- (a) is located within the #lot lines# of a #zoning lot#;
- (b) is permanently affixed to the land;
- (c) has one or more floors and a roof;
- (d) is bounded by open area or #fire walls#;
- (e) has at least one #primary entrance#;
- (f) provides all the vertical circulation and exit systems required for such #building# by the New York City Building Code without reliance on other #buildings#, including required stairs and elevators; and
- (g) contains all the fire protection systems required for such #building# by the New York City Building Code without reliance on other #buildings#, including fire suppression or fire alarm systems.

The provisions of this Resolution that use the term #building# shall apply to any structure existing prior to February 2, 2011, that complies with paragraphs (a) through (e) of this definition.

A #building# shall not include such structures as billboards, fences, or radio towers, or structures with interior surfaces not normally accessible for human use, such as gas tanks, smoke stacks or similar structures.

A #building# may, for example, consist of a #detached single-family residence#, an #attached# townhouse on an individual #zoning lot#, an #attached# townhouse separated by #fire walls# from #abutting# townhouses on a shared #zoning lot#, a group of townhouses not separated by #fire walls# or #lot lines#, an apartment house, an office #building# or a factory.

building designed for residential use

General Definition

see #designed for residential use#

building or other structure

General Definition

Last Amended 12/15/1961

A "building or other structure" includes any #building# or any other structure of any kind.

building segment

General Definition

Last Amended 12/5/1990

A "building segment" is a portion of a #building# where such #building# consists of two or more contiguous portions, each comprised of one or more #dwelling units# having a separate #residential# entrance or entrances serving only those #dwelling units# within such portion. #Building segments# may share a common #cellar# or parking facility. However, a #building segment# may not be located above another #building segment#.

bulk

General Definition

Last Amended 2/2/2011

"Bulk" is the term used to describe the size of #buildings or other structures#, and their relationships to each other and to open areas and #lot lines#, and therefore includes:

- (a) the size (including height and #floor area#) of #buildings or other structures#;
- (b) the area of the #zoning lot# upon which a #building# is located, and the number of #dwelling units# or #rooming units# within a #building# in relation to the area of the #zoning lot#;
- (c) the shape of #buildings or other structures#;
- (d) the location of exterior walls of #buildings or other structures# in relation to #lot lines#, to other walls of the same #building#, to #legally required windows#, or to other #buildings or other structures#; and
- (e) all open areas relating to #buildings or other structures# and their relationship thereto.

caliper (of a tree)

Applicable to Article X - Chapter 5

FROM [105-01](#):

caliper (of a tree)

"Caliper" of a tree is the diameter of a tree trunk measured 4 feet, 6 inches from the ground. If a tree splits into multiple trunks below 4 feet, 6 inches from the ground, the trunk is measured at its most narrow point beneath the split.

caliper (of a tree)

Applicable to Article XI - Chapter 9

FROM [119-01](#):

caliper (of a tree)

"Caliper" of a tree is the diameter of a tree trunk measured 4 feet, 6 inches from the ground. If a tree splits into multiple trunks below 4 feet, 6 inches from the ground, the trunk is measured at its most narrow point beneath the split.

caliper (of a tree)

Applicable to Article X - Chapter 7

Last Amended 11/2/2023

FROM [107-01](#):

"Caliper" of a tree is the diameter of a tree trunk measured 4 feet, 6 inches from the ground. If a tree splits into multiple trunks below this height, the trunk is measured at its narrowest point beneath the split. For trees with a diameter of less than three inches measured 4 feet, 6 inches from the ground, the #caliper# shall be measured 12 inches from the ground.

car sharing vehicle

General Definition

Last Amended 9/29/2010

A "car sharing vehicle" is a vehicle maintained and owned or leased by a car sharing organization which is available for use by its members. Membership shall mean that individuals have been pre-approved to use such vehicles and need not be approved by the car sharing organization at the time of proposed use. Membership must be open to the public and shall only be denied based upon driving record, credit record or other legitimate business need of the car sharing organization. Vehicles must be made available to members for periods of use as short as one hour. The car sharing organization must provide all legally required insurance as part of the membership.

Vehicles shall be reserved by members through a self-service reservation system which is available at all times. A #car sharing vehicle# shall be located in a parking facility that is accessible to members of the car

sharing organization at all times. No employees or agents of the car sharing organization shall provide services to members or conduct business transactions with members within such parking facility. Attended parking facilities may be serviced by a parking attendant unaffiliated with any car sharing organization. A parking facility containing #car sharing vehicles# shall be securely separated from all other portions of a #building# containing #residences#.

A #car sharing vehicle# shall be no more than 216 inches in length and shall bear a decal that provides the name of the car sharing organization. The decal must be clearly visible from the outside of the #car sharing vehicle# and must be either:

- (a) located on the driver’s side door or passenger’s side door of the #car sharing vehicle# and at least 30 square inches in area; or
- (b) located in the lower left corner of the rear windshield of the #car sharing vehicle#.

The decal shall be at least one square inch in area and contain the letters “CSV” in lettering at least 11/32 of an inch in height and the name of the car sharing organization in lettering at least 5/32 of an inch in height. All lettering shall be fully opaque and shall highly contrast with the background color of the decal.

All #car sharing vehicles# shall bear a decal pursuant to the provisions of paragraph (a) or (b) of this Section within 60 days of September 29, 2010.

cellar

General Definition
Last Amended 10/25/1993

A "cellar," except where a #base plane# is used to determine #building# height, is a space wholly or partly below #curb level#, with more than one-half its height (measured from floor to ceiling) below #curb level#. On #through lots#, the #curb level# nearest to such space shall be used to determine whether such space is a #cellar#.

Where a #base plane# is used to determine #building# height, a #cellar# is a space wholly or partly below the #base plane#, with more than one-half its height (measured from floor to ceiling) below the #base plane#.

In addition, the following rules shall apply:

- (a) When a sloping #base plane# is established, a #cellar# is a space wholly or partly below the #street wall line level#, with more than one-half its height (measured from floor to ceiling) below the #street wall line level# used to establish such #base plane#. On #through lots#, the #street wall line level# nearest to such space shall be used to determine whether such space is a #cellar#.
- (b) All of the floor space with at least one-half its height (measured from floor to ceiling) above #curb level# shall be considered to be a #basement# where, subsequent to December 5, 1990, the level of any #yard# except that portion of a #yard# in front of the entrance to a garage on a #zoning lot# is lowered below the level of the #base plane#.

center line of the street (bounding a #zoning lot#)

Applicable from 81-271, 81-272, 81-273, 81-274, 81-275, 81-276, 81-277
Last Amended 8/9/2017

A line equidistant from and parallel or nearly parallel to the #street lines# on both sides of the #street#. However, for the purposes of daylight evaluation:

- (a) on a #street# 75 feet in width, the #center line of the street# shall be considered to be a line 40 feet from, and parallel to, the #front lot line# of the #zoning lot#; and
- (b) on a #street# more than 100 feet in width, the #center line of the street# shall be considered to be a line 50 feet from, and parallel to, the #front lot line# of the #zoning lot#.

Central Business Districts

Applicable to Article VI - Chapter 6
Last Amended 10/7/2021

For the purposes of this Chapter, “Central Business Districts” shall refer to *Special Midtown District, Special Hudson Yards District, Special Lower Manhattan District, Special Downtown Brooklyn District, Special Long Island City Mixed Use District* or *Special Garment Center District*.

clear path

Applicable to Article VI - Chapter 6
Last Amended 10/7/2021

FROM ~~66-11~~: For the purposes of this Chapter, a “clear path” shall refer to an unobstructed area between the *street line* and *street wall* that:

- (a) directly *abuts* an adjoining public sidewalk; and
- (b) extends along the *street line* for a distance equal to the width of an existing or planned access point to a *mass transit station* facing such *transit-adjacent site*, plus, in the aggregate, a maximum of 30 feet from the outermost extents of such width.

All *clear paths* shall be accessible to the public at all times.

commercial

General Definition
Last Amended 6/6/2024

A “commercial” #use# is any #use# listed in the following use groups, depending on the district type:

District Type	Use Group
#Residence Districts#	N/A
#Commercial Districts#	IV, V, VI, VII, VIII, IX, X
#Manufacturing Districts#	IV, V, VI, VII, VIII, IX

commercial building

General Definition
Last Amended 6/6/2024

A “commercial building” is a #building# used only for a #commercial# #use#.

C1 or C2 Districts mapped within #Residence Districts# are #Commercial Districts# and subject to the regulations of Article III.

commercial district

General Definition
Last Amended 6/6/2024

A “Commercial District” includes any district whose designation begins with the letter “C.”

For example, a “C4 District” includes any district whose designation begins with the symbol “C4.”

C1 or C2 Districts mapped within #Residence Districts# are #Commercial Districts# and subject to the regulations of Article III.

commercial street

Applicable to Article XII - Chapter 8

FROM [128-01](#):

commercial street

A “commercial street” shall be a #street#, or portion thereof, where special regulations pertaining to ground floor #uses# on #commercial streets#, pursuant to Section [128-11](#), apply to #zoning lots# fronting upon such #streets#. #Commercial streets# are designated on Map 2 in the Appendix to this Chapter.

community facility

General Definition
Last Amended 6/6/2024

A "community facility" #use# is any #use# listed in the following Use Groups, depending on the district type:

District Type	Use Group
#Residence Districts#	I, III, IV
#Commercial Districts#	I, III
Manufacturing Districts#	I, III

community facility building

General Definition
Last Amended 12/15/1961

A "community facility building" is a #building# used only for a #community facility use#.

Compensating recess

Applicable to Article VIII - Chapter 1
Last Amended 2/2/2011

A portion of a #zoning lot# which, at the #building# height selected for determining compliance with the provisions of Section [81-26](#) (Height and Setback Regulations--Daylight Compensation), lies in the #free zone# (Zone A on the #encroachment grid#), is not covered by any portion of a #building# and qualifies as compensating for #encroachments# beyond the #free zone# under the provisions of Section [81-264](#) (Encroachments and compensating recesses). (See illustration of #Compensating Recess# and #Encroachment#).

[COMPENSATING RECESS AND ENCROACHMENT image]

completely enclosed (building)

General Definition
Last Amended 6/19/1963

A "completely enclosed" #building# is a #building# separated on all sides from the adjacent open area, or from other #buildings or other structures#, by a permanent roof and by exterior walls or party walls, pierced only by windows or entrances or exit doors normally provided for the accommodation of persons, goods or vehicles.

conceptual plan

Applicable to Article XII - Chapter 7

FROM [127-04](#):

conceptual plan

A “conceptual plan” is a plan that sets forth the proposed final design, in compliance with the requirements of Section [127-421](#) (Requirements for publicly accessible private streets), for the remaining portions of the #publicly accessible private street# or #upland connection# certified pursuant to paragraph (b)(1)(i) of Section [127-422](#) (Certification for publicly accessible private streets), or paragraph (a)(1) (i) of Section [127-542](#) (Supplemental provisions), respectively. The plan shall include the proposed location, dimensions and grading for such remaining portions on adjoining #zoning lots# and shall be considered by the Chairperson of the City Planning Commission in reviewing the proposed #final site plan# for such remaining portions, if and when they become the subject of a certification pursuant to paragraph (b)(2) of Section [127-422](#) or paragraph (a)(2) of Section [127-542](#).

conical surface

Applicable to Article IV - Chapter 1

The "conical surface" is an imaginary inclined surface extending upward and outward from the periphery of the #horizontal surface#, which:

- (a) rises at a slope, measured in an imaginary vertical plane passing through the #airport reference point# (or #points#), of one foot for every 20 feet in horizontal distance; and

- (b) is measured on a horizontal radius from the #airport reference point# (or #points#), and extends for a distance set forth in Section [61-41](#) (Airport Reference Point, Established Elevation and Specified Radii).

connector street

Applicable to Article XII - Chapter 4

FROM [124-02](#):

Connector street

A “connector street” shall be a way intended for general public use located and designed in accordance with requirements set forth in Section [124-31](#) (Standards for Streets and Blocks), inclusive.

conversion, or to convert

General Definition

Last Amended 2/2/2011

A “conversion” is a change of #use# between the following categories of #uses#: #residential#, #community facility#, #commercial# and #manufacturing#. Therefore, the change of #use# within one category is not a #conversion#. However, a #conversion# shall also include any alteration within the #residential# portion of an existing #building# that increases the number of #rooming units# in a #building#, or the number of #dwelling units# in a #building#.

To “convert” is to create a #conversion#.

corner lot

General Definition

see #lot, corner#

corner public plaza

Applicable to Article III - Chapter 7

A “corner public plaza” is a #public plaza# that is located on an intersection of two or more #streets#.

cottage envelope building

Applicable to Article VI - Chapter 4

A “cottage envelope building” is a #single-# or #two-family detached residence# located within R1 through R5 Districts, #developed#, #enlarged#, or altered, pursuant to any of the optional provisions of Section [64-33](#) (Special Regulations for Cottage Envelope Buildings), provided that:

- (a) such #single-# or #two-family# #detached# #residence^[a]# complies with Section [64-333](#) (Height and setback regulations for cottage envelope buildings); and
- (b) is located within a #zoning lot# that has a #lot area# that is less than that required by the applicable district; and
 - (1) has a #lot width# that is either:
 - (i) less than that required under the provisions of Section [23-32](#) (Minimum Lot Area or Lot Width for Residences) in R1, R2, R3-1, R3-2, R3X, R4, R4A, R5, and R5A Districts; or
 - (ii) equal to or less than 30 feet in R3A, R4-1, R4B, R5B, and R5D Districts; or
 - (2) has a depth of less than 95 feet at any point.

All #cottage envelope buildings# shall also be #flood-resistant buildings#.

court

General Definition

Last Amended 12/5/2024

A “court” is a type of open area on a #zoning lot# that:

- (a) is not a required #yard# or #rear yard equivalent#;
- (b) is wrapped on two or more sides by #building# walls; and
- (c) is unobstructed from its lowest level to the sky, except for permitted obstructions listed in Section [23-351](#) (Permitted obstructions in courts).

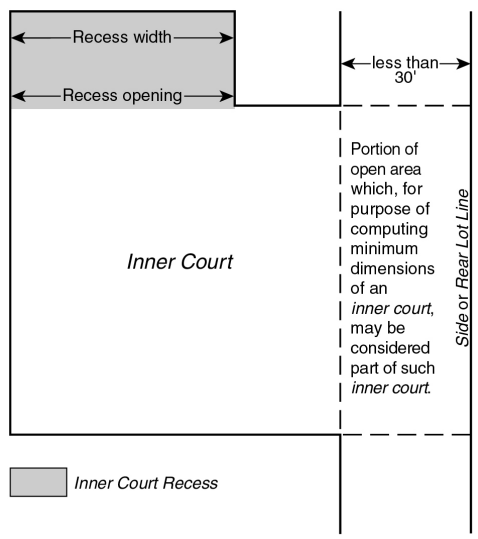
A #court# may be provided as either an #inner court# or an #outer court#. All height measurements within a #court# shall be from the lowest level of such #court#.

court recess, inner

General Definition

Last Amended 12/15/1961

An “inner court recess” is any portion of an #inner court# which can not be included within the single largest horizontal rectangle which may be inscribed within such #inner court#.

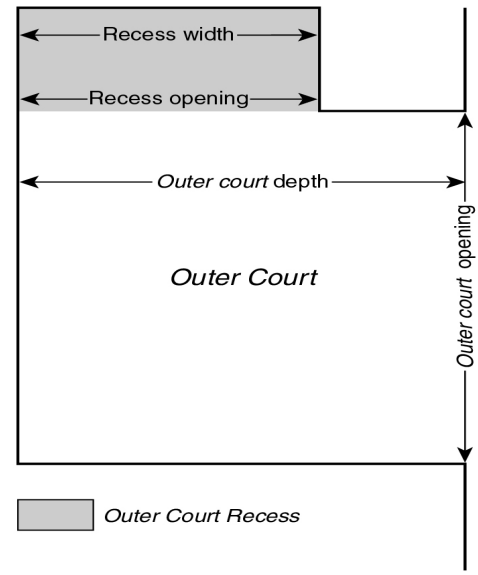


INNER COURT RECESS

court recess, outer

General Definition
 Last Amended 12/15/1961

An "outer court recess" is any portion of an #outer court# which, when viewed directly from above, cannot be covered by imaginary lines drawn perpendicular to a line drawn across the #outer court# opening.



OUTER COURT RECESS

court, depth of outer

General Definition
 Last Amended 12/15/1961

The "depth of outer court" is the maximum horizontal distance between the opening of an #outer court# and the wall opposite such opening, measured perpendicular to the direction of the #outer court# opening. The opening of an #outer court# shall be considered the shortest imaginary line which can be drawn between any intersection of a #court# wall with another wall, and the opposite #court# wall.

court, inner

General Definition
 Last Amended 12/5/2024

An "inner court" is any #court# which is bounded:

- (a) exclusively by #building# walls;
- (b) by #building# walls and one or more #side lot lines# or #rear lot lines#; or
- (c) by #building# walls, except for one opening on any open area along a #side lot line# or #rear lot line# where the dimension of such open area, at any point, is less than 20 feet at or below a height of 75 feet, or less than 30 feet above a height of 75 feet.

court, outer

General Definition
Last Amended 12/5/2024

An “outer court” is any #court#, other than an #inner court#.

court, width of outer

General Definition
Last Amended 12/15/1961

The "width of outer court" is the minimum horizontal dimension of an #outer court#, excluding an #outer court recess#, measured parallel to the opening of such #outer court#.

Cove

Applicable to Article XI - Chapter 6

FROM [116-01](#):

Pier Place, the Cove

"Pier Place" and the "Cove" are designated open spaces accessible to the public, located within the *Special Stapleton Waterfront District* as shown in the District Plan, Map 1, in Appendix A of this Chapter

covered pedestrian space

General Definition
Last Amended 6/12/1996

A "covered pedestrian space" is an enclosed space for public use on a #zoning lot#, permitted by a special permit of the City Planning Commission pursuant to Section [74-87](#), et seq.

critical root zone

Applicable to Article X - Chapter 5

FROM [105-01](#):

critical root zone

The "critical root zone" of a tree is the area containing the roots of a tree that must be maintained and protected to ensure the tree's survival. The area of the #critical root zone# is measured as one radial foot for every #caliper# inch of the tree, with a required minimum of four radial feet and maximum of 22 radial feet, measured from the surface of the tree trunk at grade.

critical root zone

Applicable to Article XI - Chapter 9

FROM [119-01](#):

critical root zone

The "critical root zone" of a tree is the area containing the roots of a tree that must be maintained and protected to ensure the tree's survival. The area of the #critical root zone# is measured as one radial foot for every #caliper# inch of the tree, with a required minimum of four radial feet and maximum of 22 radial feet, measured from the surface of the tree trunk at grade.

curb level

General Definition
Last Amended 10/25/1993

"Curb level" is the mean level of the curb adjoining a #zoning lot#. On #corner lots#, #curb level# is the average of the mean levels of the adjoining curbs on intersecting #streets#, except that, for the purpose of regulating and determining the level of #yards#, or other open areas on #corner lots#, the #curb level# is the highest of the mean levels of the curbs on the intersecting #streets#. Where #through lot# regulations are applicable to any portion of a #corner lot#, or for any #through lot#, the height and setback regulations based upon #curb level# shall apply separately on each #street# on which such #through lot# portion or #through lot# fronts. On a #through lot#, for purposes of establishing the level of a #rear yard equivalent#, except when adjoining and extending along the full length of the #street line#, the #curb level# shall be the mean of the levels of the curbs on those portions of the #streets# on which such #through lot# fronts. Where on a #through lot# such #rear yard equivalent# is adjoining and extending along the full length of the #street line#, the height of the #rear yard equivalent# shall be the #curb level# of the adjoining #street#. Where #through lot# regulations and #interior lot# regulations are applicable to portions of a #zoning lot#, for purposes of establishing the level of the #rear yard equivalent# or #rear yard#, #curb level# shall be the mean of the levels of the curbs on that portion of each #street# on which such portions of the #zoning lot# front.

For the purposes of determining a #base plane#, "curb level" is the mean level at that portion of the curb adjoining a #zoning lot# from which, when viewed directly from above, lines perpendicular to the curb may be drawn to a #street wall#. On #corner lots#, #curb level# is the average of the mean levels of such portions of the curbs on intersecting #streets#. On #through lots#, #curb level# is determined separately for each #street# frontage to a distance midway between such #streets#.

Daylight Evaluation Chart (DEC)

Applicable from 81-271, 81-272, 81-273, 81-274, 81-275, 81-276, 81-277
Last Amended 8/9/2017

A graphic tool which permits objective measurements of portions of sky blocked by a #building# when it is viewed from a #vantage point#. There are three #daylight evaluation charts# for use with #street# widths of 60 feet, 75 to 80 feet and 100 feet and over, respectively. All #buildings# are drawn on the appropriate #daylight evaluation chart# to evaluate their compliance with the regulations of Section [81-27](#) (Alternate Height and Setback Regulations—Daylight Evaluation). These three #daylight evaluation charts# are in Appendix B of this Chapter. A fourth chart in Appendix B is available for use with #qualifying sites# in the East Midtown Subdistrict, as defined in Section [81-613](#), with frontage along Park Avenue.

depth of outer court

General Definition

see #court, depth of outer#

designated commercial street

Applicable to Article XIII - Chapter 2

FROM Section [132-12](#):

designated commercial street

For the purposes of this Chapter, a “designated commercial street” shall be the portion of those *streets* specified in Section [132-11](#).

designated frontage

Applicable from 37-30 to 37-362

Last Amended 6/6/2024

FROM SECTION [37-311](#):

For the purposes of Section [37-30](#), inclusive, a “designated frontage” shall be the portion of the #ground floor level# #street# frontage along a #street#, public access area, or other frontage specifically designated by a Special Purpose District or other provision of this Resolution. Where a #designated frontage# is not a #street#, references to #street walls# shall apply to the #building# wall facing the #designated frontage#.

#Designated frontages# include #primary frontages# or #secondary frontages#.

designated open space

Applicable to Article X - Chapter 7

FROM [107-01](#):

designated open space

"Designated open space" is a portion of the #open space network# located on a #zoning lot# as shown on the District Plan (Map 3 in Appendix A), and is to be preserved in its natural state in accordance with the provisions of the #Special South Richmond Development District#.

designated recovery area

General Definition

Last Amended 5/12/2021

A “designated recovery area” shall be an area which experienced physical or non-physical impacts from a #severe disaster#, in accordance with recovery plans, as applicable.

designed for residential use, (building)

General Definition

Last Amended 1/8/1976

A #building# "designed for residential use" is a #building#, which was originally designed for #residential use# and in which at least 25 percent of the #floor area# is occupied for #residential use#.

detached (building)

General Definition

Last Amended 12/5/2024

A “detached” #building# is a #building# surrounded by #yards# or other open area on the same #zoning lot#. Where an #ancillary dwelling unit# #abuts# another #residence# on the same #zoning lot#, and the combination of such #buildings# are surrounded by #yards# or other open areas, such #buildings# shall be considered a single #detached# #building#.

detached (building)

Applicable to Article XIII - Chapter 2

FROM [107-01](#):

detached

For the purposes of this Chapter a "detached" #building# is a #building# surrounded by #yards# or other open area on the same #zoning lot# or is a #building abutting# a #street line# which is surrounded by #yards# or open area on the same #zoning lot# except where the #building abuts# the #street line#.

development

Applicable to Article VIII - Chapter 2

Last Amended 2/2/2011

For purposes of this Chapter, a "development" includes both #development# and #enlargement#, as defined in Section [12-10](#) (DEFINITIONS).

development, or to develop

General Definition

Last Amended 2/2/2011

A "development," on a #zoning lot# or a portion thereof, includes:

- (a) the construction of a new #building or other structure#;

- (b) the relocation of an existing #building or other structure# to another #zoning lot#; or
- (c) the establishment of a new open #use#, other than an #accessory use#.

The alteration of a #building# or a portion thereof to the extent specified in Section [11-23](#) (Demolition and Replacement) shall be considered a #development# for the purposes of the provisions set forth therein.

To "develop" is to create a #development#.

development, or to develop

Applicable to Article VI - Chapter 2

FROM [62-11](#):

For the purposes of this Chapter, a "development" shall also include:

- (a) an #enlargement#;
- (b) any alteration that increases the height or coverage of an existing #building or other structure#;
- (c) an #extension#; or
- (d) a change of #use# from one Use Group to another, or from one #use# to another in the same Use Group, or from one #use# listed in Section [62-21](#) (Classification of Uses in the Waterfront Area) to another such #use#.

However, a #development# shall not include incidental modifications to a #zoning lot#, including but not limited to, the addition of deployable flood control measures and any associated permanent fixtures, the addition of temporary structures such as trash receptacles, food carts or kiosks, and the incorporation of minor permanent structures such as light stanchions, bollards, fences, or structural landscaped berms and any associated flood gates. All such modifications shall remain subject to any associated permitted obstruction allowances, as applicable.

development, or to develop

Applicable to Article X - Chapter 1

For purposes of this Chapter, "development" includes a *development*, an *enlargement* or an *extension*.

development, or to develop

Applicable to Article X - Chapter 7

FROM [107-01](#):

Development

For the purposes of this Chapter, a "development" includes a #development# as defined in Section [12-10](#) (DEFINITIONS), the #enlargement# of a non-#residential building#, or the #enlargement# of a #residential use# that involves the addition of one or more #dwelling units#.

To "develop" is to create a #development#.

development, or to develop

Applicable to Article XI - Chapter 2

FROM [112-01](#):

Development

For purposes of this Chapter, a "development" includes both #development# and #enlargement#, as defined in Section [12-10](#) (DEFINITIONS).

display window

Applicable to Article XII - Chapter 2

FROM [122-01](#):

Display window

A "display window" is a window or opening in the exterior wall of any portion of a #building# which is glazed with tinted or transparent material and which is used to display merchandise, services or business.

dwelling unit

General Definition

Last Amended 12/5/2024

A "dwelling unit" contains at least one #room# in a #residential building#, #residential# portion of a #building#, or #non-profit hospital staff dwelling#, and is arranged, designed, used or intended for use by one or more persons living together and maintaining a common household, and which #dwelling unit# includes lawful cooking space and lawful sanitary facilities reserved for the occupants thereof.

Where a particular regulation of this Resolution applies to #dwelling units# in a #building# that is for #residences# other than #single-# or #two-family residences#, such provisions shall also apply to #rooming units#, unless specifically stated.

easement volume

Applicable to Article VI - Chapter 6

Last Amended 10/7/2021

FROM [66-11](#): For the purposes of this Chapter, an “easement volume” shall refer to an area of the *zoning lot* used to accommodate either:

- (a) station access infrastructure, including but not limited to elevators, stairs, escalators, ramps or fare control areas; or
- (b) ancillary facilities that are needed to support transit system functionality.

eastern perimeter street

Applicable to Article XII - Chapter 4

FROM [124-02](#):

eastern perimeter street

The “eastern perimeter street” shall be a way intended for general public use located and designed in accordance with requirements set forth in Section [124-31](#), inclusive.

eligible zoning districts

Applicable to Article VI - Chapter 6

Last Amended 10/7/2021

FROM [66-11](#): For the purposes of this Chapter, “eligible zoning districts” shall refer to the following zoning districts:

- (a) R5D, R6, R7, R8, R9 or R10 Districts;
- (b) *Commercial Districts* mapped within, or with an equivalent of an R5, R5D, R6, R7, R8, R9, or R10 District;
- (c) M1 Districts paired with R6 through R10 Districts; or
- (d) *Manufacturing Districts*.

encroachment

Applicable to Article VIII - Chapter 1

Last Amended 2/2/2011

A projection beyond the #setback line#, the #free zone# or the #half-setback line# by any portion of a #building# that exceeds the maximum height permitted at the #street line#. (See illustration of #Compensating Recess# and #Encroachment#)

encroachment grid

Applicable to Article VIII - Chapter 1

Last Amended 2/2/2011

A plan drawing of the #zoning lot# at any given height above #curb level# selected to determine compliance with the provisions of Section [81-26](#) and showing, for that height, #street lines#, #setback lines#, #half-setback lines#, #Zone A# (the #free zone#), #Zone B# and #Zone C# (#encroachment zones#) and, where applicable, the #ten-foot setback line#. The #encroachment grid# serves as a device for measuring areas of #encroachment# beyond the #free zone# and areas of #compensating recess# within the #free zone#. (See illustration of #Encroachment Grid#)

[ENCROACHMENT GRID image]

energy infrastructure equipment

General Definition

Last Amended 12/6/2023

“Energy infrastructure equipment” shall include renewable energy generation systems, such as solar or wind energy systems, and energy storage systems, such as fuel cells and batteries, which are essential throughout all districts in order to support the acceleration towards a distributed energy grid with electricity from fully renewable sources.

#Energy infrastructure equipment# shall refer to equipment that is a principal #use# on a #zoning lot#. Where such equipment is #accessory# to another #use#, it shall be considered #accessory# mechanical equipment.

Provisions pertaining to #energy infrastructure equipment# shall apply to all types of renewable energy generation systems, as well as to all types of energy storage systems, unless specific rules are otherwise specified, such as for solar and wind energy systems.

enlargement, or to enlarge

General Definition

Last Amended 2/2/2011

An “enlargement” is an addition to the #floor area# of an existing #building#, an increase in the size of any other structure, or an expansion of an existing #use#, including any #uses accessory# thereto, to an open portion of a #zoning lot# not previously used for such #use#.

To “enlarge” is to make an #enlargement#.

Esplanade

Applicable to Article XI - Chapter 6

FROM [116-01](#):

Esplanade

The “Esplanade” is a park extending along portions of the waterfront edges of the *Special Stapleton Waterfront District*. The *Esplanade* is shown in the District Plan, Map 1 (Special Stapleton Waterfront District, Subareas and Public Spaces), in Appendix A of this Chapter.

Esplanade

Applicable from 84-00 to 84-343
Last Amended 2/2/2011

FROM [84-01](#):

The "Esplanade" is a #public park# extending along all waterfront edges of the #Special Battery Park City District#. The #Esplanade# is shown in the District Plan in Appendix 1.

established airport elevation

Applicable to Article VI - Chapter 1

The "established airport elevation" is the elevation above mean sea level of the highest point of the usable airport landing area for any major airport. The elevation applicable to each major airport is set forth in Section [61-41](#) (Airport Reference Point, Established Elevation and Specified Radii).

extension, or to extend

General Definition
Last Amended 12/15/1961

An "extension" is an increase in the amount of existing #floor area# used for an existing #use#, within an existing #building#.

To "extend" is to make an #extension#.

family

General Definition
Last Amended 12/5/2024

A "family" is either a person occupying a dwelling and maintaining a household, with not more than four boarders, roomers or lodgers, or two or more persons occupying a dwelling, living together and maintaining a common household, with not more than four boarders, roomers or lodgers. A "boarder," "roomer" or "lodger" residing with a family shall mean a person living within the household who pays a consideration for such residence and does not occupy such space within the household as an incident of employment therein.

far lot line

Applicable from 81-271, 81-272, 81-273, 81-274, 81-275, 81-276, 81-277
Last Amended 8/9/2017

A #lot line# intersecting the #street line# of the #vantage street# such that, when viewed from the #vantage point#, the #zoning lot# does not contain any #lot area# that is on the far side of and immediately adjoining the #lot line# at its intersection with the #street line#. (See illustration of #Far Lot Line# and #Vantage Point#)

[#FAR LOT LINE# graphic]

final site plan

Applicable to Article XII - Chapter 7

FROM [127-04](#):

final site plan

A "final site plan" is a plan that specifies the final design for the location, dimensions, and grading of all or portions of the #publicly accessible private streets# or #upland connection# that are the subject of a certification pursuant to paragraphs (a) or (b) of Section [127-422](#) or paragraphs (a)(1) or (a)(2) of Section [127-542](#). Where applicable, the design of such plan shall be consistent with any #conceptual plan# for the same portion of the #publicly accessible private street# or #upland connection# and, once certified and implemented in accordance with paragraph (b) of Section [127-422](#) or paragraph (a) of Section [127-542](#), such plan shall supersede any #interim plan# for the same portion of a #publicly accessible private street# or #upland connection#.

fire wall

General Definition
Last Amended 2/2/2011

- (a) A "fire wall" is a fire-resistance-rated smoke-tight wall having protected openings which restricts the spread of fire and extends vertically without offset, continuously from the foundation to or through the roof, and is in accordance with the specifications of the New York City Building Code for fire walls or fire wall separations, as applicable.
- (b) Where a wall constructed prior to February 2, 2011, does not meet the requirements of paragraph (a), but does meet the fire wall specifications of the New York City Building Code pursuant to which it was constructed, such wall shall be considered a #fire wall#. In the event that such wall either fails to meet such specifications, or no specifications for #fire walls# existed at the time of its construction, the Commissioner of the Department of Buildings shall determine whether such wall shall be considered a #fire wall# for the purpose of determining the boundary of a #building#.

first story above the flood elevation

Applicable to Article VI - Chapter 4

The "first story above the flood elevation" shall be the finished floor level of the first #story# located at or above the level at which a #building# complies with #flood-resistant construction standards# and, for #buildings# utilizing the #reference plane#, shall be no lower than the particular level established as the #reference plane#.

flashing sign

General Definition
see #sign, flashing#

flight obstruction area

Applicable to Article VI - Chapter 1

The “flight obstruction area” comprises all areas of land or water below the #airport referenced imaginary surfaces# for each airport.

floating structure

Applicable to Article VI - Chapter 2

A “floating structure” is any vessel, barge or other water-supported structure, other than a floating dock #accessory# to a WD #use#, which is bounded by either open water, a dock or the #lot lines# of a #zoning lot#, and that is permanently moored or otherwise attached to a #pier#, wharf, dock, #platform#, bulkhead or flotation system for a period of more than 180 consecutive days. Support by means of a cradle or as a result of natural siltation shall not exempt a normally water-supported structure from this definition.

Any water-supported structure, other than a navigational vessel, docked for not more than 180 consecutive days for a purpose other than navigation or #accessory# to a WD #use#, shall be deemed to be a “temporary #floating structure#.” Such temporary #floating structures# shall only be permitted subject to the approval of the Commissioner of Buildings or Business Services, as applicable.

floating structure

Applicable to Article XIV - Chapter 4

A “floating structure” is any vessel, barge or other water-supported structure, other than a floating dock #accessory# to a WD #use#, which is bounded by either open water, a dock or the #lot lines# of a #zoning lot#, and that is permanently moored or otherwise attached to a #pier#, wharf, dock, #platform#, bulkhead or flotation system for a period of more than 180 consecutive days. Support by means of a cradle or as a result of natural siltation shall not exempt a normally water-supported structure from this definition.

Any water-supported structure, other than a navigational vessel, docked for not more than 180 consecutive days for a purpose other than navigation or #accessory# to a WD #use#, shall be deemed to be a “temporary #floating structure#.” Such temporary #floating structures# shall only be permitted subject to the approval of the Commissioner of Buildings or Business Services, as applicable.

flood map

Applicable to Article VI - Chapter 4

“Flood map” shall be the most recent map or map data used as the basis for #flood-resistant construction standards#.

flood zone

General Definition

Last Amended 5/12/2021

The “flood zone” shall include the #high-risk flood zone# and the #moderate-risk flood zone#, as defined in Section [64-11](#) (Definitions) and as indicated on the #flood maps#

flood-resistant building

Applicable to Article VI - Chapter 4

A “flood-resistant building” is a #building or other structure#, which complies with all applicable #flood-resistant construction standards#

flood-resistant construction elevation

Applicable to Article VI - Chapter 4

The “flood-resistant construction elevation” shall be the level of flood elevation required by Appendix G of the New York City Building Code for the “Flood design classification” of a #building or other structure# as set forth therein, or a height of two feet above the lowest grade adjacent to the #building or other structure#, whichever is higher.

flood-resistant construction standards

Applicable to Article VI - Chapter 4

“Flood-resistant construction standards” are the construction standards set forth in Appendix G of the New York City Building Code for “Post-FIRM Construction” that aid in protecting #buildings or other structures# in #flood zones# from flood damage, and governs both #building or other structures# that are required to comply with such standards and those that voluntarily comply. For #buildings or other structures# utilizing the provisions of this Chapter, #flood-resistant construction standards# shall be applied up to the #flood-resistant construction elevation# or higher.

floor area

General Definition

Last Amended 12/5/2024

“Floor area” is the sum of the gross areas of the several floors of a #building# or #buildings#, measured from the exterior faces of exterior walls or from the center lines of walls separating two #buildings#. In particular, #floor area# includes:

- (a) #basement# space, except as specifically excluded in this definition;
- (b) elevator shafts or stairwells at each floor, except as specifically excluded in this definition;
- (c) floor space in penthouses;
- (d) attic space (whether or not a floor has been laid) providing structural headroom of eight feet or more;
- (e) floor space in galleries, interior balconies, mezzanines or bridges;
- (f) floor space in open or roofed bridges, breeze ways or porches, if more than 50 percent of the perimeter of such bridge, breeze way or porch is enclosed, and provided that a parapet not higher than 3 feet, 8 inches, or a railing not less than 50 percent open and not higher than 4 feet, 6 inches, shall not constitute an enclosure;
- (g) any other floor space used for dwelling purposes, no matter where located within a #building#, when not specifically excluded;
- (h) floor space in #accessory buildings#, except for floor space used for #accessory# mechanical equipment;
- (i) floor space used for #accessory# off-street loading berths in excess of 200 percent of the amount required by the applicable district regulations;

- (j) floor space that is not otherwise exempt pursuant to this Section and is, or is made, inaccessible within a #building#;
- (k) floor space in exterior balconies or in open or roofed terraces if more than 67 percent of the perimeter of such balcony or terrace is enclosed and provided that parapets, railings or safety guards, whether applied singly, or in combination, shall not constitute an enclosure when meeting the following criteria:
 - (1) parapets shall not exceed four feet in height;
 - (2) railings shall not exceed 4 feet, 6 inches, and shall be at least 50 percent open for the portion that exceeds four feet in height; and
 - (3) safety guards shall not exceed 10 feet in height and shall be at least 90 percent transparent for the portion that exceeds four feet in height. In addition, where such balcony or terrace has a roofed portion above it, there shall be an opening that is not less than 40 percent of the height between the bottom of the roof and the finished floor level of such balcony.

For the purposes of such calculation, exterior #building# walls on adjoining #zoning lots abutting# an open or roofed terrace shall not constitute an enclosure. A sun control device that is accessible for purposes other than for maintenance shall be considered a balcony; and

- (l) any other floor space not specifically excluded.

However, the #floor area# of a #building# shall not include:

- (1) #cellar# space, except where such space is used for dwelling purposes. #Cellar# space used for retailing shall be included for the purpose of calculating requirements for #accessory# off-street parking spaces, #accessory# bicycle parking spaces and #accessory# off-street loading berths;
- (2) elevator or stair bulkheads, #accessory# water tanks, or cooling towers, except that such exclusions shall not apply in R2A Districts;
- (3) uncovered steps;
- (4) attic space (whether or not a floor has been laid) providing structural headroom of less than eight feet;
- (5) floor space in open or roofed bridges, breeze ways or porches, provided that not more than 50 percent of the perimeter of such bridge, breeze way or porch is enclosed, and provided that a parapet not higher than 3 feet, 8 inches, or a railing not less than 50 percent open and not higher than 4 feet, 6 inches, shall not constitute an enclosure;
- (6) floor space used for #accessory# off-street parking spaces provided in any #story#:
 - (i) up to 300 square feet per #single-# or #two-family residence#, on #zoning lots# where individual parking spaces accessory to #residential# #uses# are provided;
 - (ii) within #group parking facilities# located not more than 23 feet above #curb level#, except where such floor space used for #accessory# parking is contained within a #public parking garage#; or
 - (iii) within #automated parking facilities# located not more than 40 feet above #curb level#, except where such floor space used for #accessory# parking is contained within a #public parking garage#;
- (7) floor space used for #accessory# off-street loading berths, up to 200 percent of the amount required by the applicable district regulation;
- (8) floor space used for #accessory# mechanical equipment. Such exclusion shall also include the minimum necessary floor space to provide for necessary maintenance and access to such equipment. For the purposes of calculating floor space used for mechanical equipment, #building segments# on a single #zoning lot# may be considered to be separate #buildings#;
- (9) floor space in exterior balconies or in open or roofed terraces provided that not more than 67 percent of the perimeter of such balcony or terrace is enclosed and provided that parapets, railings or safety guards, whether applied singly or in combination, shall not constitute an enclosure when meeting the following criteria:
 - (i) parapets shall not exceed four feet in height;
 - (ii) railings shall not exceed 4 feet, 6 inches, and shall be at least 50 percent open for the portion that exceeds four feet in height; and
 - (iii) safety guards shall not exceed 10 feet in height and shall be at least 90 percent transparent for the portion that exceeds four feet in height. In addition, where such balcony or terrace has a roofed portion above it, there shall be an opening that is not less than 40 percent of the height between the bottom of the roof and the finished floor level of such balcony,

For the purposes of such calculation, exterior #building# walls on adjoining #zoning lots abutting# an open or roofed terrace shall not constitute an enclosure. A sun control device that is accessible for purposes other than for maintenance shall be considered a balcony;

- (10) floor space within stairwells:
 - (i) at each floor of #buildings# containing #residences developed# or #enlarged# after April 16, 2008, that are greater than 125 feet in height, provided that:
 - (a) such stairwells are located on a #story# containing #residences#;
 - (b) such stairwells are used as a required means of egress from such #residences#;
 - (c) such stairwells have a minimum width of 44 inches;
 - (d) such floor space excluded from #floor area# shall be limited to a maximum of eight inches of stair and landing width measured along the length of the stairwell enclosure at each floor; and
 - (e) where such stairwells serve non-#residential uses# on any floor, or are located within multi-level #dwelling units#, the entire floor space within such stairwells on such floors shall count as #floor area#;
 - (ii) at each floor of #buildings developed# or #enlarged# after April 28, 2015, that are 420 feet or greater in height, provided that:
 - (a) such stairwells serve a space with an occupancy group other than Group R-2, as classified in the New York City Building Code, that is located at or above a height of 420 feet; and
 - (b) such floor space excluded from #floor area# shall be limited to:
 - (a) the 25 percent of stair and landing width required by the New York City Building Code which is provided in addition to the stair and landing widths required by such Code for means of egress; or

- (b) the one stairwell required by the New York City Building Code which is provided in addition to the stairwells required by such Code for means of egress. For the purposes of this paragraph, such additional stairwell shall include the stair and landings as well as any walls enclosing the stair and landings;

- (11) floor space used for the storage of equipment by the Fire Department pursuant to the New York City Fire Code, Section 511.7 (Storage space for pre-positioned department equipment) in #buildings# that are 420 feet or greater in height;
- (12) #qualifying exterior wall thickness#;
- (13) floor space in a #qualifying rooftop greenhouse#;
- (14) floor space on a sun control device, where such space is inaccessible other than for maintenance;
- (15) floor space within a #fully electrified building# or an #ultra low energy building#, of an amount equivalent to five percent of the #floor area# located within such #building#, and exclusive of any floor space otherwise excluded from #floor area#;
- (16) floor space in #buildings# containing #multiple dwelling residences# allocated to #building# amenities, corridors, refuse storage or disposal, or access to elevated ground floor #dwelling units# that is provided in accordance with the provisions of Section [23-23](#), inclusive;
- (17) floor space in #Quality Housing buildings# that was exempted pursuant the Quality Housing Program, as such program existed prior to December 5, 2024.

floor area ratio

General Definition
Last Amended 2/2/2011

"Floor area ratio" is the total #floor area# on a #zoning lot#, divided by the #lot area# of that #zoning lot#. If two or more #buildings# are located on the same #zoning lot#, the #floor area ratio# is the sum of their #floor areas# divided by the #lot area#. (For example, a #zoning lot# of 10,000 square feet with a #building# containing 20,000 square feet of #floor area# has a #floor area ratio# of 2.0, and a #zoning lot# of 20,000 square feet with two #buildings# containing a total of 40,000 square feet of #floor area# also has a #floor area ratio# of 2.0)

former railroad right-of-way

General Definition
Last Amended 12/5/2024

see #railroad right-of-way, former#

Free zone

Applicable to Article VIII - Chapter 1
Last Amended 2/2/2011

That portion of a #zoning lot#, at any given height, which may be covered by a #building# without coverage constituting an #encroachment# that requires daylight compensation.

In addition to the area that lies behind a #setback line# or #setback lines#, the #free zone# shall include areas between the #setback line# and either the #half-setback line# or the #ten-foot setback line#, whichever is further from the #street line#, and which qualify as #free zone# areas under the #middle one-third rule#. The #free zone# is referred to as #Zone A# on the #encroachment grid#.

[FREE ZONE image]

FRESH food store

General Definition
Last Amended 12/15/2021

FROM [63-01](#): A "FRESH food store" is a food store #use# as listed in Section [32-15](#) (Use Group 6), where at least 6,000 square feet of #floor area#, or #cellar# space utilized for retailing, is allocated to the sale of a general line of food and non-food grocery products, such as dairy, canned and frozen foods, fresh fruits and vegetables, fresh and prepared meats, fish and poultry, intended for home preparation and consumption. Such retail space shall be distributed as follows:

- (a) at least 25 percent of such retail space allocated to the sale of perishable goods that shall include dairy, fresh produce, frozen foods and fresh meats, of which at least 500 square feet of such retail space shall be designated for the sale of fresh produce;
- (b) at least 35 percent of such retail space shall be allocated to the sale of non-perishable food; and
- (c) at least 6,000 square feet of such retail space shall be located on one #story#.

A food store shall be certified as a #FRESH food store# by the Chairperson of the City Planning Commission, pursuant to Section [63-30](#) (CERTIFICATION FOR A FRESH FOOD STORE).

front lot line

General Definition
see #lot line, front#

front yard

General Definition
see #yard, front#

front yard line

General Definition
see #yard line, front#

front yard line level

General Definition

see #yard line, front, level (of)#

fully electrified building

General Definition

Last Amended 12/6/2023

A “fully electrified building” is a #building# existing on December 6, 2023 which complies with the requirements of Local Law 154 of 2021, as such requirements would apply to a new #building# where an application for the approval of construction documents is submitted to the Commissioner of Buildings after July 1, 2027.

gambling vessel

General Definition

Last Amended 2/26/1998

A “gambling vessel” is any ferry, sightseeing, excursion, sport fishing or passenger ocean vessel that operates a shipboard gambling business subject to regulation under Title 20-A of the Administrative Code of the City of New York or any successor legislation.

Gowanus mix uses

Applicable to Article XIII - Chapter 9

Last Amended 11/23/2021

From Section [139-01](#): “Gowanus mix uses” are *community facility*, *commercial*, and *manufacturing uses* set forth in Section [139-12](#) (Gowanus Mix Uses).

Gowanus retail and entertainment uses

Applicable to Article XIII - Chapter 9

Last Amended 11/23/2021

From Section [139-01](#): “Gowanus retail and entertainment uses” are *community facility* and *commercial uses* set forth in Section [139-13](#) (Gowanus Retail and Entertainment Uses).

granting lot

Applicable from 81-60, 81-61, 81-611, 81-612, 81-613, 81-62, 81-621, 81-63, 81-631, 81-632, 81-633, 81-634, 81-64, 81-641, 81-642, 81-643, 81-644, 81-645, 81-65, 81-651, 81-652, 81-653, 81-66, 81-661, 81-662, 81-663, 81-67, 81-671, 81-672, 81-673, 81-674, 81-675, 81-676

Last Amended 12/15/2021

For the purposes of Section [81-60](#), inclusive, a “granting lot” shall mean a #zoning lot# that contains a #landmark building or other structure#. Such #granting lot# may transfer development rights pursuant to Sections [81-632](#) (Special permit for transfer of development rights from landmarks to the Vanderbilt Corridor Subarea), [81-642](#) (Transfer of development rights from landmarks to qualifying sites), or [81-653](#) (Special permit for transfer of development rights from landmarks to non-qualifying sites).

Greater Transit Zone

General Definition

see #Transit Zone, Greater#

ground floor level

Applicable to Article XIII - Chapter 2

FROM [132-12](#):

ground floor level

For the purposes of this Chapter, “ground floor level” shall mean a *building’s* lowest *story* located within 30 feet of the *building’s street wall* along a *designated commercial street*.

ground floor level

Applicable to Article III - Chapter 2

Last Amended 6/6/2024

FROM SECTION [32-301](#): The “ground floor level” shall refer to a #building’s# lowest #story# where the level of the finished floor is located within five feet of the adjoining sidewalk.

group parking facility

General Definition

Last Amended 12/5/2024

A “group parking facility” is a #building or other structure# or an open #use# on a #zoning lot# or portion thereof used for the storage of motor vehicles, that contains more than one parking space, has access to the #street# common to all spaces and, if #accessory# to a #residential use#, is designed to serve more than one #dwelling unit#.

A #group parking facility# shall include, but is not limited to, the following:

- (a) an open parking area;
- (b) parking spaces included within, or on the roof of, a #building# not primarily used for parking; or
- (c) a #building# or #buildings# used primarily for parking, including a group of individual garages.

A #group parking facility# shall not include individual parking garages within #buildings# containing #residences# or individual unenclosed #accessory# parking spaces adjacent to #residences# which have access from a #street#, a private street or a driveway common to all the spaces.

Half-setback line

Applicable to Article VIII - Chapter 1
Last Amended 2/2/2011

A line drawn parallel to a #street line# and halfway between the #street line# and the #setback line#. (See illustration of #Setback Line# and #Half-Setback Line#)

health and fitness establishments

General Definition
Last Amended 6/6/2024

A “health and fitness establishment” is any establishment that is equipped and arranged to provide instruction, services, or activities which improve or affect a person’s physical condition by physical exercise or provide relaxation services.

#Health and fitness establishments# include, but are not limited to, the following:

- (a) establishments containing high-intensity #uses#, including:
 - (1) gymnasiums where the predominant use of floor space involves the use of exercise equipment or weights; or
 - (2) gymnasiums and other indoor recreation establishments used for activities, including basketball, martial arts for adults, handball, paddleball, racquetball, squash, tennis, rock climbing, soccer, or volleyball;
- (b) other establishments used for exercises including aerobics, exercise dance, youth martial arts, Pilates, or yoga studios; and
- (c) therapeutic or relaxation service establishments including tanning salons, spas, bathhouses, isolation flotation tanks, or meditation facilities.

Establishments containing high-intensity #uses# listed above are subject to the supplemental #use# regulations of paragraph (c)(2) of Section [32-163](#) and of Section [123-33](#), as applicable.

For “physical culture or health establishments” existing on December 9, 2021, that were allowed pursuant to special permit by the Board of Standards and Appeals, such establishments may continue under the terms and conditions established at approval and may continue after the expiration of such special permit, provided that such establishment is not #enlarged#, #expanded#, or otherwise changed in a manner that deviates from the approved establishment.

As an alternative, a “physical culture or health establishment” existing on December 9, 2021, may continue pursuant to the applicable provisions for #health and fitness establishments#, and may #enlarge#, #expand#, or change the range of activities therein, in accordance with the District regulations, provided that any applicable supplemental #use# regulations are met.

height factor

General Definition
Last Amended 3/22/2016

The “height factor” of a #zoning lot# is equal to the total #floor area# of a #building# divided by its #lot coverage#. If two or more #buildings# are located on the same #zoning lot#, the #height factor# is the sum of their #floor areas# divided by the sum of their #lot coverages#.

For example, a #zoning lot# with a #residential building# containing 60,000 square feet of #floor area# and a #lot coverage# of 5,000 square feet has a #height factor# of 12, and a #zoning lot# with two #residential buildings# containing a total of 80,000 square feet of #floor area# and 10,000 square feet of total #lot coverage# has a #height factor# of 8.

In computing a #height factor#, a fraction of one-half or more may be considered a whole number, and smaller fractions shall be disregarded.

high-risk flood zone

Applicable to Article VI - Chapter 4

The “high-risk flood zone” is the area, as indicated on the #flood maps#, that has a one percent chance of flooding in a given year.

hillside

Applicable to Article X - Chapter 5

FROM [105-01](#):

hillside

A “hillside” is ground where the ratio of change in elevation to horizontal distance results in a 10 percent or greater slope or #average percent of slope#.

hillside

Applicable to Article XI - Chapter 9

FROM [119-01](#):

hillside

A “hillside” is defined as ground where the ratio of change in elevation to horizontal distance results in a 10 percent or greater slope or #average percent of slope#.

home occupation

General Definition
Last Amended 6/6/2024

- (a) A “home occupation” is an #accessory use# that is a home-based, small-scale business or activity which:

- (1) is clearly incidental to or secondary to the #residential use# of a #dwelling unit# or #rooming unit#;
 - (2) is carried on within a #dwelling unit#, #rooming unit#, or #accessory building# by one or more occupants of such #dwelling unit# or #rooming unit#, except that, in connection with the practice of a profession, one person not residing in such #dwelling unit# or #rooming unit# may be employed; and
 - (3) occupies not more than 49 percent of the total #floor area# of such #dwelling unit# or #rooming unit# and in no event more than 1,000 square feet of #floor area#.
- (b) In connection with the operation of a #home occupation#, it shall not be permitted:
- (1) to sell articles produced elsewhere than on the premises;
 - (2) to have exterior displays, or a display of goods visible from the outside;
 - (3) to store materials or products outside of a principal or #accessory building or other structure#;
 - (4) for customers or clients of such #home occupation# to queue or wait for services outside of the #dwelling unit#;
 - (5) to display, in an R1 or R2 District, a nameplate or other #sign# except as permitted in connection with the practice of a profession;
 - (6) to make external structural alterations which are not customary for #residences#; or
 - (7) to produce any danger of fire, explosions, toxic or noxious matter, radiation, or other hazards, or offensive noise, vibration, smoke, dust or other particulate matter, odorous matter, heat, humidity, glare, or other objectionable effects.

Permitted #home occupations# shall not include kennels, animal breeders or veterinary medicine with in-person animal treatment.

home occupation

Applicable to Article XII - Chapter 3

FROM [123-11](#): For the purposes of this Chapter, the #home occupation# provisions of Section [12-10](#) shall apply, except that:

- (a) up to 49 percent of the total #floor area# of a #dwelling unit# may be used for a #home occupation#;
- (b) such #home occupation# may occupy more than 500 square feet of #floor area#; and
- (c) businesses operated as #home occupations# may have up to three employees not residing in the #dwelling unit#.

home occupation

Applicable from 117-50 to 117-57

FROM [117-503](#):

home occupation

Within the Queens Plaza Subdistrict, the #home occupation# provisions of Section [12-10](#) shall apply, except that:

- (a) up to 49 percent of the total #floor area# of a #dwelling unit# may be used for a #home occupation#;
- (b) such #home occupation# may occupy more than 500 square feet of #floor area#; and
- (c) businesses operated as #home occupations# may have up to three employees not residing in the #dwelling unit#.

horizontal surface

Applicable to Article VI - Chapter 1

The "horizontal surface" is an imaginary horizontal plane, circular or elliptical in shape, which:

- (a) is located at a height of 150 feet above the #established airport elevation# for any major airport; and
- (b) is measured on a horizontal radius from the #airport reference point# (or #points#), and extends for a distance set forth in Section [61-41](#) (Airport Reference Point, Established Elevation and Specified Radii).

hotel, apartment

General Definition

Last Amended 2/2/2011

An "apartment hotel" is a #building# or part of a #building# that is a Class A multiple dwelling as defined in the Multiple Dwelling Law, which:

- (a) has three or more #dwelling units# or #rooming units#;
- (b) has one or more common entrances serving all such units; and
- (c) provides one or more of the following services: housekeeping, telephone, desk, or bellhop service, or the furnishing or laundering of linens.

Restaurants, cocktail lounges, or indoor swimming pools are permitted #accessory uses#, provided that in #Residence Districts#, such facilities shall be accessible only through the lobby and there shall be no #signs# except as permitted by the applicable district regulations. Public banquet halls, ballrooms, or meeting rooms are not permitted #accessory uses#.

hotel, transient

General Definition

Last Amended 8/17/1990

A "transient hotel" is a #building# or part of a #building# in which:

- (a) living or sleeping accommodations are used primarily for transient occupancy, and may be rented on a daily basis;
- (b) one or more common entrances serve all such living or sleeping units; and
- (c) twenty-four hour desk service is provided, in addition to one or more of the following services: housekeeping, telephone, or bellhop service, or the furnishing or laundering of linens.

Permitted #accessory uses# include restaurants, cocktail lounges, public banquet halls, ballrooms, or meeting rooms.

Hudson Yards Redevelopment Area

Applicable to Article IX - Chapter 3

The “Hudson Yards Redevelopment Area” shall be the areas within the #Special Hudson Yards District#, Subdistrict A-2 of the #Special Garment Center District#, the 42nd Street Perimeter Area of the #Special Clinton District#, and the area bounded by the center line of Eleventh Avenue, the northern # street line# of West 43rd Street, the westerly prolongation of the northern #street line# of West 43rd Street to the U.S. Pierhead Line, the U.S. Pierhead Line, the westerly prolongation of the southern #street line# of West 29th Street to the U.S. Pierhead Line, and the southern #street line# of West 29th Street. However, the area bounded by the westerly side of Eleventh Avenue, the southerly side of West 43rd Street, the westerly side of Twelfth Avenue and the northerly side of West 33rd Street shall not be included in the #Hudson Yards Redevelopment Area#, except for any portion of such #blocks# containing a transit easement for subway-related use. Furthermore, the #Hudson Yards Redevelopment Area# shall not include any underground connections from a subway station to any #use# located on such excluded #blocks# or between any such #uses#.

illuminated sign

General Definition

see #sign, illuminated#

Impeded access frontage

Applicable to Article III - Chapter 2

Last Amended 6/6/2024

An “impeded access frontage” shall refer to #zoning lot# frontages along a #transportation-infrastructure-adjacent frontage# where direct vehicular or pedestrian access to areas beyond such infrastructure is inaccessible from all #streets# bounding the #block# containing the subject #zoning lot#.

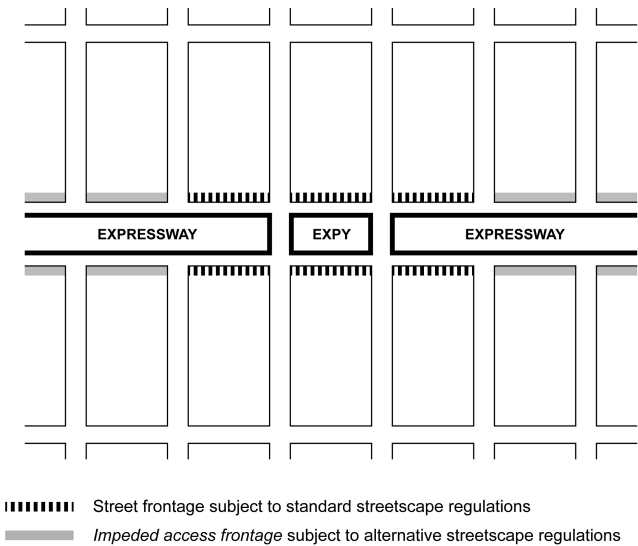


DIAGRAM ILLUSTRATING IMPEDED ACCESS FRONTAGE

incidental alteration

General Definition

see #alteration, incidental#

inclusionary housing area, mandatory

General Definition

see #Mandatory Inclusionary Housing area#

income-restricted housing unit

General Definition

Last Amended 12/5/2024

For the purposes of determining the applicable parking regulations for existing #buildings#, an “income-restricted housing unit” is a #dwelling unit#:

- (a) for which the number of required #accessory# off-street parking spaces was established pursuant to the provisions of Section 25-25 (Modification of Requirements for Income-Restricted Housing Units, Affordable Independent Residences for Seniors or Other Government-Assisted Dwelling Units) as such Section existed between March 22, 2016 and December 5, 2024;
- (b) for which the number of required #accessory# off-street parking spaces was established pursuant to the provisions of Section 25-25 (Modification of Requirements for Income-Restricted Housing

Units, Affordable Independent Residences for Seniors or Other Government-Assisted Dwelling Units) as such Section existed between December 15, 1961, and March 22, 2016; or

- (c) in public housing developments owned by the New York City Housing Authority for which the applicable number of required #accessory# off-street parking spaces was established pursuant to the zoning regulations in effect between July 20, 1950, and December 15, 1961.

industrial floor space

General Definition
Last Amended 6/6/2024

“Industrial floor space” is #floor area# or #cellar# space, excluding mechanical space and common space such as hallways, lobbies or stairways, with a minimum clear height from floor to ceiling of 15 feet, and allocated to #referenced commercial or manufacturing uses#.

initial setback distance

General Definition
Last Amended 12/15/1961

An “initial setback distance” is a horizontal distance measured from a #street line# into a #zoning lot# for a depth as set forth in the district regulations.

inner court

General Definition

see #court, inner#

inner court recess

General Definition
see #court recess, inner#

Inner Transit Zone

General Definition
Last Amended 12/5/2024

see #Transit Zone, Inner#

interim site plan

Applicable to Article XII - Chapter 7

FROM [127-04](#):

interim site plan

An “interim site plan” is a plan that specifies, for an interim period, the design for the location, dimensions, and grading of portions of the #publicly accessible private street# or #upland connection# that are the subject of a certification pursuant to paragraph (b)(1) of Section [127-422](#) or paragraph (a)(1) of Section [127-542](#) and located on the applicant’s #zoning lot#. A design for an interim period is necessary where it is not feasible to implement the final design for such portions until build-out of the remaining portions of the #publicly accessible private street# or #upland connection# occurs. Such #interim site plan#, once certified, shall remain in effect until implementation of the #final site plan# in accordance with paragraph (b) of Section [127-422](#) or paragraph (a) of Section [127-542](#), at which time the certified #final site plan# shall supersede the #interim site plan#.

interior lot

General Definition
see #lot, interior#

joint living-work quarters for artists

General Definition
Last Amended 12/5/2024

A “joint living-work quarters for artists” consists of one or more #rooms# in a #non-residential building#, on one or more floors, with lawful cooking space and sanitary facilities meeting the requirements of the Housing Maintenance Code, occupied:

- (a) and arranged and designed for use by, and is used by, not more than four non-related #artists#, or an #artist# and the #artist’s# household, and including adequate working space reserved for the #artist#, or #artists# residing therein;
- (b) by any household residing therein on September 15, 1986, whose members are all unable to meet the #artist# certification qualifications of the Department of Cultural Affairs that registers with the Department of Cultural Affairs prior to nine months from January 8, 1987; or
- (c) by any person who is entitled to occupancy by any other provision of law.

Regulations governing #joint living-work quarters for artists# are set forth in Article I, Chapter 5, Sections [42-315](#) (Use regulations in M1-5B Districts), [43-17](#) (Special Provisions for Joint Living-Work Quarters for Artists in M1-5B Districts) and [74-78](#) (Conversions of Non-residential Floor Area).

land with minor improvements

General Definition
Last Amended 2/2/2011

“Land with minor improvements” is a tract of land or a #zoning lot# that:

- (a) does not contain any #building or other structure#; or
- (b) involves #buildings or other structures#, or other improvements, located underground or substantially at ground level, with a total assessed valuation, excluding land, of less than \$14,500 as of February 2, 2011, as determined from the assessment rolls in effect on the applicable date on which such #use# is changed, damaged or destroyed, or terminated, in accordance with the provisions of Sections [52-32](#), [52-52](#) or [52-72](#) (Land with Minor Improvements). The Chairperson of the City Planning Commission shall adjust this figure annually. Such adjustment shall occur on August 1 of each calendar year, based on the percentage change in the Consumer Price Index for all urban consumers as defined by the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics for the twelve months ended on June 30 of that year.

landmark building or other structure

Applicable from 81-60, 81-61, 81-611, 81-612, 81-613, 81-62, 81-621, 81-63, 81-631, 81-632, 81-633, 81-634, 81-64, 81-641, 81-642, 81-643, 81-644, 81-645, 81-65, 81-651, 81-652, 81-653, 81-66, 81-661, 81-662, 81-663, 81-67, 81-671, 81-672, 81-673, 81-674, 81-675, 81-676

Last Amended 12/15/2021

For the purposes of Section [81-60](#), inclusive, a “landmark building or other structure” shall include any structure designated as a landmark by the Landmarks Preservation Commission pursuant to the New York City Charter and Administrative Code, but shall not include those portions of #zoning lots# used for cemetery purposes, statues, monuments or bridges. No transfer of development rights is permitted pursuant to Section [81-60](#), inclusive, from those portions of #zoning lots# used for cemetery purposes, or any structures within historic districts, statues, monuments or bridges.

large site

General Definition

Last Amended 12/5/2024

A “large site” is either a single #zoning lot# with a #lot area# of at least 1.5 acres, or two or more #zoning lots# under single fee ownership or alternate ownership arrangements that are contiguous or would be contiguous but for their separation by a #street# with a #lot area# of at least 1.5 acres.

large-scale community facility development

General Definition

Last Amended 2/2/2011

A “large-scale community facility development” contains one or more #buildings# on a single #zoning lot# or two or more #zoning lots# that are contiguous or would be contiguous but for their separation by a #street# or a #street# intersection, used predominantly for #community facility uses#, and:

- (a) has or will have an area of at least three acres;
- (b) has been or is to be used, #developed# or #enlarged# as a unit:
 - (1) under single fee ownership or alternate ownership arrangements as set forth in the #zoning lot# definition in Section [12-10](#) (DEFINITIONS) for all #zoning lots# comprising the #large-scale community facility development#; or
 - (2) under single fee, alternate or separate ownership, either:
 - (i) pursuant to an urban renewal plan for a designated urban renewal area containing such #zoning lots#; or
 - (ii) through assemblage by any other governmental agency, or its agent, having the power of condemnation; and
- (c) shall be located entirely in a #Residence District# or in a C1, C2, C3 or C4-1 District.

Such #zoning lots# may include any land occupied by #buildings# existing at the time an application is submitted to the City Planning Commission under the provisions of Article VII, Chapter 9, provided that such #buildings# form an integral part of the #large-scale community facility development#.

large-scale development

General Definition

Last Amended 2/2/2011

A “large-scale development” is either a #large-scale community facility development#, a #large-scale general development# or a #large-scale residential development#.

large-scale general development

General Definition

Last Amended 2/2/2011

A “large-scale general development” contains one or more #buildings# on a single #zoning lot# or two or more #zoning lots# that are contiguous or would be contiguous but for their separation by a #street# or a #street# intersection and is not either a #large-scale residential development# or a #large-scale community facility development#; and:

- (a) has or will have an area of at least 1.5 acres;
- (b) has been or is to be used, #developed# or #enlarged# as a unit:
 - (1) under single fee ownership or alternate ownership arrangements as set forth in the #zoning lot# definition in Section [12-10](#) (DEFINITIONS) for all #zoning lots# comprising the #large-scale general development#; or
 - (2) under single fee, alternate or separate ownership, either:
 - (i) pursuant to an urban renewal plan for a designated urban renewal area containing such #zoning lots#; or
 - (ii) through assemblage by any other governmental agency, or its agent, having the power of condemnation; and
- (c) shall be located in whole or in part in any #Commercial# or #Manufacturing District#, subject to the restrictions of paragraph (a)(1) of Section [74-743](#) (Special provisions for bulk modification).

Such #zoning lots# may include any land occupied by #buildings# existing at the time an application is submitted to the City Planning Commission under the provisions of Article VII, Chapter 4, provided that such #buildings# form an integral part of the #large-scale general development#, and provided that there is no #bulk# distribution from a #zoning lot# containing such existing #buildings#. In C5 and C6 Districts, however, a #large-scale general development# having a minimum #lot area# of five acres may include a #zoning lot# that contains an existing #building# that is not integrally related to the other parts of the #large-scale general development#, provided that such #building# covers less than 15 percent of the #lot area# of the #large-scale general development# and provided that there is no #bulk#

distribution from a #zoning lot# containing such existing #building#.

large-scale residential development

General Definition

Last Amended 2/2/2011

A "large-scale residential development" contains one or more #buildings# on a single #zoning lot# or two or more #zoning lots# that are contiguous or would be contiguous but for their separation by a #street# or a #street# intersection, used predominantly for #residential uses# and:

- (a) has or will have an area of at least 1.5 acres and a total of at least three principal #buildings#, or an area of at least three acres and a total of at least 500 #dwelling units#;
- (b) has been or is to be #developed# as a unit:
 - (1) under single fee ownership or alternate ownership arrangements as set forth in the #zoning lot# definition in Section [12-10](#) (DEFINITIONS) for all #zoning lots# comprising the #large-scale residential development#; or
 - (2) under single fee, alternate or separate ownership, either:
 - (i) pursuant to an urban renewal plan for a designated urban renewal area containing such #zoning lots#; or
 - (ii) through assemblage by any other governmental agency, or its agent, having the power of condemnation;
- (c) shall be located entirely in a #Residence District# or in a C1, C2, C3 or C4-1 District; and
- (d) shall not include any #zoning lots# occupied by existing #buildings# to remain; and in staged developments, existing #buildings# proposed for demolition shall not be permitted to create a temporary #non-compliance#.

legally required window

General Definition

Last Amended 2/2/2011

A "legally required window" is a window or portion of a window (including a window either in addition to or as a substitute for mechanical ventilation) which is required by any applicable law or statute to provide light or ventilation to a "living room," as defined in the Housing Maintenance Code.

Limited Height District

General Definition

Last Amended 12/5/2024

A "Limited Height District" is a district whose designation begins with the letters "LH," and in which the heights of #buildings# or other structures# are limited in accordance with the provisions of Sections [23-443](#) (Special provisions in other geographies), [24-591](#) or [33-491](#) (Limited Height Districts).

#Limited Height Districts# appear on the #zoning maps# superimposed upon other districts. Their regulations supplement the regulations of the districts on which they are superimposed.

#Limited Height Districts# are confined to areas or portions of areas established by the Landmarks Preservation Commission and the Board of Estimate, or its successor, as "Historic Districts" pursuant to Chapter 8-A of the New York City Charter and Chapter 8-A of the New York City Administrative Code.

Long Island City area

Applicable to Article I - Chapter 6

FROM [16-02](#): For the purposes of this Chapter, "Long Island City area" shall refer to the area within the boundaries shown on the map in Section [16-03](#).

long-term care facility

General Definition

Last Amended 12/5/2024

A "long-term care facility" is a #community facility use# that has secured appropriate certificate of authority or licensure by the New York State Department of Health and shall include:

- (a) nursing homes or assisted living facilities as defined in the New York State Public Health Law; and
- (b) continuing care retirement communities, consisting of independent living #dwelling units# in addition to nursing home beds and assisted living facilities as defined in the Public Health Law. Such continuing care retirement communities may be located in one or more #buildings# on the same or contiguous #zoning lots#, or on lots which would be contiguous but for their separation by a #street#. All such continuing care retirement communities shall:
 - (1) offer a life care contract that includes unlimited long-term care services along with housing for independent living and #residential# services and amenities; and
 - (2) include fewer independent living #dwelling units# than the combined number of assisted living #dwelling units# or #rooming units# and nursing home beds on such same or contiguous #zoning lots#, or on lots which would be contiguous but for their separation by a #street#. For the purposes of this calculation, the number of such assisted living #dwelling units# or #rooming units# shall be the number of such units in the State-licensed assisted living facilities or assisted living #residences#; and the number of such nursing home beds shall be the number of authorized State-licensed nursing home beds, as applicable. For the purposes of this definition, the term "rooming units" shall be as defined in the New York City Housing Maintenance Code.

If a continuing care retirement community does not comply with conditions (1) and (2) above, the independent living #dwelling units# shall be considered a #residential use#.

For the purposes of applying the #bulk# regulations of this Resolution to #buildings# containing #long-term care facilities#, the #residential bulk# regulations applicable to #qualifying senior housing# shall be applied. In applying such #residential# #bulk# provisions, #long-term care facilities# shall be considered #residential#, and the term #dwelling unit# shall include "dwelling units" and "rooming units", as set forth in the Housing Maintenance Code.

lot area

General Definition

Last Amended 2/20/1964

"Lot area" is the area of a #zoning lot#.

lot coverage

General Definition
Last Amended 3/22/2016

"Lot coverage" is that portion of a #zoning lot# which, when viewed directly from above, would be covered by a #building# or any part of a #building#. However, for purposes of computing a #height factor#, any portion of such #building# covered by a roof which qualifies as #open space#, or any terrace, balcony, breeze way, or porch or portion thereof not included in the #floor area# of a #building#, shall not be included in #lot coverage#.

For example, a #zoning lot# of 20,000 square feet consists of one portion, 100 feet by 100 feet, as a #corner lot# portion, and another portion, 100 feet by 100 feet, as an #interior lot# portion. In a district that allows 70 percent coverage of the #interior lot# portion, that portion can have a #lot coverage# of 7,000 square feet, while the #corner lot# portion which is allowed 100 percent coverage can have a #lot coverage# of 10,000 square feet.

When a #height factor# is not computed for a #residential building# or #residential# portion of a #building#, obstructions permitted pursuant to Section [23-341](#) (Permitted obstructions in required yards or rear yard equivalents) shall not be included in #lot coverage#, except that the portion of any balcony which does not project from the face of the #building# shall be counted as #lot coverage#.

lot depth

General Definition
Last Amended 12/15/1961

"Lot depth" is the mean horizontal distance between the #front lot line# and #rear lot line# of a #zoning lot#. In the case of a #corner lot#, the #lot depth# is the greater of the mean horizontal distances between the #front lot lines# and the respective #side lot line# opposite each.

lot line

General Definition
Last Amended 12/15/1961

A "lot line" is a boundary of a #zoning lot#.

lot line, front

General Definition
Last Amended 12/15/1961

A "front lot line" is a #street line#.

lot line, rear

General Definition
Last Amended 12/15/1961

A "rear lot line" is any #lot line# of a #zoning lot# except a #front lot line#, which is parallel or within 45 degrees of being parallel to, and does not intersect, any #street line# bounding such #zoning lot#.

lot line, side

General Definition
Last Amended 12/15/1961

A "side lot line" is any #lot line# which is not a #front lot line# or a #rear lot line#.

lot width

General Definition
Last Amended 12/15/1961

"Lot width" is the mean horizontal distance between the #side lot lines# of a #zoning lot#.

lot, corner

General Definition
Last Amended 5/20/1965

A "corner lot" is either a #zoning lot# bounded entirely by #streets#, or a #zoning lot# which adjoins the point of intersections of two or more #streets# and in which the interior angle formed by the extensions of the #street lines# in the directions which they take at their intersections with #lot lines# other than #street lines#, forms an angle of 135 degrees or less. In the event that any #street line# is a curve at its point of intersection with a #lot line# other than a #street line#, the tangent to the curve at that point shall be considered the direction of the #street line#. The portion of such #zoning lot# subject to the regulations for #corner lots# is that portion bounded by the intersecting #street line# and lines parallel to and 100 feet from each intersecting #street line#. Any remaining portion of a #corner lot# shall be subject to the regulations for a #through lot# or for an #interior lot#, whichever is applicable.

lot, interior

General Definition
Last Amended 12/15/1961

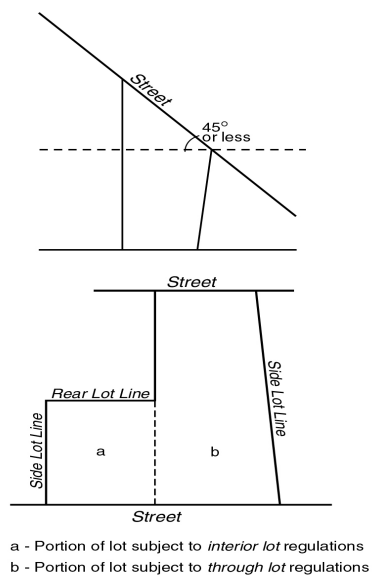
An "interior lot" is any #zoning lot# neither a #corner lot# nor a #through lot#.

lot, through

General Definition
Last Amended 12/15/1961

A "through lot" is any #zoning lot#, not a #corner lot#, which adjoins two #street lines# opposite to each other and parallel or within 45 degrees of being parallel to each other. Any portion of a #through lot#

which is not or could not be bounded by two such opposite #street lines# and two straight lines intersecting such #street lines# shall be subject to the regulations for an #interior lot#.



THROUGH LOT

lot, zoning

General Definition

see #zoning lot#

lower density growth management area

General Definition

Last Amended 12/5/2024

A “lower density growth management area” is any R1, R2, R3, R4A, R4-1 or C3A District in the following designated areas, and any #zoning lot# containing #buildings# accessed by #private roads# in R1, R2, R3, R4, R5 or C3A Districts within such areas:

The Borough of Staten Island

Community District 10 in the Borough of the Bronx

In the Borough of Staten Island, #lower density growth management areas# shall also include any C1, C2 or C4 District.

Lower street wall

Applicable to Article X - Chapter 4

FROM: [104-01](#):

Lower street wall

“Lower street wall” is that portion of the #street wall# of a #building# that extends from grade to the height set forth in Section [104-33](#), paragraph (a).

lowest usable floor

Applicable to Article VI - Chapter 4

The “lowest usable floor” of a #building# is the lowest floor of such #building# that contains #floor area#, and may include #basements# and #cellars#, as defined in Section [12-10](#) (DEFINITIONS).

mandatory front building wall

Applicable to Article XI - Chapter 6

FROM [116-01](#):

mandatory front building wall

A "mandatory front building wall" is the front wall of a *building* that generally coincides with a *mandatory front building wall line*, as provided in Section [116-232](#) (Street wall location).

mandatory front building wall line

Applicable to Article XI - Chapter 6

FROM [116-01](#):

mandatory front building wall line

"Mandatory front building wall lines" are imaginary lines extending through Subarea B of the *Special Stapleton Waterfront District* which are shown on Map 3 (Mandatory Front Building Wall Lines) in Appendix A of this Chapter, and with which *building* walls must generally coincide, as provided in Section [116-232](#).

mandatory front building wall lines

Applicable from 84-00 to 84-343
Last Amended 2/2/2011

FROM: [84-01](#):

"Mandatory front building wall lines" are imaginary lines extending through Zone A and Zone C of the #Special Battery Park City District# which, except as shown in Appendices 2.1 and 3.1 of this Chapter, coincide with #street lines# and with which #building# walls must generally coincide, as provided in Sections [84-132](#) and [84-332](#) (Mandatory front building walls).

mandatory widened sidewalk

Applicable to Article X - Chapter 4
FROM: [104-01](#):

mandatory widened sidewalk

A "mandatory widened sidewalk" is a paved area along the #front lot line# of a #zoning lot# at the same elevation as the adjoining sidewalk and directly accessible to the public at all times. #Mandatory widened sidewalks# are shown on Map 3 (Widened Sidewalk Lines) in Appendix A of this Chapter.

mandatory widened sidewalk line

Applicable to Article X - Chapter 4
FROM [104-01](#):

mandatory widened sidewalk line

A "mandatory widened sidewalk line" is the line shown on Map 3 in Appendix A of this Chapter.

Manhattan Core

General Definition
The "Manhattan Core" is the area within Manhattan Community Districts 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8.

manufacturing

General Definition
Last Amended 6/6/2024

A "manufacturing" #use# is any #use# listed in

District Type	Use Group
#Residence Districts#	N/A
#Commercial Districts#	N/A
#Manufacturing Districts#	X

manufacturing district

General Definition
Last Amended 2/2/2011

A "Manufacturing District" includes any district whose designation begins with the letter "M."
For example, an "M1" District includes any district whose designation begins with the symbol "M1."

mass transit station

Applicable to Article VI - Chapter 6
Last Amended 10/7/2021

FROM [66-11](#): For the purposes of this Chapter, "mass transit station" shall refer to any subway or rail *mass transit station* operated by a *transit agency*. Such *mass transit stations* shall include all publicly accessible parts of the station, including but not limited to stairs, escalators, elevators, corridors, platforms, and fare control areas inclusive of paid and unpaid areas of the station. Publicly accessible parts of the station shall also include stairs, escalators, elevators, corridors and fare control areas that are currently closed but could be reopened and that have previously been open to the public.

middle one-third rule

Applicable to Article VIII - Chapter 1
Last Amended 2/2/2011

The rule under which, for the middle one-third of the #front lot line# length, the #free zone# includes area between the #setback line# and either the #half-setback line# or the #ten-foot setback line#, whichever is further from the #street line#. However, on a #corner lot# the #free zone# does not extend beyond the #setback line# along an intersecting #street#. (See illustrations of #Middle One-Third Rule#)

[MIDDLE ONE-THIRD RULE - two images]

mixed building

General Definition
Last Amended 2/2/2011

A "mixed building" is a #building# in a #Commercial District# used partly for #residential use# and partly for #community facility# or #commercial use#.

mixed use building

Applicable to Article XI - Chapter 7

FROM [117-01](#):

Mixed use building or development

For the purposes of this Chapter, a "mixed use building" or a "mixed use development" shall be any *building or development* used partly for *residential use* and partly for *community facility, commercial or manufacturing use*.

mixed use building

Applicable to Article XII - Chapter 3

FROM [123-11](#):

mixed use building

For the purposes of this Chapter, a "mixed use building" is a #building# in the #Special Mixed Use District# used partly for #manufacturing#, #commercial# or #community facility use# and partly for #residential use#.

mixed use development

Applicable to Article XI - Chapter 7

FROM [117-01](#):

mixed use building or development

For the purposes of this Chapter, a "mixed use building" or a "mixed use development" shall be any *building or development* used partly for *residential use* and partly for *community facility, commercial or manufacturing use*.

mixed use district

Applicable to Article XIII - Chapter 9
Last Amended 11/23/2021

From Section [139-01](#): In the *Special Gowanus Mixed Use District*, a "mixed use district" shall be any M1 District paired with a *Residence District*, as indicated on the *zoning maps*. For the purposes of applying provisions of districts adjacent to a *mixed use district*, a *mixed use district* shall be considered a *Manufacturing District*.

moderate-risk flood zone

Applicable to Article VI - Chapter 4

The "moderate-risk flood zone" is the area, as indicated on the #flood maps#, and not within of the #high-risk flood zone#, that has a 0.2 percent chance of flooding in a given year.

motel or tourist cabin

General Definition
Last Amended 12/15/1961

A "motel" or "tourist cabin" is a #building# or group of #buildings# which:

- (a) contains living or sleeping accommodations used primarily for transient occupancy; and
- (b) has individual entrances from outside the #building# to serve each such living or sleeping unit.

Motor vehicle repair and maintenance shop, heavy or light

General Definition
Last Amended 6/6/2024

A "heavy motor vehicle repair and maintenance shop" is an establishment that provides repair and maintenance services for automotive vehicles that is required to register with the Department of Motor Vehicles as a "motor vehicle repair shop" pursuant to the New York State Motor Vehicle Repair Shop Registration Act.

All other establishments that provide repair and maintenance services for automotive vehicles, including those that consist solely of changing oil, water, batteries or tires, replacing fan belts, air filters or oil filters, installing windshield wiper blades or light bulbs, polishing and washing, repairing, installing or replacing seat safety belts, upholstery, or communications equipment, shall be "light motor vehicle repair and maintenance shops."

However, these definitions shall not apply to #automotive service stations#.

multiple dwelling residence

General Definition
Last Amended 12/5/2024

A "multiple dwelling residence" is any type of #residence# that is not a #single-# or #two-family residence#.

narrow street

General Definition

see #street, narrow#

natural feature

Applicable to Article X - Chapter 5

FROM [105-01](#):

natural feature

A "natural feature" is a specific natural feature belonging to one of the types listed in Section [105-10](#) (NATURAL FEATURES) and existing within a #Special Natural Area District#.

near lot line

Applicable from 81-271, 81-272, 81-273, 81-274, 81-275, 81-276, 81-277
Last Amended 8/9/2017

A #lot line#, other than the #far lot line#, which intersects the #street line# of the #vantage street# and which defines the extent of the #zoning lot's# continuous frontage along the #vantage street# from the #far lot line#.

non-complying, or non-compliance

General Definition
Last Amended 12/15/1961

A "non-complying" #building or other structure# is any lawful #building or other structure# which does not comply with any one or more of the applicable district #bulk# regulations either on December 15, 1961 or as a result of a subsequent amendment thereto.

A "non-compliance" is a failure by a #non-complying building or other structure# to comply with any one of such applicable #bulk# regulations.

non-conforming, or non-conformity

General Definition
Last Amended 6/6/2024

A "non-conforming" #use# is any lawful #use#, whether of a #building or other structure# or of a #zoning lot#, which does not conform to any one or more of the applicable #use# regulations of the district in which it is located, either on December 15, 1961, or as a result of any subsequent amendment thereto.

A #non-conforming use# shall result from failure to conform to the applicable district regulations on either permitted Use Groups or performance standards.

A #non-conformity# is a failure by a #non-conforming use# to conform to any one of such applicable #use# regulations.

However, no existing #use# shall be deemed #non-conforming#, nor shall a #non-conformity# be deemed to exist, solely because of any of the following:

- (a) the existence of less than the required #accessory# off-street parking spaces or loading berths;
- (b) the existence of #non-conforming accessory signs#; or
- (c) the existence of conditions in violation of the provisions of either Sections [32-41](#) and [32-42](#), relating to Supplementary Use Regulations, or Sections [32-43](#) and [32-433](#) relating to Special Provisions Applying along District Boundaries, or Sections [42-51](#), [42-52](#), [42-53](#) and [42-432](#), relating to Supplementary Use Regulations and Special Provisions Applying along District Boundaries.

non-profit hospital staff dwelling

General Definition
Last Amended 6/27/1963

A "non-profit hospital staff dwelling" is a dwelling owned by a non-profit institution or subsidiary non-profit housing corporation and which contains #dwelling units# reserved exclusively for occupancy by members of the staff of a non-profit or voluntary hospital and their immediate family.

non-qualifying site

Applicable from 81-60, 81-61, 81-611, 81-612, 81-613, 81-62, 81-621, 81-63, 81-631, 81-632, 81-633, 81-634, 81-64, 81-641, 81-642, 81-643, 81-644, 81-645, 81-65, 81-651, 81-652, 81-653, 81-66, 81-661, 81-662, 81-663, 81-67, 81-671, 81-672, 81-673, 81-674, 81-675, 81-676
Last Amended 12/15/2021

For the purposes of Section [81-60](#), inclusive, a "non-qualifying site" shall refer to a #zoning lot# that does not meet the criteria for a #qualifying site# and is located in a subarea other than the Vanderbilt Corridor Subarea.

non-residential building

General Definition
Last Amended 2/2/2011

A "non-residential building" is a #building# containing no #residences#.

open recreation space

Applicable to Article X - Chapter 9

FROM [109-01](#):

open recreation space

"Open recreation space" is that part of a #zoning lot#, including #courts#, #yards# and roof areas, which is unobstructed from its lowest level to the sky except for landscaping and planting requirements pursuant to Sections [109-14](#), [109-34](#) and [109-42](#).

open space

General Definition

Last Amended 2/2/2011

"Open space" is that part of a #zoning lot#, including #courts# or #yards#, which is open and unobstructed from its lowest level to the sky and is accessible to and usable by all persons occupying a #dwelling unit# or a #rooming unit# on the #zoning lot#.

#Open space# may, however, include areas covered by roofs, the total area of which is less than 10 percent of the unroofed or uncovered area of a #zoning lot#, provided that such roofed area is not enclosed on more than one side, or on more than 10 percent of the perimeter of the roofed area, whichever is greater.

#Open space# may be provided on the roof of:

- (a) a #community facility building#;
- (b) a #building# containing #residences#, provided such roof area is not above that portion of such #building# that contains #dwelling units# or #rooming units#;
- (c) a #non-residential building#, other than a #community facility building#, provided such #non-residential building abuts# other #buildings#, any one of which contains #residences#.

All such roof areas used for #open space# shall meet the requirements set forth in this definition and shall:

- (1) be not higher than 23 feet above #curb level#, except as provided in Sections [24-164](#) (Location of open space for residential portion) and [35-33](#) (Location of Open Space);
- (2) be at least two and one-half feet below the sill level of all #legally required windows# opening on such roof area;
- (3) be directly accessible by a passageway from a #building#, or by a ramp (with a grade of less than 10 percent) from a #building#, #yard#, #court# or #street#, except that in R8 or R9 Districts such roof area need not be accessible to occupants and is therefore exempt from this requirement; and
- (4) have no dimension less than 25 feet; except that in R8 or R9 Districts when such roof area adjoins a #street line# or a #rear yard#, it may have a minimum depth of nine feet and a minimum length, along such #street line# or #rear yard#, equal to at least twice its depth, or the full width of the #zoning lot#, or 50 feet, whichever is the least distance.

open space network

Applicable to Article X - Chapter 7

Last Amended 11/2/2023

FROM [107-01](#):

open space network

The "open space network" is a planned system of #open spaces# as shown on the District Plan (Map 3 in Appendix A), which includes #public parks#, #designated open space# and the #waterfront esplanade#.

open space ratio

General Definition

Last Amended 2/2/2011

The "open space ratio" of a #zoning lot# is the number of square feet of #open space# on the #zoning lot#, expressed as a percentage of the #floor area# on that #zoning lot#. (For example, if for a particular #zoning lot# an #open space ratio# of 20 is required, 20,000 square feet of #floor area# in the #building# would necessitate 4,000 square feet of #open space# on the #zoning lot#; or, if 6,000 square feet of #lot area# were in #open space#, 30,000 square feet of #floor area# could be on that #zoning lot#.) Each square foot of #open space# per 100 square feet of #floor area# is referred to as one point.

Outdoor amusement parks

General Definition

Last Amended 6/6/2024

An "outdoor amusement park" is a type of large-scale, open-air venue that offers a wide range of recreational attractions, rides, games and other forms of entertainment for visitors of all ages, as found in North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) industry code 71311 (Amusement and Theme Parks). An #outdoor amusement park# shall be unenclosed except for ancillary #buildings or other structures#.

outer court

General Definition

see #court, outer#

outer court recess

General Definition

see #court recess, outer#

Outer Transit Zone

General Definition

see #Transit Zone, Outer#

parking zone

FROM 13-02: For the purposes of this Chapter, a “parking zone” shall refer to the portion of an #accessory# off-street parking facility, #public parking garage# or an automobile rental establishment, occupied by permitted off-street parking spaces and associated maneuvering space, and any other portion of such parking facility not included in the #access zone#. In attended parking facilities with parking lift systems, the #parking zone# shall also include the lifted tray a vehicle is stored upon.

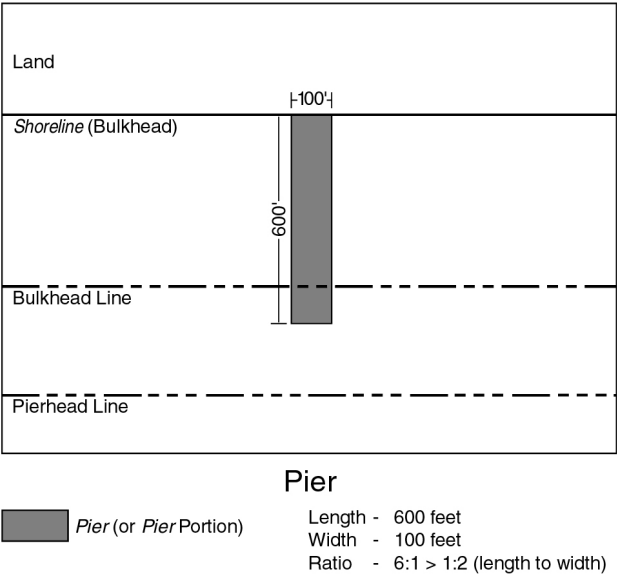
pier

Applicable to Article VI - Chapter 2

A “pier” is a structure at the water’s edge, not otherwise defined as a #platform#, that is:

- (a) a pile-supported overwater structure, or a portion thereof, that projects from a #shoreline#, bulkhead or #platform#; or
- (b) a solid-core structure, or a portion thereof, constructed for the docking of water-borne vessels, that projects from the land or from a #platform#.

Projections from #platforms# shall be considered #piers# if their length, measured from the portion of the #platform# from which they project, exceeds 50 percent of their width at such portion. Any further extensions from such projections shall be considered #piers# regardless of their configuration.



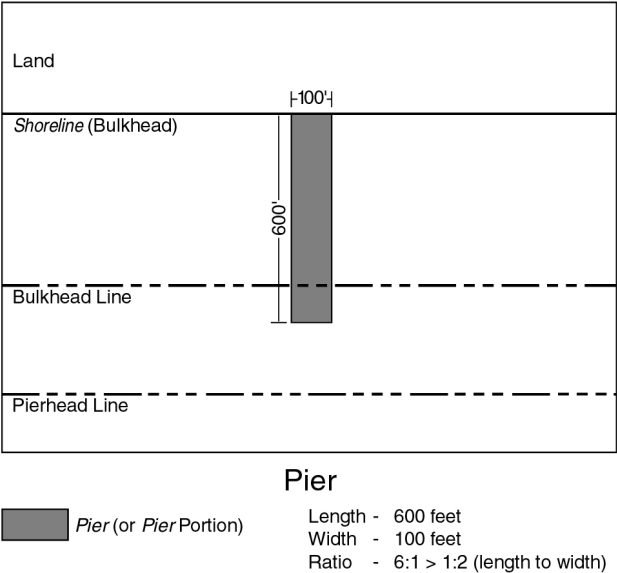
pier

Applicable to Article XIV - Chapter 4

A “pier” is a structure at the water’s edge, not otherwise defined as a #platform#, that is:

- (a) a pile-supported overwater structure, or a portion thereof, that projects from a #shoreline#, bulkhead or #platform#; or
- (b) a solid-core structure, or a portion thereof, constructed for the docking of water-borne vessels, that projects from the land or from a #platform#.

Projections from #platforms# shall be considered #piers# if their length, measured from the portion of the #platform# from which they project, exceeds 50 percent of their width at such portion. Any further extensions from such projections shall be considered #piers# regardless of their configuration.



Pier Place

Applicable to Article XI - Chapter 6

FROM 116-01:

Pier Place, the Cove

"Pier Place" and the "Cove" are designated open spaces accessible to the public, located within the *Special Stapleton Waterfront District* as shown in the District Plan, Map 1, in Appendix A of this Chapter.

pier, existing

Applicable to Article VI - Chapter 2

An "existing pier" is a #pier# where at least 75 percent of its surface is visible in the April 1988 Lockwood, Kessler and Bartlett aerial photographs of New York City.

pier, new

Applicable to Article VI - Chapter 2

A "new pier" is any #pier# other than an #existing pier#.

plan review site

Applicable to Article X - Chapter 7
Last Amended 11/2/2023

FROM 107-01:

plan review site

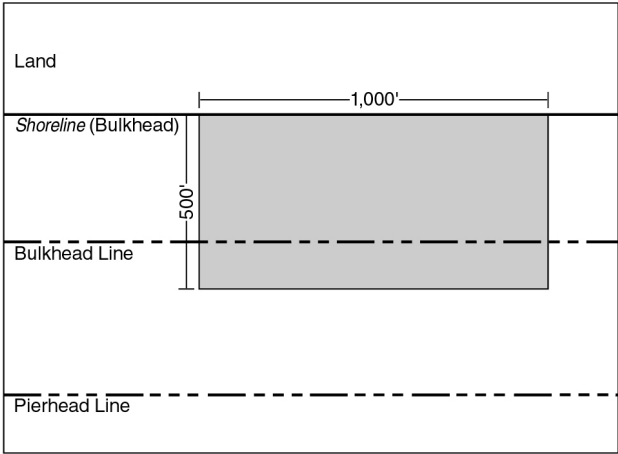
A "plan review site" is any #zoning lot# that contains one or more acres, where there is a proposed #development#, #enlargement#, #site alteration#, or subdivision of such #zoning lot# into two or more #zoning lots#.

platform

Applicable to Article VI - Chapter 2

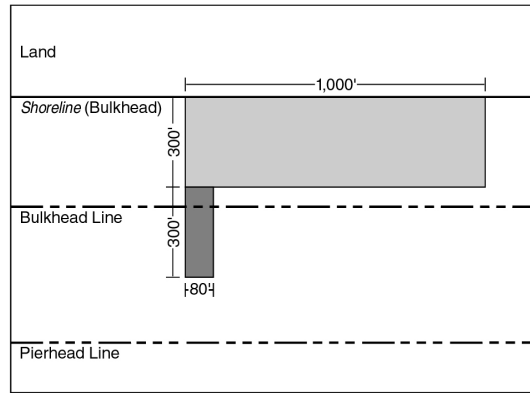
A "platform" is a pile-supported or solid-core structure at the water's edge, or a portion thereof, that:

- (a) is permanently connected to the land; and
- (b) has a seaward dimension that does not exceed 50 percent of its dimension along the land to which it is connected.




Platform

	Platform	Length - 500 feet
		Width - 1,000 feet
		Ratio - 0.5:1 ≤ 1:2 (length to width)



Platform with Pier Portion

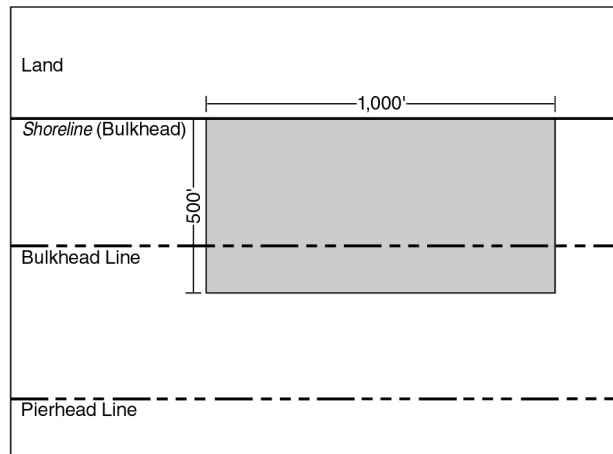
	<i>Pier</i> (or <i>Pier Portion</i>)	Platform: Length - 300 feet Width - 1,000 feet Ratio - 0.3:1 < 1:2 (length to width)
	<i>Platform</i>	Pier: Length - 300 feet Width - 80 feet Ratio - 3.75:1 > 1:2 (length to width)

platform


Applicable to Article XIV - Chapter 4

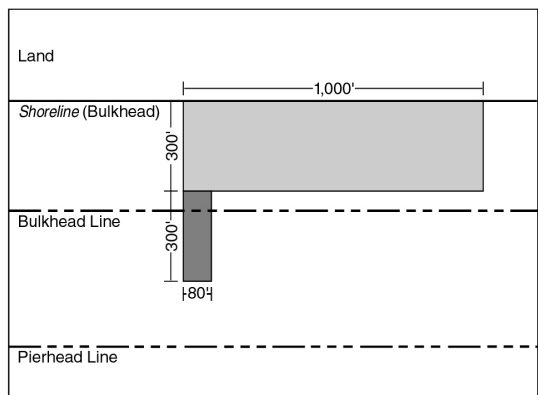
A “platform” is a pile-supported or solid-core structure at the water’s edge, or a portion thereof, that:

- (a) is permanently connected to the land; and
- (b) has a seaward dimension that does not exceed 50 percent of its dimension along the land to which it is connected.





Platform

	<i>Platform</i>	Length - 500 feet Width - 1,000 feet Ratio - 0.5:1 ≤ 1:2 (length to width)
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Platform with Pier Portion

	<i>Pier (or Pier Portion)</i>	Platform: Length - 300 feet Width - 1,000 feet Ratio - 0.3:1 < 1:2 (length to width)
	<i>Platform</i>	Pier: Length - 300 feet Width - 80 feet Ratio - 3.75:1 > 1:2 (length to width)

platform, existing

Applicable to Article IV - Chapter 2

An “existing platform” is a #platform# where at least 75 percent of its surface is visible in the April 1988 Lockwood, Kessler and Bartlett aerial photographs of New York City.

platform, new

Applicable to Article VI - Chapter 2

A “new platform” is any #platform# other than an #existing platform#.

plaza

General Definition

Last Amended 10/17/2007

A "plaza" is an open area for public use on a #zoning lot developed#, from December 15, 1961, to June 11, 1996, in accordance with the requirements set forth in APPENDIX E, Section E27-50 (PLAZA STANDARDS OF 1961), of this Resolution.

plaza, public

General Definition

Last Amended 2/2/2011

A “public plaza” is an open area for public use provided in accordance with the requirements set forth in Section [37-70](#), inclusive.

plaza, residential

General Definition

Last Amended 10/17/2007

A "residential plaza" is an open area for public use on a #zoning lot developed# from March 2, 1977, to October 17, 2007, in accordance with the requirements set forth in APPENDIX E, Article II, Chapter 7, of this Resolution.

plaza, urban

General Definition

Last Amended 10/17/2007

An "urban plaza" is an open area for public use on a #zoning lot developed#, from April 16, 1975, to June 11, 1996, in accordance with plans certified by the Chairperson of the City Planning Commission or, from June 13, 1996, to October 17, 2007, in accordance with the requirements set forth in APPENDIX E, Section E37-04, of this Resolution.

predominant or predominantly

Applicable to Article VI - Chapter 2

“Predominant” or “predominantly” shall mean that a #use# or a group of #uses# comprises at least 75 percent of the total #floor area# of the #building# or on the #zoning lot# or, in the case of open #uses#, the #lot area# or #pier water coverage#, as applicable.

predominantly built-up area

General Definition

Last Amended 12/5/2024

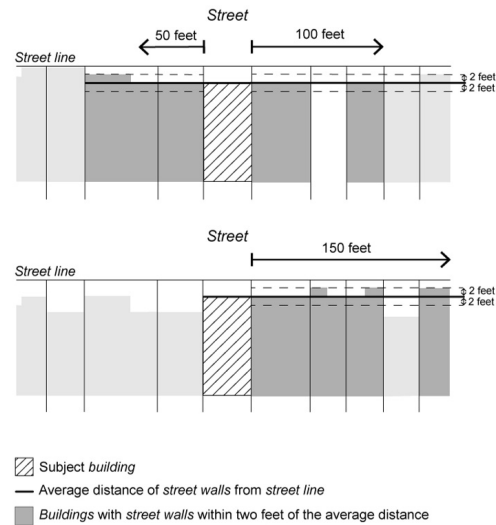
A “predominantly built-up area” is an area in R4 or R5 Districts without a letter or number suffix eligible for the optional #bulk# regulations set forth in Section [23-71](#), inclusive.

prevailing street wall frontage

General Definition
Last Amended 12/5/2024

A “prevailing street wall frontage” shall refer to #block# frontages where, within 150 feet of the #street wall# of a subject #building#, at least half of the #aggregate width of street walls# on the same side of the #block# are within two feet of the average distance of such #street walls# from the #street line#. The total #aggregate width of street walls# shall not be less than 100 feet. The 150-foot selection may be measured in either direction from the subject property, or may be the total dimension extending from both directions (see illustration below).

For the purpose of calculating the average distance of #street walls# from the #street line#, the distance of each #street wall# segment, with a width of at least five feet, from the #street line# shall be multiplied by its width. The sum of the products thus obtained, divided by total length of #aggregate width of street walls# within the 150-foot selection, shall result in the average distance. To determine whether the #street wall# on the subject property is eligible to utilize certain #street wall# location modifications applicable to #prevailing street wall frontage#, the percentage of #street wall# segments that are within the 150-foot selection and within two feet of such average distance, shall be greater than 50 percent.



primary entrance

General Definition
Last Amended 2/2/2011

“Primary entrances” are the principal entrances to a #building# utilized for day-to-day pedestrian ingress and egress. Other entrances solely used for freight, service or emergency egress shall not constitute a #primary entrance#.

primary frontage

Applicable from 37-30 to 37-362
Last Amended 6/6/2024

FROM SECTION 37-311:

For the purposes of Section 37-30, inclusive, a “primary frontage” shall be the portion of the #ground floor level# #designated frontage along any of the following:

- (a) a #wide street#;
- (b) a #narrow #street# where a #Commercial District# is mapped along an entire #block# frontage; or
- (c) another frontage specifically designated as a #primary frontage# in a Special Purpose District or other streetscape provision of this Resolution.

primary frontage

Applicable to Article VI - Chapter 4

FROM 64-11: For the purposes of applying the provisions of Section 64-322(c), a “primary street frontage” shall include:

- (a) in #Commercial Districts#, frontages that meet the criteria for a “primary street frontage” as defined in Section 37-311;
- (b) in M1 Districts paired with #Residence Districts#, frontages along:
 - (1) #wide streets#;
 - (2) #narrow streets# within 50 feet of a #wide street#; and
 - (3) #narrow streets# where an M1 District paired with a #Residence District# is mapped along an entire #block# frontage; and
- (c) frontages where non-#residential uses# are required at the #ground-floor level# pursuant to a Special Purpose District or #waterfront public access area#.

primary retail street

Applicable to Article XII - Chapter 4

FROM 124-02

primary retail street

The “primary retail street” shall be a way intended for general public use located and designed in accordance with requirements set forth in Section [124-31](#), inclusive.

primary street frontage

Applicable to Article VI - Chapter 4
Last Amended 6/6/2024

FROM SECTION [64-11](#):

For the purposes of applying the provisions of Section [64-322](#)(c), a “primary street frontage” shall include:

- (a) in #Commercial Districts#, frontages that meet the criteria for a “primary frontage” as defined in Section [37-311](#);
- (b) in M1 Districts paired with #Residence Districts#, frontages along:
 - (1) #wide streets#;
 - (2) #narrow streets# within 50 feet of a #wide street#; and
 - (3) #narrow streets# where an M1 District paired with a #Residence District# is mapped along an entire #block# frontage; and
- (c) frontages where non-#residential uses# are required at the #ground-floor level# pursuant to a Special Purpose District or #waterfront public access area#.

primary transit-adjacent sites

Applicable to Article VI - Chapter 6
Last Amended 10/7/2021

FROM [66-11](#): For the purposes of this Chapter, “primary transit-adjacent sites” shall refer to *transit-adjacent sites* that have a *lot area* of 5,000 square feet or more.

private road

General Definition
Last Amended 12/6/2023

A "private road" is a right-of-way, other than a #street#, that provides vehicular access from a #street# to five or more #dwelling units# that are within #buildings# or #building segments# that are located wholly beyond 50 feet of a #street line# or #street setback line#.

An individual driveway serving fewer than five parking spaces shall not be considered a #private road#.

However, in #lower density growth management areas#, a private road is a right-of-way, other than a #street#, that provides vehicular access from a #street# to:

- (a) three or more #buildings# or #building segments# located wholly beyond 50 feet of a #street line# or #street setback line#; or
- (b) one or two #buildings# or #building segments# located wholly beyond 50 feet of a #street line# or #street setback line# that contain five or more #dwelling units#.

Regulations for #private roads# are located in Sections [26-00](#) (APPLICABILITY OF THIS CHAPTER) and [37-10](#) (SPECIAL REGULATIONS FOR PRIVATE ROADS AND LOWER DENSITY GROWTH MANAGEMENT AREAS).

profile curve

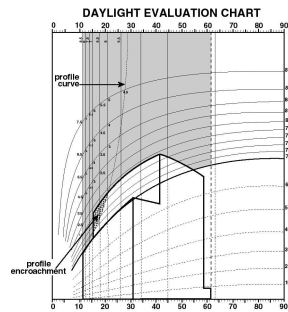
Applicable from 81-271, 81-272, 81-273, 81-274, 81-275, 81-276, 81-277
Last Amended 8/9/2017

A curved line on the #daylight evaluation chart# rising from the intersection of the curved line representing an elevation angle of 72 degrees with the vertical line at the #far lot line#. The #profile curve# is used to evaluate a #building's# obstruction of the sky as seen in profile from the #vantage point#.

profile encroachment

Applicable from 81-271, 81-272, 81-273, 81-274, 81-275, 81-276, 81-277
Last Amended 8/9/2017

The space on the #daylight evaluation chart# which, when viewed from the #vantage point#, is on the far side of the #profile curve# and which is blocked by the projection of the #building# on the #daylight evaluation chart#. (See illustration of #Profile Encroachment#)



public park

General Definition

Last Amended 12/15/1961

A "public park" is any publicly owned park, playground, beach, parkway or roadway within the jurisdiction and control of the Commissioner of Parks and Recreation, except for park strips or malls in a #street# the roadways of which are not within the Commissioner's jurisdiction and control.

public parking garage

General Definition

Last Amended 12/6/2023

A "public parking garage" is a #building or other structure#:

- (a) that provides parking or storage for motor vehicles, but not for the dead storage of motor vehicles; and
- (b) some or all of whose parking spaces are non-#accessory#.

A #public parking garage# may include #accessory# off-street parking spaces limited to such spaces that are #accessory# to other #uses# on the same #zoning lot#.

Minor repairs incidental to the parking or storage of motor vehicles is a permitted #accessory use#.

public parking lot

General Definition

Last Amended 12/6/2023

A "public parking lot" is any open area on a #zoning lot# that is:

- (a) used for the parking or storage of motor vehicles, but not for the dead storage of motor vehicles; and
- (b) not #accessory# to a #use# on the same or another #zoning lot#.

Minor repairs incidental to the parking or storage of motor vehicles is a permitted #accessory use#.

public plaza

General Definition

see #plaza, public#

Public Realm Improvement Fund

Applicable from 81-60, 81-61, 81-611, 81-612, 81-613, 81-62, 81-621, 81-63, 81-631, 81-632, 81-633, 81-634, 81-64, 81-641, 81-642, 81-643, 81-644, 81-645, 81-65, 81-651, 81-652, 81-653, 81-66, 81-661, 81-662, 81-663, 81-67, 81-671, 81-672, 81-673, 81-674, 81-675, 81-676

Last Amended 12/15/2021

For the purposes of Section [81-60](#), inclusive, the "Public Realm Improvement Fund" (the "Fund") shall be a separate interest-bearing account established for the deposit of contributions made when #developments# or, where permitted, #enlargements# on #qualifying sites# in the East Midtown Subdistrict will exceed the basic maximum #floor area ratio# set forth in Section [81-64](#) (Special Floor Area Provisions for Qualifying Sites) through their utilization of the provisions of Sections [81-642](#) (Transfer of development rights from landmarks to qualifying sites), [81-643](#) (Special provisions for retaining non-complying floor area in commercial buildings) or [81-685](#) (Special permit to modify qualifying site provisions). The Fund shall be utilized, at the discretion of the #Public Realm Improvement Fund Governing Group#, to provide funding to implement improvements to the East Midtown Subdistrict, and its immediate vicinity, in the Borough of Manhattan. Upon receipt of any contribution, the #Public Realm Improvement Fund Governing Group# or the Department of City Planning shall notify the Comptroller of the City of New York and the Speaker of the New York City Council and promptly deposit it into the Fund.

Public Realm Improvement Fund Development Rights Valuation

Applicable from 81-60, 81-61, 81-611, 81-612, 81-613, 81-62, 81-621, 81-63, 81-631, 81-632, 81-633, 81-634, 81-64, 81-641, 81-642, 81-643, 81-644, 81-645, 81-65, 81-651, 81-652, 81-653, 81-66, 81-661, 81-662, 81-663, 81-67, 81-671, 81-672, 81-673, 81-674, 81-675, 81-676

Last Amended 12/15/2021

For the purposes of Section [81-60](#), inclusive, the "Public Realm Improvement Fund Development Rights Valuation" ("Development Rights Valuation") shall be a value per square foot of transferable development rights in the East Midtown Subdistrict, which shall provide a basis for establishing a minimum contribution to the #Public Realm Improvement Fund#. As of August 9, 2017, the Development Rights Valuation shall be set at \$307.45 per square foot.

When proposing an adjustment to the Development Rights Valuation, the Department of City Planning shall undertake a transferrable development rights valuation study conducted by qualified professionals utilizing industry best practices. The City Planning Commission shall, by rule, review and adjust the Development Rights Valuation, pursuant to the City Administrative Procedures Act not more than once every three years and not less than once every five years.

An applicant, upon written request to the Commission, may request a transferable development rights valuation study to evaluate whether the Development Rights Valuation should be modified for a particular #qualifying site# based upon any recent changes in market conditions within the Subdistrict. The study must be paid for by the applicant and completed within a one-year timeframe. The Department of City Planning shall initiate the study, to be conducted by qualified professionals utilizing industry best practices. Where the study demonstrates that the value of the development rights for the #qualifying site# is less than the Development Rights Valuation, the Commission shall, by certification, and in connection with a certification pursuant to Section [81-642](#) (Transfer of development rights from landmarks to qualifying sites), modify the required contribution to 20 percent of the adjusted valuation.

Public Realm Improvement Fund Governing Group

Applicable from 81-60, 81-61, 81-611, 81-612, 81-613, 81-62, 81-621, 81-63, 81-631, 81-632, 81-633, 81-634, 81-64, 81-641, 81-642, 81-643, 81-644, 81-645, 81-65, 81-651, 81-652, 81-653, 81-66, 81-661, 81-662, 81-663, 81-67, 81-671, 81-672, 81-673, 81-674, 81-675, 81-676

Last Amended 12/15/2021

For the purposes of Section [81-60](#), inclusive, the "Public Realm Improvement Fund Governing Group" (the "Governing Group") shall be established to administer the #Public Realm Improvement Fund# (the "Fund"), and shall consist of 13 members: seven members shall be representatives of City agencies, appointed by and serving at the pleasure of the Mayor; one member shall be a representative of a

citywide civic organization, appointed by the Office of the Manhattan Borough President; one member shall be a representative of the Office of the Manhattan Borough President; one member shall be a representative of the New York City Council member representing the City Council district encompassing the largest portion of the East Midtown Subdistrict; one member shall be a representative of the Speaker of the City Council; one member shall be a representative of Manhattan Community Board 5; and one member shall be a representative of Manhattan Community Board 6. The Governing Group shall be a local development corporation, organized pursuant to the New York State Not-for-Profit Corporation Law, and affiliated with City government for purposes of the New York State Public Authorities Law, whose organizational purpose shall be limited solely to the purposes set forth in this Chapter. Each member shall have one vote, and all Governing Group decisions, as set forth below, shall be upon a majority vote at a public meeting at which a quorum is present. A quorum shall consist of a majority of the members.

The purpose of the Governing Group shall be to bolster and enhance East Midtown’s status as a premier central business district with a high-quality public realm, by allocating funds from the Fund to implement public realm improvement projects. The Governing Group shall establish and maintain a Public Realm Improvement Concept Plan (“Concept Plan”) for the purpose of creating a list of priority improvements, and shall have the authority to amend such Concept Plan, and associated list of improvements, as necessary. All priority improvements in the Concept Plan shall meet the criteria set forth in Section [81-683](#) (Criteria for improvements in the Public Realm Improvement Concept Plan).

Establishment of the Concept Plan, amendment of the Concept Plan, calendaring of items for a vote to fund, and designation of funding for a specific public realm improvement on the Concept Plan shall be decisions requiring a majority vote of the Governing Group at a meeting at which a quorum is present. If only members of the Governing Group appointed by the Mayor vote to calendar a particular public realm improvement for a vote to fund it, the Governing Group shall conduct a public hearing on the matter prior to such improvement being placed on the calendar for vote. In addition, if any member of the Governing Group puts forth a proposed public realm improvement, discussion of such improvement shall be added to the agenda of the next public meeting. Establishment of the initial Concept Plan shall be completed no later than November 1, 2017.

In the event that more than 20 million dollars remains in the Fund for more than three years, the Governing Group shall be required to hold a vote either to fund a public realm improvement project or to retain the funds.

The Governing Group shall adopt procedures for the conduct of its activities. Such procedures shall be consistent with the requirements of the New York State Open Meetings Law (Article 7, NYS Public Officers Law), which procedures shall also be consistent with the goals of the Subdistrict. Those procedures shall be publicly available by posting on the Department of City Planning’s website, and shall include rules requiring reporting and transparency including, but not limited to, the following: procedures on the adoption and amendment of the concept plan and opportunity for public comment thereon; requirements to provide a transcript or recording of all public meetings and hearings; and transparency and annual reporting requirements concerning deposits into and expenditures from the Fund. The Governing Group shall annually update the Concept Plan by providing a list of all projects on the Concept Plan to date, those added or removed in the past year, the dollar amount of funds designated to each project on the Concept Plan, to the extent available, the estimated cost of each project on the Concept Plan, and the schedule for all projects for which a decision to designate funding has been made by the Governing Group. Such annual update shall be posted on the Department of City Planning’s website no later than January 15 of each calendar year following the establishment of the initial Concept Plan. All meetings of the Governing Group shall be open to the public with advance public notice provided of all meetings and public hearings.

publicly accessible open area

General Definition
Last Amended 10/17/2007

A “publicly accessible open area” is an open area for public use on a [#zoning lot developed#](#) in accordance with the requirements of a [#plaza#](#), [#residential plaza#](#), [#urban plaza#](#) or [#public plaza#](#).

publicly accessible private street

Applicable to Article XII - Chapter 7

FROM [127-04](#):

publicly accessible private street

A “publicly accessible private street” is a way specified on Map 2 in the Appendix to this Chapter that functions as a [#street#](#) for the purposes of general public use, including vehicular and pedestrian traffic, and is open and unobstructed from its ground level to the sky, except by streetscape elements required or permitted by the provisions of this Chapter.

publicly accessible private street

Applicable to Article XII - Chapter 7

FROM [127-04](#):

publicly accessible private street

A “publicly accessible private street” is a way specified on Map 2 in the Appendix to this Chapter that functions as a [#street#](#) for the purposes of general public use, including vehicular and pedestrian traffic, and is open and unobstructed from its ground level to the sky, except by streetscape elements required or permitted by the provisions of this Chapter.

qualifying affordable housing

General Definition
Last Amended 12/5/2024

“Qualifying affordable housing” shall include any of the following:

- (a) [#MIH developments#](#) in [#Mandatory Inclusionary Housing areas#](#);
- (b) [#UAP developments#](#); or
- (c) [#buildings#](#) subject to an [#affordable housing regulatory agreement#](#).

Defined terms in this definition shall include those in Section [27-111](#) (General definitions).

For the purposes of applying the [#bulk#](#) regulations of this Resolution to [#buildings#](#) subject to an [#affordable housing regulatory agreement#](#) that contain [#community facility#](#) [#uses#](#), the [#residential#](#) [#bulk#](#) regulations applicable to [#qualifying affordable housing#](#) may be applied, or the applicable [#community facility#](#) [#bulk#](#) regulations may be applied. Where the [#residential#](#) [#bulk#](#) regulations are applied, such [#community facility uses#](#) shall be considered [#residential#](#), and the term [#dwelling unit#](#) shall include “dwelling units” and “rooming units”, as set forth in the Housing Maintenance Code.

qualifying building

Applicable to Article XIV - Chapter 3
Last Amended 12/15/2021

[From Section [143-02](#)]:

For the purposes of this Chapter, a “qualifying building” shall be any #building# where, prior to December 15, 2021:

- (a) such #building# contained at least 60,000 square feet of #floor area#; and
- (b) at least 20 percent of the #floor area# within such #building# was allocated to non-#residential# #floor area#, as such term is utilized in Section [143-14](#).

qualifying building

Applicable to Article VIII - Chapter 8
Last Amended 3/20/2013

[From Section [88-01](#)]:

For the purposes of this Chapter, a “qualifying building” shall be any #building# that contained at least 70,000 square feet of #floor area# on March 20, 2013.

qualifying exterior wall thickness

General Definition
Last Amended 12/6/2023

“Qualifying exterior wall thickness” shall refer to the floor space occupied by exterior wall thickness added to a #building# existing on December 6, 2023, where:

- (a) for over-cladding projects: such wall thickness is added to a wall existing on December 6, 2023, up to a maximum of 12 inches, provided the added wall thickness has an aggregate thermal resistance (R-value) of at least 1.5 per inch; or
- (b) for re-cladding projects: such wall thickness is located within a new wall that replaces a wall existing on December 6, 2023, where the qualifying portion is occupied by additional thickness relative to the previous wall, up to a maximum of 12 additional inches, and provided that the new wall shall comply with the minimum prescriptive and mandatory requirements for building thermal envelopes of the current New York City Energy Conservation Code.

#Qualifying exterior wall thickness# shall also include exterior wall thickness in exterior walls constructed between April 30, 2012 and December 6, 2023 where such exterior wall thickness satisfied the requirements of paragraph (12)(ii) of the definition of #floor area# in effect at the time of construction.

#Qualifying exterior wall thickness# need not exclusively contain insulating materials and may include wall thickness occupied by conduits, ductwork, pipes, or other essential non-insulating building components.

qualifying residential site

General Definition
Last Amended 12/5/2024

A “qualifying residential site” is a #zoning lot#, or portion thereof:

- (a) in an R1 through R5 District, that:
 - (1) meets the following criteria:
 - (i) has a minimum #lot area# of at least 5,000 square feet;
 - (ii) is located within the #Greater Transit Zone#. For the purposes of this definition, the geography of the #Outer Transit Zone# shall only include those areas within a specified distance of #mass transit stations#, as defined in Section [66-11](#) (Definitions), existing on December 5, 2024;
 - (iii) has frontage along a #wide street# or along the #short dimension of a block#; and
 - (iv) is not located within an R1 or R2 District; or
 - (2) is located within the #Greater Transit Zone# and includes a #building# that contains floor space allocated to #community facility# #uses# existing on December 5, 2024;
 - (3) is located outside of the #Greater Transit Zone#, has a minimum #lot area# of at least 5,000 square feet and includes a #building# that contains floor space allocated to #community facility# #uses# existing on December 5, 2024; or
 - (4) is located in an R3-2, R4 without a letter or number suffix, R5 or R5B District, and contains #qualifying senior housing#;
- (b) in a C1, C2 or C4 District mapped within, or with a #residential equivalent# of, an R1 through R5 District:
 - (1) that meets the following criteria:
 - (i) the #Commercial District# in which the #zoning lot# is located, or a combination of #Commercial Districts#, extends continuously over an entire #street# frontage on the #block# and on at least one adjacent #block#, whether on the same or opposite side of the #street#, a #Commercial District# is mapped along the same #street# frontage; and
 - (ii) along the long dimension of the #Commercial District# in which the #zoning lot# is located, or a combination of #Commercial Districts#, not more than 50 percent of the length of the #zoning lots# located entirely within such #Commercial District# consists of #zoning lots# that were #developed# exclusively with #single-# or #two-family residences#, and such #residences# were also in existence as #single-# or #two-family residences# on December 5, 2024; or
 - (2) where the conditions of (b)(1) cannot be met, the #zoning lot# meets one of the criteria set forth in paragraph (a). For the purposes of applying such provisions, where #Residence District# limitations apply, they shall not extend where a #Commercial District# is mapped within such #Residence Districts#; or
- (c) in an M1 District paired with an R1 through R5 District.

For #zoning lots# utilizing the #floor area ratio# provisions for #qualifying residential sites# in Section [23-21](#) (Floor Area Regulations for R1 Through R5 Districts), where the permitted #residential# #floor area# on the #zoning lot# exceeds 50,000 square feet, all of the #residential floor area# that exceeds an amount equivalent to the maximum #floor area ratio# in such Section divided by 1.2, shall be restricted pursuant to an #affordable housing regulatory agreement#, or restricted pursuant to a #restrictive declaration# to occupancy by #households# having an income less than or equal to a weighted average of 80 percent of the #income index# at initial occupancy, with no more than three #income bands# and no #income band# exceeding 100 percent of the #income index#, and shall meet any additional requirements

as specified by HPD in the #guidelines#, as those terms are defined in Section [27-111](#) (General definitions).

qualifying rooftop greenhouse

General Definition

Last Amended 12/6/2023

A “qualifying rooftop greenhouse” shall refer to any rooftop greenhouse that:

- (a) is located on the roof of a #building# that does not contain #residences#;
- (b) will be used primarily for cultivation of plants; and
- (c) has roofs and walls consisting of at least 70 percent transparent materials.

Such qualifying rooftop greenhouses shall be exempt from the definition of #floor area#, and shall be considered a permitted obstruction to height and setback, as set forth in the applicable district regulations.

Rooftop greenhouses which do not meet the requirements of this definition may also be permitted pursuant to the underlying district regulations, but shall not be exempt from the definition of #floor area#, and shall not be permitted obstructions to height and setback.

qualifying senior housing

General Definition

Last Amended 12/5/2024

“Qualifying senior housing” shall include the following types of facilities:

- (a) #affordable independent residences for seniors#; or
- (b) #long-term care facilities#.

qualifying site

Applicable from 81-60, 81-61, 81-611, 81-612, 81-613, 81-62, 81-621, 81-63, 81-631, 81-632, 81-633, 81-634, 81-64, 81-641, 81-642, 81-643, 81-644, 81-645, 81-65, 81-651, 81-652, 81-653, 81-66, 81-661, 81-662, 81-663, 81-67, 81-671, 81-672, 81-673, 81-674, 81-675, 81-676

Last Amended 12/15/2021

For the purposes of Section [81-60](#), inclusive, a “qualifying site” shall refer to a #zoning lot#:

- (a) that is not located in the Vanderbilt Corridor Subarea;
- (b) that has frontage along a #wide street#;
- (c) where, at the time of #development# or, where permitted, #enlargement#, either:
 - (1) at least 75 feet of such #zoning lot’s# #wide street# frontage is clear of #buildings or other structures#; or
 - (2) the entire #block# frontage along such #wide street# is occupied by one or more #landmark buildings or other structures#; or
 - (3) such #zoning lot’s# #wide street# frontage is occupied by an existing easement volume that is being preserved, or reconfigured in accordance with Section [81-673](#) (Mass transit access);
- (d) where a #building# is #developed# or, where permitted, #enlarged#, in accordance with the #floor area# provisions of Section [81-64](#) (Special Floor Area Provisions for Qualifying Sites), and such #development# or, where permitted, #enlargement# exceeds the basic maximum #floor area# set forth in Row A of the table in Section [81-64](#) and such #building# or publicly accessible space occupies the cleared area in paragraph (c)(1) of this definition, unless the provisions of paragraphs (c)(2) or (c)(3) apply;
- (e) where a maximum of 20 percent of the #floor area# permitted on such #zoning lot# is allocated to #residential uses#; and
- (f) where such #building# being #developed# or, where permitted, #enlarged#, complies with the performance requirements of paragraph (a) and the publicly accessible space requirements of paragraph (b) of Section [81-681](#) (Mandatory requirements for qualifying sites).

qualifying transit improvement sites

Applicable to Article VI - Chapter 6

Last Amended 10/7/2021

[From Section [66-11](#)]:

For the purposes of this Chapter, “qualifying transit improvement sites” shall refer to *zoning lots* that are:

- (a) located in one of the following zoning districts:
 - (1) R9 or R10 Districts;
 - (2) *Commercial Districts* mapped within, or with an equivalent of an R9 or R10 District;
 - (3) M1 Districts paired with an R9 or R10 District; or
 - (4) M1-6 Districts; and
- (b) located wholly or partially within the following distance from a *mass transit station*:
 - (1) 500 feet for such *zoning lots* outside of *Central Business Districts*; or
 - (2) 1,500 feet for such *zoning lots* and *mass transit stations* within *Central Business Districts*.

Such distance shall be measured from the outermost extent of the *mass transit station*. For the purposes of such calculation, the outermost extent may include *buildings* containing *easement volumes* serving

such *mass transit station*.

qualifying transit improvement sites

Applicable to Article XIV - Chapter 1
Last Amended 10/7/2021

[From Section ~~66-11~~]:

For the purposes of this Chapter, “qualifying transit improvement sites” shall refer to *zoning lots* that are:

- (a) located in one of the following zoning districts:
 - (1) R9 or R10 Districts;
 - (2) *Commercial Districts* mapped within, or with an equivalent of an R9 or R10 District;
 - (3) M1 Districts paired with an R9 or R10 District; or
 - (4) M1-6 Districts; and
- (b) located wholly or partially within the following distance from a *mass transit station*:
 - (1) 500 feet for such *zoning lots* outside of *Central Business Districts*; or
 - (2) 1,500 feet for such *zoning lots* and *mass transit stations* within *Central Business Districts*.

Such distance shall be measured from the outermost extent of the *mass transit station*. For the purposes of such calculation, the outermost extent may include *buildings* containing *easement volumes* serving such *mass transit station*.

Quality Housing building

General Definition
Last Amended 12/5/2024

A “Quality Housing building” is a #building#, #developed#, #enlarged#, #extended# or #converted#, pursuant to the Quality Housing Program as such program existed prior to December 5, 2024.

railroad right-of-way

General Definition
Last Amended 12/5/2024

A “railroad right-of-way” is a tract of land where a railroad company has a right to occupy or use such land for railroad or transit tracks, freight terminals, yards, or appurtenant facilities or services used or required in railroad operations.

railroad right-of-way, former

General Definition
Last Amended 12/5/2024

A “former railroad right-of-way” is a tract of land where a railroad company had a right to occupy or use such land for railroad or transit tracks, freight terminals, yards, or appurtenant facilities or services used or required in railroad operations on December 5, 2024, and the right was subsequently abandoned or extinguished, or has been deemed unnecessary by the railroad company for railroad operations.

rear lot line

General Definition

see #lot line, rear#

rear yard

General Definition

see #yard, rear#

rear yard equivalent

General Definition

see #yard equivalent, rear#

rear yard line

General Definition

see #yard line, rear#

receiving lot

Applicable from 81-60, 81-61, 81-611, 81-612, 81-613, 81-62, 81-621, 81-63, 81-631, 81-632, 81-633, 81-634, 81-64, 81-641, 81-642, 81-643, 81-644, 81-645, 81-65, 81-651, 81-652, 81-653, 81-66, 81-661, 81-662, 81-663, 81-67, 81-671, 81-672, 81-673, 81-674, 81-675, 81-676
Last Amended 12/15/2021

For the purposes of Section [81-60](#), inclusive, a “receiving lot” shall mean a #zoning lot# to which development rights of a #granting lot# are transferred. Such #receiving lot# may receive a transfer of development rights pursuant to Sections [81-632](#) (Special permit for transfer of development rights from landmarks to the Vanderbilt Corridor Subarea), [81-642](#) (Transfer of development rights from landmarks to qualifying sites), or [81-653](#) (Special permit for transfer of development rights from landmarks to non-qualifying sites).

reference plane

Applicable to Article VI - Chapter 4

The “reference plane” is a horizontal plane from which the height and setback regulations governing a #building or other structure# may be measured, in accordance with certain provisions of this Chapter. The #reference plane# shall not be located above the #first story above flood elevation#, as applicable.

For #zoning lots# located wholly or partially within the #high-risk flood zone#, the #reference plane# may be established at any level between the #flood-resistant construction elevation# and a height of 10 feet above the #base plane# or #curb level#, as applicable. However, where the #flood-resistant construction elevation# exceeds a height of 10 feet above the #base plane# or #curb level#, as applicable, the #reference plane# may be established at the #flood-resistant construction elevation#.

For #zoning lots# located wholly or partially within the #moderate-risk flood zone#, the #reference plane# may be established at any level between the #flood-resistant construction elevation# and a height of five feet above the #base plane# or #curb level#, as applicable.

Referenced commercial and manufacturing uses

General Definition

Last Amended 6/6/2024

“Referenced commercial and manufacturing uses” consist of the following #commercial# and #manufacturing uses#:

From Use Group I
Agricultural #uses#, including greenhouses, nurseries, or truck gardens

From Use Group VI
All #uses# listed under Repair and Maintenance
Industrial drycleaning and laundry services

From Use Group VII
Laboratories

From Use Group VIII
Art, music, dancing or theatrical studios
Production or entertainment studios

From Use Group X
All #uses#.

residence district

General Definition

Last Amended 2/2/2011

A "Residence District" includes any district whose designation begins with the letter "R."

For example, an "R6" District includes any district whose designation begins with the symbol "R6."

residence, or residential

General Definition

Last Amended 3/22/2016

A "residence" is one or more #dwelling units# or #rooming units#, including common spaces such as hallways, lobbies, stairways, laundry facilities, recreation areas or storage areas. A #residence# may, for example, consist of one-family or two-family houses, multiple dwellings, boarding or rooming houses, or #apartment hotels#. However, #residences# do not include:

- (a) such transient accommodations as #transient hotels#, #motels# or #tourist cabins#, or #trailer camps#;
- (b) #non-profit hospital staff dwellings#; or
- (c) student dormitories, fraternity or sorority student houses, monasteries or convents, #long-term care facilities#, or other living or sleeping accommodations in #community facility buildings# or portions of #buildings# used for #community facility uses#.

"Residential" means pertaining to a #residence#.

residential building

General Definition

Last Amended 2/2/2011

A "residential building" is a #building# used only for a #residential use#.

residential equivalent

General Definition

Last Amended 12/5/2024

A “residential equivalent” is the applicable #Residence District# assigned to apply the #bulk# regulations for a particular #Commercial District# that permits #residences#.

residential plaza

General Definition

see #plaza, residential#

residential street

Applicable to Article XII - Chapter 4

FROM [124-02](#):

residential street

A “residential street” shall be a way intended for general public use located and designed in accordance with requirements set forth in Section [124-31](#), inclusive.

residential use

General Definition

Last Amended 6/6/2024

A “residential use” is any #use# listed in Use Group II.

retail street

Applicable to Article XII - Chapter 4

FROM [124-02](#):

retail street

A “retail street” shall be a way intended for general public use located and designed in accordance with requirements set forth in Section [124-31](#), inclusive.

rooming unit

General Definition

Last Amended 12/5/2024

A “rooming unit” consists of any “living room,” as defined in the Multiple Dwelling Law, in a #residential building# or a #residential# portion of a #building# which is not a #dwelling unit# or part of a #dwelling unit#.

rooms

General Definition

Last Amended 7/26/2001

“Rooms” shall consist of “living rooms,” as defined in the Multiple Dwelling Law.

sale price

Applicable from 81-60, 81-61, 81-611, 81-612, 81-613, 81-62, 81-621, 81-63, 81-631, 81-632, 81-633, 81-634, 81-64, 81-641, 81-642, 81-643, 81-644, 81-645, 81-65, 81-651, 81-652, 81-653, 81-66, 81-661, 81-662, 81-663, 81-67, 81-671, 81-672, 81-673, 81-674, 81-675, 81-676

Last Amended 12/15/2021

For the purposes of Section [81-60](#), inclusive, “sale price” shall mean the total consideration exchanged for transferred #floor area# pursuant to certification to transfer development rights from #zoning lots# occupied by #landmark buildings or other structures# within the East Midtown Subdistrict to a #qualifying site#. The total consideration shall include all consideration as defined in Chapter 21 of the Administrative Code of the City of New York and Title 19 of the Rules of the City of New York, as they may be amended, or their successor provisions, whether or not subject to tax under that Chapter. The total consideration shall also include any other compensation in whatever form received in exchange for the #floor area#, including contingent consideration. A valuation prepared pursuant to procedures established by rule of the City Planning Commission or the New York City Department of Finance shall be required for all consideration in a form other than cash. The application for certification shall include affidavits from the buyer and seller, attesting under penalty of perjury, that all of the terms of the transaction and all the consideration have been disclosed, and may be subject to audit.

scenic view

Applicable to Article X - Chapter 2

FROM [102-01](#):

scenic view

A “scenic view” is an outstanding or unique view from a mapped #public park# or an esplanade or a mapped public place which is protected by the regulations of this Chapter. #Scenic views# shall be limited to:

- (a) distant landscapes of scenic grandeur which contain natural features such as hills, palisades or similar features;
- (b) outstanding views of large bodies of water such as rivers, streams, lakes, harbors, waterfalls or similar aquatic features; or
- (c) panoramic views of the waterfront profile of the skyline formed by built and natural elements.

The minimum horizontal distance between the #scenic view# and a #view reference line# shall be at least 1,500 feet and shall not contain distractions which reduce the quality of such view. The specific view to be preserved under the regulation of this #Special Scenic View District# shall be described and made part of this Chapter.

school

General Definition

Last Amended 1/18/2011

A “school” is:

- (a) an institution providing full-time day instruction and a course of study that meets the requirements of Sections 3204, 3205 and 3210 of the New York State Education Law; or
- (b) a nursery school or kindergarten:
 - (1) whose annual session does not exceed the school sessions for full-time day schools prescribed in Section 3204 of the New York State Education Law; and

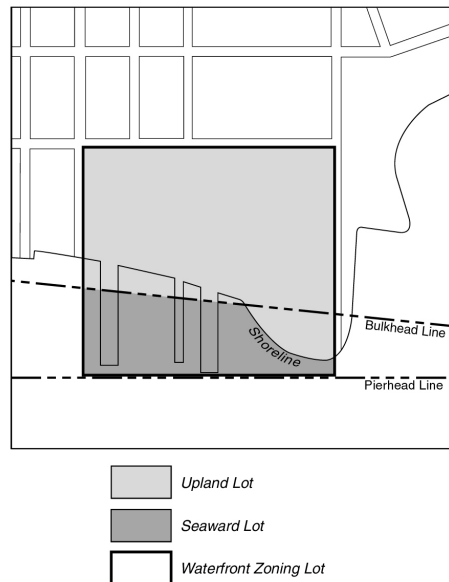
(2) which is operated by the Department of Education or any established religious organization as part of an elementary school; or

(c) a child care service operating under a permit issued pursuant to Section 47.03 of the New York City Health Code.

seaward lot

Applicable to Article VI - Chapter 2

A “seaward lot” is the portion of a #waterfront zoning lot# located seaward of the bulkhead line, except for any land above water included as part of the #upland lot#.



SEAWARD/UPLAND LOTS

(62 - 11.4)

secondary frontage

Applicable from 37-30 to 37-362

Last Amended 6/6/2024

FROM SECTION [37-311](#):

For the purposes of Section [37-30](#), inclusive, a “secondary frontage” shall be the portion of a #ground floor level# #designated frontage# subject to the provisions of Section [37-30](#), inclusive, that is not a #primary frontage#.

secondary transit-adjacent sites

Applicable to Article VI - Chapter 6

Last Amended 10/7/2021

FROM [66-11](#): For the purposes of this Chapter, “secondary transit-adjacent sites” shall refer to *transit-adjacent sites* that have a *lot area* of less than 5,000 square feet.

Select commercial overlay

General Definition

Last Amended 6/6/2024

“Select commercial overlays” shall be any of the following C1 or C2 Districts: C1-1, C1-2, C1-3 or C1-4 Districts or C2-1, C2-2, C2-3 or C2-4 Districts.

select community facility uses

Applicable to Article XIII - Chapter 9

Last Amended 11/23/2021

From Section [139-01](#): For the purposes of this Chapter, the following *community facility uses* shall also be considered “select community facility uses”:

Houses of worship, rectories or parish houses; and

Health facilities requiring approval under Article 28 of the Public Health Law of the State of New York that, prior to July 10, 1974, have received approval of Part I of the required application from the Commissioner of Health.

Select entertainment facilities

General Definition

Last Amended 6/6/2024

A “select entertainment facility” is any establishment providing amusement or recreation activities found in the following North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) industry codes:

- (a) #uses# listed under industry code 71395 (Bowling Centers); or
- (b) the following #uses# from industry code 71399 (All Other Amusement and Recreation Industries):
 - Billiard or pool parlors
 - Escape rooms
 - Model car racing centers.

select mass transit stations

General Definition
Last Amended 12/5/2024

For the purposes of establishing the geography of the #Outer Transit Zone#, “select mass transit stations” shall include the following #mass transit stations#, as defined in Section [66-11](#) (Definitions):

- (a) the Bellerose, Belmont, Douglaston, Far Rockaway, Floral Park, Hollis, Inwood, Laurelton, Little Neck, Locust Manor, Queens Village, Rosedale or St. Albans Long Island Railroad stations; and
- (b) the Riverdale, Spuyten Duyvil, Wakefield or Woodlawn Metro North stations.

self-service storage facility

General Definition
Last Amended 6/6/2024

A “self-service storage facility” is a moving or storage office, or a warehouse establishment, as listed in Use Group IX, for the purpose of storing personal property, where:

- (a) such facility is partitioned into individual, securely subdivided space for lease; or
- (b) such facility consists of enclosed or unenclosed floor space which is subdivided by secured bins, boxes, containers, pods or other mobile or stationary storage devices; and
- (c) such floor space or storage devices are less than 300 square feet in area and are to be leased or rented to persons or businesses to access, store or remove property on a self-service basis.

semi-detached (building)

General Definition
Last Amended 12/5/2024

A “semi-detached” #building# is a #building# that #abuts# only one other #building#, other than an #attached building#, on an adjoining #zoning lot# along only one #side lot line# and which is surrounded on all other sides by #yards#, other open areas or #street lines#. Where an #ancillary dwelling unit# #abuts# another #residence# on the same #zoning lot#, and the combination of such #buildings# are surrounded by only one other #building# on an adjoining #zoning lot# along only one #side lot line# and are surrounded by all other sides by #yards# or other open areas, such #buildings# shall be considered a single #semi-detached# #building#.

service street

Applicable to Article XII - Chapter 4

FROM [124-02](#):

service street

A “service street” shall be a way intended for general public use located and designed in accordance with requirements set forth in Section [124-31](#), inclusive.

Setback line

Applicable to Article VIII - Chapter 1
Last Amended 2/2/2011

A line drawn in plan parallel to a #street line# and showing for a given #building# height the minimum depth to which a #building# is required to be set back from the #street line# by the applicable depth to height chart in Section [81-263](#) (Standard setback requirements). Required setbacks, established by the chart, increase with the #building's# height.

(See illustration of #Setback Line# and #Half-Setback Line#)

[SETBACK LINE AND HALF-SETBACK LINE - two images]

severe disaster

General Definition
Last Amended 5/12/2021

A “severe disaster” shall include any event within any boundary of the City of New York, for which the Mayor proclaims a local state of emergency, or the Governor declares a disaster emergency.

Shore public walkway

Applicable to Article XI - Chapter 6

FROM [116-01](#):

Shore public walkway

A "shore public walkway" is a linear public access area along the shore or water edges of a *platform* on a *waterfront zoning lot*.

shore public walkway

Applicable to Article VI - Chapter 2

A “shore public walkway” is a linear public access area running alongside the shore or water edges of a #platform# on a #waterfront zoning lot#.

shoreline

General Definition
Last Amended 10/25/1993

The "shoreline" is the mean high water line, as determined in accordance with the procedure set forth by the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

shoreline

Applicable to Article XIV - Chapter 4
Last Amended 12/15/2021

From Section [144-01](#):

The definition of #shoreline# set forth in Section [12-10](#) is modified for the purposes of this Chapter to mean the shoreline on a survey available on the Department of City Planning website.

shoreline adjacent lot

Applicable to Article XIV - Chapter 2
Last Amended 8/8/2018

[From Section [142-04](#)]:

For the purposes of this Chapter, a “shoreline adjacent lot” shall refer to a #waterfront zoning lot# with a #shoreline# length of more than 100 feet, or any #zoning lot# that has entered into a binding agreement to improve and maintain a #waterfront public access area# for an adjoining #waterfront zoning lot#.

short dimension of a block

General Definition
Last Amended 12/5/2024

The “short dimension of a block” shall be a #block# frontage where the dimension between any two #streets# bounding the #block# measures less than 230 feet.

show window

General Definition
Last Amended 12/15/1961

A "show window" is a window or opening in the exterior wall of any portion of a #building# used for business purposes, through which merchandise, services or business are displayed or advertised. A window glazed with transparent glass in the business portion of a #building#, any part of which window is less than six feet above the sidewalk or the established sidewalk grade beneath the window, shall be a #show window#.

side lot line

General Definition
Last Amended 6/30/1989

see #lot line, side#

side lot ribbon

General Definition
Last Amended 6/30/1989

A "side lot ribbon" is that portion of the #zoning lot# that is contiguous to, and extends along the entire length of, a #side lot line# from the #street line# to an intersecting #rear lot line#, #side lot line# or other #street line#. Where a #side lot ribbon# is used for a common driveway serving two #zoning lots#, the #side lot ribbon# may occupy space on both sides of a #side lot line#.

side yard

General Definition

See #yard, side#

sign

General Definition
Last Amended 4/8/1998

A "sign" is any writing (including letter, word or numeral), pictorial representation (including illustration or decoration), emblem (including device, symbol or trademark), flag, (including banner or pennant) or any other figure of similar character, that:

- (a) is a structure or any part thereof, or is attached to, painted on, or in any other manner represented on a #building or other structure#;
- (b) is used to announce, direct attention to or advertise; and
- (c) is visible from outside a #building#. A #sign# shall include writing, representation or other figures of similar character, within a #building#, only when illuminated and located in a window.

However, non-#illuminated signs# containing solely non-commercial copy with a total #surface area# not exceeding 12 square feet on any #zoning lot#, including memorial tablets or signs displayed for the direction or convenience of the public, shall not be subject to the provisions of this Resolution.

sign band

Applicable to Article XII - Chapter 2

FROM [122-01](#):

Sign band

A "sign band" is a horizontal band which extends the full length of the #street wall# of a #building#, and is located between 8 feet and 14 feet above #curb level#.

sign with indirect illumination

General Definition
Last Amended 4/8/1998

A "sign with indirect illumination" is any #illuminated# non-#flashing sign# whose illumination is derived entirely from an external artificial source and is so arranged that no direct rays of light are projected from such artificial source into #residences# or #streets#.

sign, advertising

General Definition
Last Amended 4/8/1998

An "advertising sign" is a #sign# that directs attention to a business, profession, commodity, service or entertainment conducted, sold, or offered elsewhere than upon the same #zoning lot# and is not #accessory# to a #use# located on the #zoning lot#.

sign, flashing

General Definition
Last Amended 4/8/1998

A "flashing sign" is any #illuminated sign#, whether stationary, revolving or rotating, that exhibits changing light or color effects, provided that revolving or rotating #signs# that exhibit no changing light or color effects other than those produced by revolution or rotation, shall be deemed #flashing signs# only if they exhibit sudden or marked changes in such light or color effects.

#Illuminated signs# that indicate the time, temperature, weather or other similar information shall not be considered #flashing signs#, provided that:

- (a) the total #surface area# of such #sign# is not greater than 16 square feet;
- (b) the vertical dimension of any letter or number is not greater than 24 inches; and
- (c) color or intensity of light is constant except for periodic changes in the information displayed, which occur not more frequently than once every minute.

sign, illuminated

General Definition
Last Amended 4/8/1998

An "illuminated sign" is a #sign# designed to give forth any artificial light or reflect such light from an artificial source.

sign, surface area of

see #surface area (of a sign)#

single-family residence

General Definition
Last Amended 12/5/2024

A "single-family residence" is a #building# containing only one #dwelling unit#, and occupied by only one #family#. A #single-family residence# may additionally include an #ancillary dwelling unit# in the same or an ancillary #building#.

Site alteration

Applicable to Article X - Chapter 5
FROM: [105-01](#):

Site alteration

A "site alteration" is an alteration on any vacant tract of land, #land with minor improvements# or any tract of land containing #buildings or other structures# which includes land contour work, topographic modifications, removal of #topsoil#, vegetation, excavating, filling, dumping, changes in existing drainage systems, improvements in public rights-of-way, relocation of erratic boulders or modification of any other #natural features#, whether or not a permit is required from the Department of Buildings, the Department of Transportation or other public agencies.

Site alteration

Applicable to Article X - Chapter 7
Last Amended 11/2/2023

FROM [107-01](#):

Site alteration

A "site alteration" is an alteration on any vacant tract of land, #land with minor improvements# or any tract of land containing #buildings or other structures#, which includes permanent topographic modifications, removal of topsoil, removal of trees of six-inch caliper or more, excavating, filling, dumping, changes in existing drainage systems, whether or not a permit is required from the Department of Buildings or other public agencies.

Site alteration

Applicable to Article XI - Chapter 9
FROM [119-01](#):

Site alteration

For the purposes of this Chapter, a "site alteration" is an alteration on any vacant tract of land, #land with minor improvements# or any tract of land containing #buildings or other structures#. #Site alterations# shall include the following:

- (a) removal of #topsoil#;
- (b) excavating, filling, land contour work and other topographic modifications where the ground elevation of the land existing on June 30, 1987, is modified by two feet or more;
- (c) dumping, changes in existing drainage systems and changes in grade, alignment or width of public rights-of-way; or
- (d) removal of vegetation beyond 15 feet of the foundation of an existing #building#, except when the plant materials' continued presence would create hazards or dangers (such as an area affected by storm or plant disease) to persons, property or other plant material which it would not be possible or practical to eliminate by pruning or routine maintenance.

sky exposure plane building

General Definition
Last Amended 12/5/2024

A "sky exposure plane building" is a #building# that:

- (a) is located in R6 through R10 Districts without a letter suffix, or in #Commercial Districts# mapped within, or with a #residential equivalent# of, R6 through R10 Districts without a letter suffix;
- (b) is #developed# or #enlarged# after December 5, 2024; and
- (c) utilizes the optional #bulk# regulations set forth in Section [23-73](#), inclusive, or Section [35-71](#), inclusive.

sky exposure plane or front sky exposure plane

General Definition
Last Amended 4/18/1987

A "sky exposure plane" or "front sky exposure plane" is an imaginary inclined plane:

- (a) beginning above the #street line# (or, where so indicated, above the #front yard line#) at a height set forth in the district regulations; and
- (b) rising over a #zoning lot# at a ratio of vertical distance to horizontal distance set forth in the district regulations.

SoHo-NoHo Arts Fund

Applicable to Article XIV - Chapter 3
Last Amended 12/15/2021

[From Section [143-02](#)]:

For the purposes of this Chapter, the "SoHo-NoHo Arts Fund" (the "Arts Fund") shall be a separate interest-bearing account established for the deposit of contributions made when converting #joint living-work quarters for artists# to #residences# through in accordance with the provisions of Section [143-13](#) (Joint Living-Work Quarters for Artists). Funds within the #SoHo-NoHo Arts Fund# shall be allocated by the New York City Department of Cultural Affairs, or a not-for-profit entity designated by the Department of Cultural Affairs, to support arts programming, projects, organizations, and facilities that promote the public presence of the arts within the Special District and surrounding neighborhoods and extend the cultural legacy of SoHo and NoHo generally. Such allocation should prioritize under-resourced organizations and under-served areas within Lower Manhattan neighborhoods south of 14th Street.

No later than June 30 of each year, the Department of Cultural Affairs shall submit a report to the Speaker of the City Council detailing the amount of money deposited into the #SoHo-NoHo Arts Fund# and any expenditure of funds.

Special 125th Street District

General Definition
Last Amended 2/2/2011

The "Special 125th Street District" is a Special Purpose District designated by the number "125" in which special regulations set forth in Article IX, Chapter 7, apply.

Special Atlantic Avenue Mixed Use District

General Definition
Last Amended 5/28/2025

Special Atlantic Avenue Mixed Use District

The "Special Atlantic Avenue Mixed Use District" is a Special Purpose District designated by the letters "AAM" in which special regulations set forth in Article XIV, Chapter 6, apply.

Special Battery Park City District

General Definition
Last Amended 2/2/2011

The "Special Battery Park City District" is a Special Purpose District designated by the letters "BPC" in which special regulations set forth in Article VIII, Chapter 4, apply.

Special Bay Ridge District

Last Amended 2/2/2011

The "Special Bay Ridge District" is a Special Purpose District designated by the letters "BR" in which special regulations set forth in Article XI, Chapter 4, apply.

Special Bay Street Corridor District

General Definition
Last Amended 6/26/2019

The "Special Bay Street Corridor District" is a Special Purpose District designated by the letters "BSC" in which special regulations set forth in Article XIII, Chapter 5, apply.

Special Brooklyn Navy Yard District

General Definition
Last Amended 12/15/2021

The "Special Brooklyn Navy Yard District" is a Special Purpose District designated by the letters "BNY" in which special regulations set forth in Article XIV, Chapter 4, apply.

Special City Island District

General Definition
Last Amended 2/2/2011

The "Special City Island District" is a Special Purpose District designated by the letters "CD" in which special regulations set forth in Article XI, Chapter 2, apply.

Special Clinton District

General Definition
Last Amended 2/2/2011

The "Special Clinton District" is a Special Purpose District designated by the letters "CL" in which special regulations set forth in Article IX, Chapter 6, apply.

Special Coastal Risk District

General Definition
Last Amended 6/21/2017

The "Special Coastal Risk District" is a Special Purpose District designated by the letters "CR" in which special regulations set forth in Article XIII, Chapter 7, apply.

Special College Point District

General Definition
Last Amended 2/2/2011

The "Special College Point District" is a Special Purpose District designated by the letters "CP" in which special regulations set forth in Article XII, Chapter 6, apply.

Special Coney Island District

General Definition
Last Amended 2/2/2011

The "Special Coney Island District" is a Special Purpose District designated by the letters "CI" in which special regulations set forth in Article XIII, Chapter 1, apply.

Special Coney Island Mixed Use District

General Definition
Last Amended 1/9/1975

The "Special Coney Island Mixed Use District" is a Special Purpose District designated by the letters "CO" in which special regulations set forth in Article X, Chapter 6, apply.

special density areas

General Definition
Last Amended 12/5/2024

"Special density areas" shall refer to special geographies where unique density regulations apply to #residential# #developments# or #enlargements#. #Special density areas# shall include:

- (a) the #Manhattan Core#; and
- (b) the #Special Downtown Brooklyn District#.

Special Downtown Brooklyn District

General Definition
Last Amended 2/2/2011

The "Special Downtown Brooklyn District" is a Special Purpose District designated by the letters "DB" in which special regulations set forth in Article X, Chapter 1, apply.

Special Downtown Far Rockaway District

General Definition
Last Amended 9/9/2017

The "Special Downtown Far Rockaway District" is a Special Purpose District designated by the letters "DFR" in which special regulations set forth in Article XIII, Chapter 6, apply.

Special Downtown Jamaica District

General Definition
Last Amended 2/2/2011

The "Special Downtown Jamaica District" is a Special Purpose District designated by the letters "DJ" in which special regulations set forth in Article XI, Chapter 5, apply.

Special East Harlem Corridors District

General Definition
Last Amended 11/30/2017

The "Special East Harlem Corridors District" is a Special Purpose District designated by the letters "EHC" in which special regulations set forth in Article XIII, Chapter 8, apply.

Special Eastchester-East Tremont Corridor District

General Definition
Last Amended 8/15/2024

The "Special Eastchester – East Tremont Corridor District" is a Special Purpose District designated by the letters "ETC" in which special regulations set forth in Article XIV, Chapter 5, apply.

Special Enhanced Commercial District

General Definition
Last Amended 6/28/2012

The "Special Enhanced Commercial District" is a Special Purpose District designated by the letters "EC" in which special regulations set forth in Article XIII, Chapter 2, apply.

Special Flushing Waterfront District

General Definition
Last Amended 12/10/2020

The "Special Flushing Waterfront District" is a Special Purpose District designated by the letters "FW" in which special regulations set forth in Article XII, Chapter 7, apply.

Special Forest Hills District

General Definition
Last Amended 2/2/2011

The "Special Forest Hills District" is a Special Purpose District designated by the letters "FH" in which special regulations set forth in Article VIII, Chapter 6, apply.

Special Garment Center District

General Definition
Last Amended 2/2/2011

The "Special Garment Center District" is a Special Purpose District designated by the letters "GC" in which special regulations set forth in Article XII, Chapter 1, apply.

Special Governors Island District

General Definition
Last Amended 7/24/2013

The "Special Governors Island District" is a Special Purpose District designated by the letters "GI" in which the special regulations set forth in Article XIII, Chapter 4, apply.

Special Gowanus Mixed Use District

General Definition
Last Amended 11/23/2021
The "Special Gowanus Mixed Use District" is a Special Purpose District designated by the letter "G" in which special regulations set forth in Article XIII, Chapter 9, apply.

Special Grand Concourse Preservation District

General Definition
Last Amended 2/2/2011

The "Special Grand Concourse Preservation District" is a Special Purpose District designated by the letter "C" in which special regulations set forth in Article XII, Chapter 2, apply.

Special Harlem River Waterfront District

General Definition
Last Amended 2/2/2011

The "Special Harlem River Waterfront District" is a Special Purpose District designated by the letters "HRW" in which special regulations set forth in Article VIII, Chapter 7, apply.

special height locations

Applicable from 84-00 to 84-343
Last Amended 2/2/2011

FROM [84-01](#):

"Special height locations" are designated areas in Zone A and Zone C of the #Special Battery Park City District# subject to the regulations in Appendices 2.2 and 3.2 of this Chapter, in accordance with Sections [84-135](#) and [84-333](#) (Limited height of buildings).

Special Hillside Preservation District

General Definition
Last Amended 2/2/2011

The "Special Hillside Preservation District" is a Special Purpose District mapped in Staten Island designated by the letters "HS" in which special regulations set forth in Article XI, Chapter 9, apply.

Special Hudson River Park District

General Definition
Last Amended 12/15/2016

The “Special Hudson River Park District” is a Special Purpose District designated by the letters “HRP” in which special regulations set forth in Article VIII, Chapter 9, apply.

Special Hudson Square District

General Definition
Last Amended 3/20/2013

The “Special Hudson Square District” is a Special Purpose District designated by the letters “HSQ,” in which special regulations set forth in Article VIII, Chapter 8, apply.

Special Hudson Yards District

General Definition
Last Amended 2/2/2011

The "Special Hudson Yards District" is a Special Purpose District designated by the letters "HY" in which special regulations set forth in Article IX, Chapter 3, apply.

Special Hunts Point District

General Definition
Last Amended 2/2/2011

The "Special Hunts Point District" is a Special Purpose District designated by the letters "HP" in which special regulations set forth in Article X, Chapter 8, apply.

Special Inwood District

General Definition
Last Amended 8/8/2018

The "Special Inwood District" is a Special Purpose District designated by the letters "IN" in which special regulations set forth in Article XIV, Chapter 2, apply.

Special Jerome Corridor District

General Definition
Last Amended 3/22/2018

The "Special Jerome Corridor District" is a Special Purpose District designated by the letter "J" in which special regulations set forth in Article XIV, Chapter 1, apply.

Special Limited Commercial District

General Definition
Last Amended 2/2/2011

The "Special Limited Commercial District" is a Special Purpose District designated by the letters "LC" in which special regulations set forth in Article VIII, Chapter 3, apply.

Special Lincoln Square District

General Definition
Last Amended 2/2/2011

The "Special Lincoln Square District" is a Special Purpose District designated by the letter "L" in which special regulations set forth in Article VIII, Chapter 2, apply.

Special Little Italy District

General Definition
Last Amended 2/2/2011

The "Special Little Italy District" is a Special Purpose District designated by the letters "LI" in which special regulations set forth in Article X, Chapter 9, apply.

Special Long Island City Mixed Use District

General Definition
Last Amended 2/2/2011

The "Special Long Island City Mixed Use District" is a Special Purpose District designated by the letters "LIC" in which special regulations set forth in Article XI, Chapter 7, apply.

Special Lower Manhattan District

General Definition
Last Amended 2/2/2011

The "Special Lower Manhattan District" is a Special Purpose District designated by the letters "LM" in which special regulations set forth in Article IX, Chapter 1, apply.

Special Madison Avenue Preservation District

General Definition
Last Amended 2/2/2011

The "Special Madison Avenue Preservation District" is a Special Purpose District designated by the letters "MP" in which special regulations set forth in Article IX, Chapter 9, apply.

Special Manhattanville Mixed Use District

General Definition
Last Amended 2/2/2011

The “Special Manhattanville Mixed Use District” is a Special Purpose District designated by the letters “MMU” in which special regulations set forth in Article X, Chapter 4, apply.

Special Midtown District

General Definition
Last Amended 2/2/2011

The “Special Midtown District” is a Special Purpose District designated by the letters “MiD” in which special regulations set forth in Article VIII, Chapter 1, apply.

Special Mixed Use District

General Definition
Last Amended 12/10/1997

The “Special Mixed Use District” is a Special Purpose District designated by the letters “MX” in which special regulations set forth in Article XII, Chapter 3, apply. The #Special Mixed Use District# appears on the #zoning maps# superimposed on paired M1 and #Residence Districts#, and its regulations supplement or modify those of the M1 and #Residence Districts#. The #Special Mixed Use District# includes any district that begins with the letters “MX.”

Special mixed use parking areas*

General Definition
Last Amended 12/5/2024

“Special mixed use parking areas” shall refer to special geographies where unique parking requirements apply to mixed use #buildings#. #Special mixed use parking areas# shall include areas within:

- (a) the boundaries shown in APPENDIX I of this Resolution; and
- (b) within Roosevelt Island in Community District 8 of Manhattan.

Special Natural Area District

General Definition
Last Amended 2/2/2011

The “Special Natural Area District” is a Special Purpose District designated by the letters “NA” in which special regulations set forth in Article X, Chapter 5, apply. The #Special Natural Area District# includes any district whose designation begins with the letters “NA”.

Special Ocean Parkway District

General Definition
Last Amended 2/2/2011

The “Special Ocean Parkway District” is a Special Purpose District designated by the letters “OP” in which special regulations set forth in Article XI, Chapter 3, apply.

Special Park Improvement District

General Definition
Last Amended 2/2/2011

The “Special Park Improvement District” is a Special Purpose District designated by the letters “PI” in which special regulations set forth in Article IX, Chapter 2, apply.

special parking areas

General Definition
Last Amended 12/5/2024

“Special parking areas” shall refer to special geographies where unique parking regulations apply in Article I, Chapter 3 and Article I, Chapter 6. #Special parking areas# include:

- (a) the #Manhattan Core#, as defined in Section [12-10](#), with the exception of Governors Island in Community District 1 and Roosevelt Island in Community District 8; and
- (b) the #Long Island City area#, as defined in Section [16-02](#).

Special Planned Community Preservation District

General Definition
Last Amended 2/2/2011

The “Special Planned Community Preservation District” is a Special Purpose District designated by the letters “PC” in which special regulations set forth in Article X, Chapter 3, apply.

Special Scenic View District

General Definition
Last Amended 2/2/2011

The “Special Scenic View District” is a Special Purpose District designated by the letters “SV” in which the special regulations set forth in Article X, Chapter 2, apply.

Special Sheepshead Bay District

General Definition
Last Amended 2/2/2011

The "Special Sheepshead Bay District" is a Special Purpose District designated by the letters "SB" in which special regulations set forth in Article IX, Chapter 4, apply.

Special SoHo-NoHo Mixed Use District

General Definition
Last Amended 12/15/2021

The "Special SoHo-NoHo Mixed Use District" is a Special Purpose District designated by the letters "SNX" in which special regulations set forth in Article XIV, Chapter 3, apply.

Special South Richmond Development District

General Definition
Last Amended 2/2/2011

The "Special South Richmond Development District" is a Special Purpose District designated by the letters "SR" in which special regulations set forth in Article X, Chapter 7, apply.

Special Southern Hunters Point District

General Definition
Last Amended 2/2/2011

The "Special Southern Hunters Point District" is a Special Purpose District designated by the letters "SHP" in which special regulations set forth in Article XII, Chapter 5, apply.

Special Southern Roosevelt Island District

General Definition
Last Amended 5/8/2013

The "Special Southern Roosevelt Island District" is a Special Purpose District designated by the letters "SRI" in which special regulations set forth in Article XIII, Chapter 3, apply.

Special St. George District

General Definition
Last Amended 2/2/2011

The "Special St. George District" is a Special Purpose District designated by the letters "SG" in which special regulations set forth in Article XII, Chapter 8, apply.

Special Stapleton Waterfront District

General Definition
Last Amended 2/2/2011

The "Special Stapleton Waterfront District" is a Special Purpose District designated by the letters "SW" in which special regulations set forth in Article XI, Chapter 6, apply.

special streetscape area

General Definition
Last Amended 12/5/2024

The "special streetscape area" shall refer to special geographies where unique streetscape regulations apply in Section [32-30](#), inclusive. #Special streetscape areas# shall include areas within:

- (a) the boundaries shown in APPENDIX I of this Resolution;
- (b) the #Manhattan Core#, as defined in Section [12-10](#), with the exception of Governors Island in Community District 1; and
- (c) the #Long Island City area#, as defined in Section [16-02](#).

Special Transit Land Use District

General Definition
Last Amended 2/2/2011

A "Special Transit Land Use District" is a Special Purpose District designated by the letters "TA" in which special regulations set forth in Article IX, Chapter 5, apply.

Special Tribeca Mixed Use District

General Definition
Last Amended 2/2/2011

The "Special Tribeca Mixed Use District" is a Special Purpose District designated by the letters "TMU" in which special regulations set forth in Article XI, Chapter 1, apply.

Special Union Square District

General Definition
Last Amended 2/2/2011

The "Special Union Square District" is a Special Purpose District, designated by the letters "US" in which special regulations set forth in Article XI, Chapter 8, apply.

Special United Nations Development District

General Definition
Last Amended 2/2/2011

The "Special United Nations Development District" is a Special Purpose District designated by the letter "U" in which special regulations set forth in Article VIII, Chapter 5, apply.

Special West Chelsea District

The “Special West Chelsea District” is a Special Purpose District designated by the letters “WCh” in which special regulations set forth in Article IX, Chapter 8, apply.

Special Willets Point District

The “Special Willets Point District” is a Special Purpose District designated by the letters “WP” in which special regulations set forth in Article XII, Chapter 4, apply.

staging area

Applicable to Article X - Chapter 5

FROM [105-01](#):

staging area

A "staging area" is any area on a #zoning lot# used during the construction of a #development#, #enlargement# or #site alteration# for the purposes of stockpiling soil or construction materials; storing, cleaning or servicing construction equipment, vehicles or tools; or storing leachable construction products, gases or other materials used to clean or service vehicles, equipment or tools.

staging area

Applicable to Article XI - Chapter 9

FROM [119-01](#):

staging area

A "staging area" is any area on a #zoning lot# or other tract of land used during the construction of a #development#, #enlargement# or #site alteration# for the purposes of stockpiling soil or construction materials; storing, cleaning or servicing construction equipment, vehicles or tools; or storing leachable construction products, gases or other materials used to clean or service vehicles, equipment or tools.

steep slope

Applicable to Article X - Chapter 5

FROM [105-01](#):

steep slope

A "steep slope" is a portion of a #zoning lot# with an incline of 25 percent or greater. However, a portion of a #zoning lot# with an incline of 25 percent or greater shall not be considered a #steep slope# if it occupies an area of less than 200 square feet or has a dimension of less than 10 feet, measured along the horizontal plane, unless such portions in the aggregate equal 10 percent or more of the area of the #zoning lot#.

steep slope

Applicable to Article XI - Chapter 9

FROM [119-01](#):

steep slope

A "steep slope" is a portion of a #zoning lot# or other tract of land with an incline of 25 percent or greater. However, a portion of a #zoning lot# or other tract of land with an incline of 25 percent or greater shall not be considered a #steep slope# if it occupies an area of less than 200 square feet or has a dimension of less than 10 feet, measured along the horizontal plane, unless such portions in the aggregate equal 10 percent or more of the area of the #zoning lot#.

steep slope buffer

Applicable to Article X - Chapter 5

FROM [105-01](#):

steep slope buffer

A "steep slope buffer" is a 15-foot wide area having a slope of less than 25 percent that adjoins the entire length of the crest of a #steep slope#.

steep slope buffer

Applicable to Article XI - Chapter 9

FROM [119-01](#):

steep slope buffer

A "steep slope buffer" is a 15-foot wide area having a slope of less than 25 percent that adjoins the entire length of the crest of a #steep slope#.

story

Last Amended 2/2/2011

A "story" is that part of a #building# between the surface of a floor (whether or not counted for purposes of computing #floor area ratio#) and the ceiling immediately above. However, a #cellar# shall not be considered a #story#. Furthermore, attic space that is not #floor area# pursuant to Section [12-10](#) (DEFINITIONS) shall not be considered a #story#.

street

General Definition

Last Amended 2/2/2011

A "street" is:

- (a) a way established on the City Map; or
- (b) a way designed or intended for general public use, connecting two ways established on the City Map, that:
 - (1) performs the functions usually associated with a way established on the City Map;
 - (2) is at least 50 feet in width throughout its entire length; and
 - (3) is covenanted by its owner to remain open and unobstructed throughout the life of any #building# or #use# that depends thereon to satisfy any requirement of this Resolution; or
- (c) any other open area intended for general public use and providing a principal means of approach for vehicles or pedestrians from a way established on the City Map to a #building or other structure#, that:
 - (1) performs the functions usually associated with a way established on the City Map;
 - (2) is at least 50 feet in width throughout its entire length;
 - (3) is approved by the City Planning Commission as a "street" to satisfy any requirement of this Resolution; and
 - (4) is covenanted by its owner to remain open and unobstructed throughout the life of any #building# or #use# that depends thereon to satisfy any requirement of this Resolution; or
- (d) any other public way that on December 15, 1961, was performing the functions usually associated with a way established on the City Map; or
- (e) a #covered pedestrian space# that directly links two parallel or substantially parallel ways established on the City Map, for which a #floor area# bonus may be awarded or was awarded pursuant to a prior definition of such amenity, that may, by certification of the City Planning Commission, be deemed to be a #street#, provided the Commission finds that:
 - (1) no portion of such space is located within 50 feet of the intersection of two ways established on the City Map;
 - (2) such space is unobstructed for a minimum width of 15 feet and a minimum height of 15 feet, except for enclosures at the entrances;
 - (3) such space is located at an elevation no more than five feet above or below #curb level#; and
 - (4) the space functions as a #street# providing access to another #street#, shops and other #uses#, and that such access is graphically and visually evident to the pedestrian.

All provisions of this Resolution shall continue to be applicable to such space without being modified, varied or affected by the qualification of such space as a #street#.

The City Planning Commission may prescribe appropriate conditions and safeguards to achieve public utilization of the #street#.

For purposes of paragraphs (a), (b), (c) and (d) of this definition, a #private road#, or a driveway that serves only to give vehicular access to an #accessory# parking or loading facility, or to allow vehicles to take on or discharge passengers at the entrance to a #building#, shall not be considered a #street#.

Street frontage zone

Applicable to Article VIII - Chapter 1

Last Amended 2/2/2011

A portion of a #zoning lot# which lies within an area bounded by a continuous #front lot line# and either the center line of the #block# or a line 100 feet distant from and parallel to that #front lot line#, whichever is closer to that #front lot line#. There shall be a #street frontage zone# for each #zoning lot# #street# frontage.

(See illustration of #Street Frontage Zones#)

[STREET FRONTAGE ZONES - image]

street line

General Definition

Last Amended 10/25/1973

A "street line" is a #lot line# separating a #street# from other land.

A #street setback line# supersedes the #street line# in the application of #yard#, height and setback, and #court# regulations.

street setback line

General Definition

Last Amended 9/19/1985

A "street setback line" is a line shown on the City Map in the Borough of Staten Island, or in Community District 10 in the Borough of Queens. A #street setback line# shall not be located within a mapped #street# area.

A #street setback line# supersedes the #street line# in the application of #yard#, height and setback, and #court# regulations.

No #building or other structure# shall be erected within the area between #street setback lines# fronting on the same #street#, or between a #street setback line# and the opposite mapped #street line# if no #street setback line# exists. Any existing #building or other structure# within this area may be continued, changed, #extended# or structurally altered but shall not be #enlarged#.

street wall

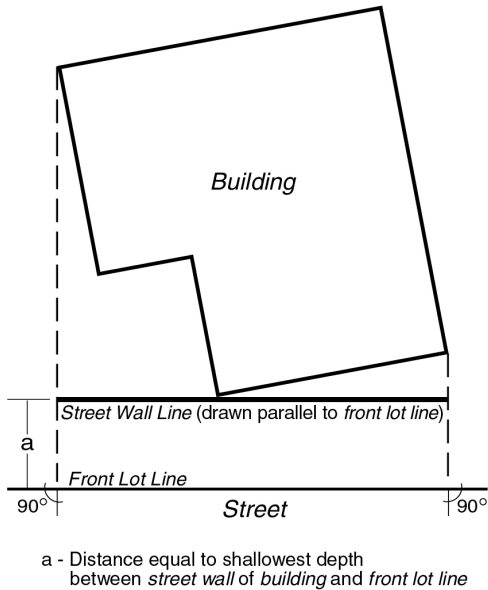
General Definition
Last Amended 12/15/1961

A "street wall" is a wall or portion of a wall of a #building# facing a #street#.

street wall line

General Definition
Last Amended 12/5/1990

A "street wall line" is that portion of a line drawn parallel to a #front lot line# at a distance equal to the shallowest depth between the #street wall# of a #building# and the #front lot line#, from which, when viewed directly from above, lines perpendicular to the #front lot line# may be drawn to a #street wall#.



STREET WALL LINE

street wall line level

General Definition
Last Amended 12/5/1990

"Street wall line level" is the mean level of the natural grade at the #street wall line#. On #corner lots#, #street wall line level# is the average of the mean levels of the natural grade of each #street wall line#. On #through lots#, #street wall line level# is determined separately for each #street# frontage to a distance midway between such #streets#.

street, narrow

General Definition
Last Amended 12/15/1961

A "narrow street" is any #street# less than 75 feet wide.

street, wide

General Definition
Last Amended 12/19/2011

A "wide street" is any #street# 75 feet or more in width. In C5-3, C6-4 or C6-6 Districts, when a #front lot line# of a #zoning lot# adjoins a portion of a #street# whose average width is 75 feet or more and whose minimum width is 65 feet, such portion of a #street# may be considered a #wide street#; or when a #front lot line# adjoins a portion of a #street# 70 feet or more in width, which is between two portions of a #street# 75 feet or more in width, and which portion is less than 700 feet in length, such portion may be considered a #wide street#, and in that case, for the purposes of the height and setback regulations and the measurement of any #publicly accessible open area# or #arcade#, the #street line# shall be considered to be a continuous line connecting the respective #street lines# of the nearest portions of the #street# which are 75 feet or more in width.

In Community District 7 in the Borough of Manhattan, the roadways of Broadway between West 94th and West 97th Streets which are separated by mapped #public park# shall each be considered a #wide street#.

supplemental public access area

Applicable to Article VI - Chapter 2

A "supplemental public access area" is a public access area provided on a #waterfront zoning lot#, in addition to other required public access areas, in order to fulfill the required #waterfront public access area# requirements. A #supplemental public access area# shall not include a #shore public walkway# or an #upland connection#.

surface area (of a sign)

General Definition
Last Amended 4/8/1998

The "surface area" of a #sign# shall be the entire area within a single continuous perimeter enclosing the extreme limits of writing, representation, emblem, or any figure of similar character, together with any material or color forming an integral part of the display or used to differentiate such #sign# from the background against which it is placed. In any event, the supports or uprights on which such #sign# is

supported shall not be included in determining the #surface area# of a #sign#.

When two #signs# of the same shape and dimensions are mounted or displayed back-to-back and parallel on a single free-standing structural frame, only one of such #signs# shall be included in computing the total #surface area# of the two #signs#.

When a double-faced #sign# projects from the wall of a #building#, and its two sides are located not more than 28 inches apart at the widest point and not more than 18 inches apart at the narrowest point, and display identical writing or other representation, the #surface area# shall include only one of the sides. Any additional side of a multi-faced #sign# shall be considered as a separate #sign# for purposes of computing the total #surface area# of the #sign#.

ten-foot setback line

Applicable to Article VIII - Chapter 1
Last Amended 2/2/2011

A line which is parallel to the #street line# at a depth of 10 feet and represents the minimum distance any portion of a #building# exceeding the maximum height at the #street line# is required to be set back from the #street line#. A greater setback distance may be required by a #setback line# or a #half-setback line# depending upon the #building# height for which such #setback line# or #half-setback line# is established.

[TEN-FOOT SETBACK LINE ON AN ENCROACHMENT GRID - 2 images]

through block arcade

General Definition
Last Amended 10/17/2007

A “through block arcade” is a continuous area within a #building# connecting one #street# with another #street#, #publicly accessible open area# or #arcade# adjacent to the #street#. This area may be enclosed in whole or in part and must have a minimum width of 20 feet and a minimum average height of 20 feet. Such a #through block arcade# shall, at either end, be at the same level as the #street#, #publicly accessible open area# or #arcade# that it adjoins.

through block public plaza

Applicable to Article III - Chapter 7

A “through block public plaza” is a #public plaza# or portion of a #public plaza# that is not a #corner public plaza# and that connects two #streets# that are parallel or within 45 degrees of being parallel to each other.

through lot

General Definition

see #lot, through#

tidal wetland area

Applicable to Article VI - Chapter 2

A “tidal wetland area” is an area planted with species tolerant of saline water inundation that is located between the mean low water line and the landward edge of the stabilized natural shore or bulkhead. Such area may be used to satisfy requirements for #waterfront yards#, #shore public walkways# and planting in this Chapter.

Tier A street frontage

Applicable to Article III - Chapter 2
Last Amended 6/6/2024

A “Tier A street frontage” shall be any portion of the #ground floor level# #street# frontage of a #zoning lot# in C1 or C2 Districts, C4 through C7 Districts, or M1 Districts paired with a #Residence District#, that is not a #Tier B# or #Tier C street frontage#.

Tier B street frontage

Applicable to Article III - Chapter 2
Last Amended 6/6/2024

A “Tier B street frontage” shall be any portion of the #ground floor level# #street# frontage of a #zoning lot# in the #special streetscape area# that is located within C1 or C2 Districts, C4 through C7 Districts, or M1 Districts paired with a #Residence District#.

Tier C street frontage

Applicable to Article III - Chapter 2
Last Amended 6/6/2024

A “Tier C street frontage” shall be that portion of the #ground floor level# #street# frontage of a #zoning lot# along a #street# specifically designated as such in a Special Purpose District or other streetscape provision of this Resolution.

Tier I site

Applicable to Article X - Chapter 5
FROM [105-01](#):

Tier I site

A “Tier I site” is a #zoning lot# or other tract of land having an #average percent of slope# of less than 10 percent.

Tier I site

Applicable to Article XI - Chapter 9

FROM [119-01](#):

Tier I site

A "Tier I site" is a #zoning lot# or other tract of land having an #average percent of slope# of less than 10 percent.

Tier II site

Applicable to Article X - Chapter 5

FROM [105-01](#):

Tier II site

A "Tier II site" is a #zoning lot# or other tract of land having an #average percent of slope# equal to or greater than 10 percent.

Tier II site

Applicable to Article XI - Chapter 9

FROM [119-01](#):

Tier II site

A "Tier II site" is a #zoning lot# or other tract of land having an #average percent of slope# equal to or greater than 10 percent.

topsoil

Applicable to Article X - Chapter 5

FROM [105-01](#):

topsoil

"Topsoil" is soil containing undisturbed humus and organic matter capable of sustaining vigorous plant growth and is generally the top six inches of soil.

topsoil

Applicable to Article XI - Chapter 9

FROM [119-01](#):

topsoil

"Topsoil" is soil containing undisturbed humus and organic matter capable of sustaining vigorous plant growth and is generally the top six inches of soil.

tourist cabin

General Definition

see #motel or tourist cabin#

trailer

General Definition

Last Amended 12/15/1961

A "trailer" is a vehicle standing on wheels or rigid supports that is used for living or sleeping purposes.

trailer camp

General Definition

Last Amended 2/2/2011

A "trailer camp" is a #zoning lot# or portion thereof used or designated for the #use# of two or more #trailers#.

transient hotel

General Definition

see #hotel, transient#

transit agency

Applicable to Article VI - Chapter 6

Last Amended 10/7/2021

FROM [66-11](#): For the purposes of this Chapter, a "transit agency" shall refer to any governmental agency with jurisdiction over the affected *mass transit station*.

transit volume

Applicable to Article VI - Chapter 6

Last Amended 10/7/2021

FROM [66-11](#): For the purposes of this Chapter, a “transit volume” shall refer to an area of a *transit-adjacent site* where, pursuant to the provisions of this Chapter, a *transit agency* has determined transit or pedestrian circulation improvements are needed for a *mass transit station*. Such *transit volume* may be used to accommodate *easement volumes* or *clear paths*.

Transit Zone, Greater

General Definition

Last Amended 12/5/2024

The “Greater Transit Zone” is the area within the boundary designated as such on the Department of City Planning’s website for its Zoning and Land Use Map (ZoLa).

Such boundary represents the area that is:

- (a) within the #special parking areas#;
- (b) within the #Inner Transit Zone#; and
- (c) within the #Outer Transit Zone#.

In the event of a conflict between the textual description of the boundary and that on ZoLa, the text shall control.

Transit Zone, Inner

General Definition

Last Amended 12/5/2024

The “Inner Transit Zone” is the area within the boundary designated as such under the “Transit Zones Parking Geographies” layer on the Department of City Planning’s website for its Zoning and Land Use Map (ZoLa).

Such boundary represents the area that is:

- (a) within the boundaries of APPENDIX I of this Resolution that includes the following Community Districts:
 - (1) Community Districts 1 through 3, the portion of Community District 6 northeast of Hamilton Avenue, as well as Community Districts 7 and 8 in the Borough of Brooklyn;
 - (2) Community Districts 9, 10 and 11 in the Borough of Manhattan; and
 - (3) Community Districts 1 and 2, as well as the portions of Community Districts 3 and 4 west of 83rd Street and Baxter Avenue and north of Woodside Avenue, in the Borough of Queens; and
- (b) within Roosevelt Island in Community District 8 of Manhattan.

In the event of a conflict between the textual description of the boundary and that on ZoLa, the text shall control.

Transit Zone, Outer

General Definition

Last Amended 12/5/2024

The “Outer Transit Zone” is the area within the boundary designated as such under the “Transit Zones Parking Geographies” layer on the Department of City Planning’s website for its Zoning and Land Use Map (ZoLa).

Such boundary represents the area that is:

- (a) within the boundaries of APPENDIX I of this Resolution that is outside of the #Inner Transit Zone#; and
- (b) outside of the boundaries of APPENDIX I, that is comprised of #blocks# that are wholly or partially within:
 - (1) a quarter-mile of #select mass transit stations#; and
 - (2) a half-mile of other #mass transit stations#, as defined in Section [66-11](#) (Definitions).

In the event of a conflict between the textual description of the boundary and that on ZoLa, the text shall control.

transit-adjacent sites

Applicable to Article VI - Chapter 6

Last Amended 10/7/2021

[From Section [66-11](#)]:

For the purposes of this Chapter, “transit-adjacent sites” shall refer to *zoning lots* that are located within 50 feet of a *mass transit station* and located in *eligible zoning districts*. *Transit-adjacent sites* include *primary transit-adjacent sites* and *secondary transit-adjacent sites*.

transit-adjacent sites

Applicable to Article XIV - Chapter 1

Last Amended 10/7/2021

[From Section [66-11](#)]:

For the purposes of this Chapter, “transit-adjacent sites” shall refer to *zoning lots* that are located within 50 feet of a *mass transit station* and located in *eligible zoning districts*. *Transit-adjacent sites* include *primary transit-adjacent sites* and *secondary transit-adjacent sites*.

transitional surfaces

Applicable to Article VI - Chapter 1

The "transitional surfaces" are imaginary inclined planes extending upward and outward from the side edges of all #approach surfaces#, and from lines parallel to, 500 feet from, and at the same level as the center line of each runway, which:

- (a) rise at a slope of one foot in height for every seven feet of horizontal distance measured in a vertical plane at right angles to the center line of the runway; and
- (b) extend to the point of intersection with the #horizontal surface# or the #conical surface#.

transportation-infrastructure-adjacent frontage

General Definition
Last Amended 12/5/2024

A “transportation-infrastructure-adjacent frontage” shall refer to a #street# frontage that contains at least one of the following:

- (a) an elevated rail line;
- (b) an open #railroad right-of-way#;
- (c) a limited-access expressway, freeway, parkway or highway, all of which prohibit direct vehicular access to adjoining land; or
- (d) an elevated #street# located on a bridge.

tree credit

Applicable to Article X - Chapter 5

FROM [105-01](#):

tree credit

A "tree credit" is a credit for preserving an existing tree of six-inch #caliper# or more that is counted towards a tree preservation requirement or a credit for a newly planted tree of three-inch #caliper# or more that is counted towards a tree planting requirement.

tree credit

Applicable to Article XI - Chapter 9

FROM [119-01](#):

tree credit

A "tree credit" is a credit for preserving an existing tree of six-inch #caliper# or more which is counted toward a tree preservation requirement, or a credit for a newly planted tree of three-inch #caliper# or more which is counted toward a tree planting requirement.

tree credit

Applicable to Article X - Chapter 7
Last Amended 11/2/2023

FROM [107-01](#):

tree credit

A “tree credit” is a credit for preserving an existing tree or for planting a new tree which is counted towards tree requirements.

tree protection plan

Applicable to Article X - Chapter 5

FROM [105-01](#):

tree protection plan

A "tree protection plan" is a plan that modifies the #area of no disturbance# around a tree proposed for preservation while protecting and preserving the tree during construction. A #tree protection plan# is prepared by an arborist certified by the International Society of Arboriculturists (ISA) or equivalent professional organization that includes:

- (a) a survey of the current condition and health of such trees of six-inch #caliper# or more;
- (b) methods for tree protection and preservation based on best management practices, including the prevention of damage due to compaction, grade and drainage pattern changes and tunneling for utilities;
- (c) a schedule for site monitoring during construction;
- (d) a procedure to communicate protection measures to contractor and workers; and
- (e) post-construction treatment.

tree protection plan

Applicable to Article XI - Chapter 9

FROM [119-01](#):

tree protection plan

A "tree protection plan" is a plan that modifies the #area of no disturbance# around a tree proposed for preservation while protecting and preserving the tree during construction. A #tree protection plan# is prepared by an arborist certified by the International Society of Arboriculturists (ISA) or equivalent professional organization that includes:

- (a) a survey of the current condition and health of such trees of six-inch #caliper# or more;
- (b) methods for tree protection and preservation based on best management practices, including the prevention of damage due to compaction, grade and drainage pattern changes and tunneling for utilities;
- (c) a schedule for site monitoring during construction;
- (d) a procedure to communicate protection measures to contractor and workers; and
- (e) post-construction treatment.

two-family residence

General Definition
Last Amended 12/5/2024

A "two-family residence" is a #building# containing not more than two #dwelling units#, and occupied by only two #families#. A #two-family residence# may additionally include an #ancillary dwelling unit# in the same or an ancillary #building#.

ultra low energy building

General Definition
Last Amended 12/6/2023

An "ultra-low-energy building" shall refer to a #building# which complies with requirements for ultra-low-energy usage. At time of application for plan approval to the Commissioner of Buildings, materials shall be submitted demonstrating:

- (a) that such #building# shall comply with the requirements of Local Law 154 of 2021, as such requirements would apply to a new #building# where an application for the approval of construction documents is submitted to the Commissioner of Buildings after July 1, 2027;
- (b) that such #building# shall be designed and constructed to reduce energy use:
 - (1) for #buildings# three #stories# or less:

such #building# shall be a net-zero energy #building# which shall produce energy onsite from renewable energy sources in an amount equal to or greater than such #building#'s total energy needs; or
 - (2) for all other #buildings#:

energy performance that exceeds by at least 15 percent the energy performance of such a #building# if designed and constructed according to an approved modeling method set forth in the New York City Energy Conservation Code.
- (c) that a registered design professional has verified that the proposed design will meet the requirements of this definition; and
- (d) that plans have been prepared to conduct, as relevant: inspections, equipment commissioning, and airtightness testing during the construction phase.

No final certificate of occupancy shall be issued for such a #building# until a report prepared by a registered design professional has been submitted to the Commissioner of Buildings verifying that the #building# has completed and successfully passed the inspections, commissioning, and testing set forth in paragraph (d) of this definition.

The Department of City Planning may, by rule, update or supplement the requirements of this section exclusively for the purpose of keeping such requirements aligned with advancing technological and construction practices. Such updates may only modify the statutory reference in paragraph (a) of this definition; the specified parameters and reference standards of paragraph (b)(2) of this definition.

unlicensed physical treatment establishment

General Definition
Last Amended 12/9/2021

An #unlicensed physical treatment establishment# is any establishment that offers or advertises or is equipped or arranged so as to provide as part of its services, whether as a principal #use# or as an #accessory use#, massages, body rubs, alcohol rubs, baths or other similar treatment administered by a person that is not a healthcare professional licensed by the State of New York to provide such service, or under the supervision of such licensee and working in a manner allowed by the license. However, #unlicensed physical treatment establishments# shall not include barbershops or beauty parlors that offer massage to the scalp, the face, the neck or shoulders only.

#Unlicensed physical treatment establishments# shall not be permitted in any District.

upland connection

Applicable to Article XI - Chapter 6

FROM [116-01](#):

upland connection

An "upland connection" is a pedestrian way which provides a public access route from the *Esplanade* or a *shore public walkway* to a public sidewalk within a public *street*. Required *upland connections* are shown in the District Plan, Map 5 (Upland Connections and Visual Corridors), in Appendix A of this Chapter.

upland connection

Applicable to Article VI - Chapter 2

An "upland connection" is a pedestrian way which provides a public access route from a #shore public walkway# to a public sidewalk within an open and accessible #street#, #public park# or other accessible public place.

upland lot

Applicable to Article VI - Chapter 2

An "upland lot" is the portion of a #waterfront zoning lot# located landward of the bulkhead line. Where a portion of the #shoreline# projects seaward of the bulkhead line, such land above water shall be included as part of the #upland lot# (see illustration of Seaward/Upland Lots).

upper street wall

Applicable to Article X - Chapter 4

FROM [104-01](#):

upper street wall

"Upper street wall" is that portion of the #street wall# of a #building# that extends from the #lower street wall# to the maximum #building# height set forth for each Parcel in the Base Plane and Building Height Table in Appendix B of this Chapter, or the height of the #building#, whichever is less.

urban plaza

General Definition

see #plaza, urban#

use

General Definition

Last Amended 2/2/2011

A "use" is:

- (a) any purpose for which a #building or other structure# or an open tract of land may be designed, arranged, intended, maintained or occupied; or
- (b) any activity, occupation, business or operation carried on, or intended to be carried on, in a #building or other structure# or on an open tract of land.

vantage point

Applicable from 81-271, 81-272, 81-273, 81-274, 81-275, 81-276, 81-277

Last Amended 8/9/2017

A point on the #center line of the street# bounding the #zoning lot# and located 250 feet from the intersection of the extension of the #zoning lot's# #far lot line# with the #center line of the street#. (See illustration of #Far Lot Line# and #Vantage Point#)

vantage street

Applicable from 81-271, 81-272, 81-273, 81-274, 81-275, 81-276, 81-277

Last Amended 8/9/2017

A #street# bounding the #zoning lot# and on the center line of which a #vantage point# is located.

view framing line

Applicable to Article X - Chapter 2

FROM [102-01](#):

view framing line

The "view framing line" is a line or lines which establish the outer edge of the #scenic view# to be protected. For each #scenic view#, the #view framing line# or #lines# and their elevation are to be located and identified and made part of this Chapter.

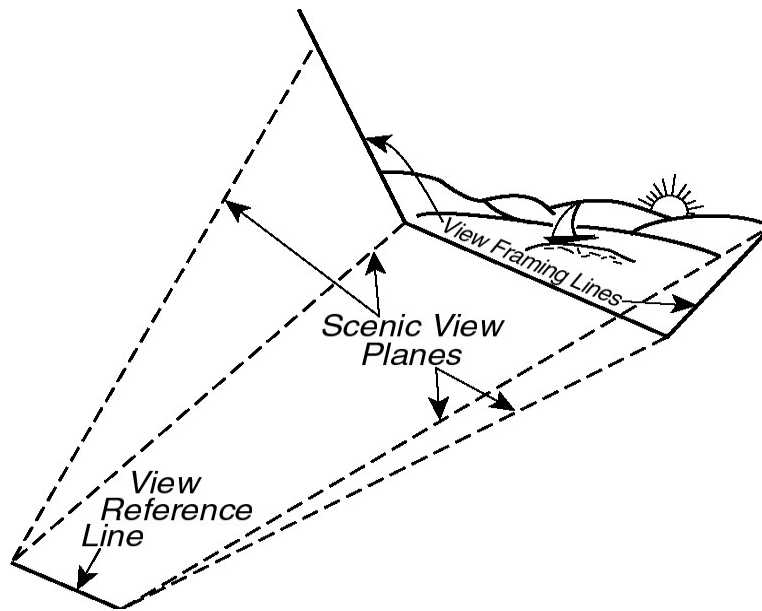
view plane

Applicable to Article X - Chapter 2

FROM [102-01](#):

view plane

A "view plane" is an imaginary plane above which no obstruction shall be permitted within a #Special Scenic View District# unless authorized by the City Planning Commission. Position of the #view plane# may be conical surfaces. Such #view plane# or #planes# are established by joining the #view reference line# with the #view framing lines# as illustrated below:



#View planes# and their elevation, length and slopes applicable to each #Special Scenic View District# are to be located and identified and made part of this Chapter.

view reference line

Applicable to Article X - Chapter 2

FROM [102-01](#):

view reference line

The "view reference line" is a line within a mapped #public park# or an esplanade or a mapped public place from which at any point an outstanding #scenic view# may be observed. A #view reference line# and its elevation applicable to each #Special Scenic View District# are to be located and identified and made part of this Chapter.

The mapped #public park# or an esplanade or a mapped public place in which such #view reference line# is located shall be directly accessible from a #street#.

visual corridor

Applicable to Article XI - Chapter 6

FROM [116-01](#):

visual corridor

A "visual corridor" is a public *street* or tract of land within a *block* that provides a direct and unobstructed view to the water from a vantage point within a public *street*. Required *visual corridors* are shown in the District Plan, Map 5 and Map 6 (Location of Visual Corridor in Subarea E) in Appendix A of this Chapter.

visual corridor

A “visual corridor” is a public #street# or open area within one or more #zoning lots# that provides a direct and unobstructed view to the water from a vantage point within a public #street#, #public park# or other public place.

water coverage

Applicable to Article VI - Chapter 2

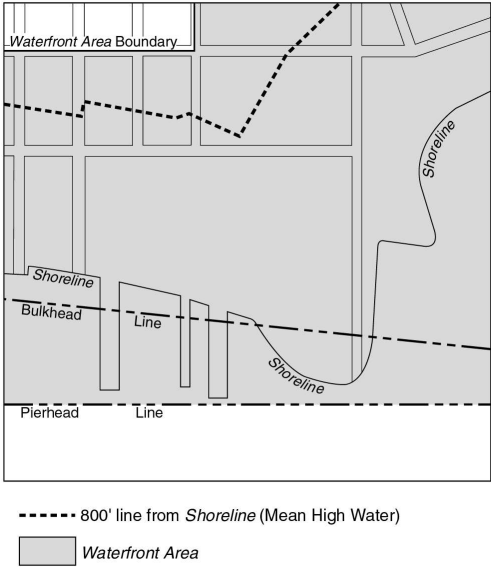
“Water coverage” is the portion of a #zoning lot# seaward of the #shoreline# that, when viewed directly from above, would be covered by a #pier#, #platform# or #floating structure#, including portions of #buildings or other structures# projecting over the water from such structures. #Water coverage# shall not include docking or navigational appurtenances which may project from the aforementioned structures.

waterfront area

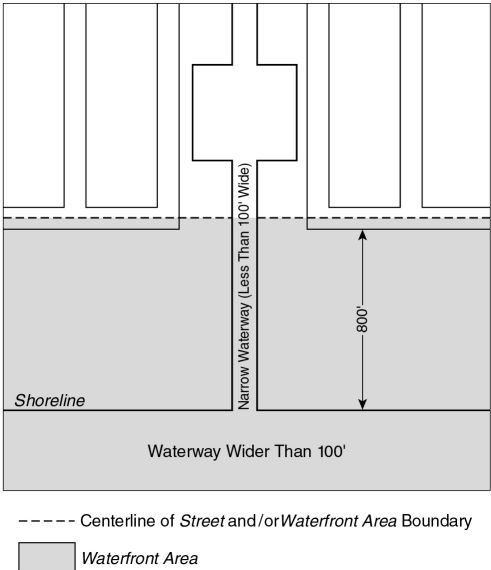
General Definition
Last Amended 11/23/2021

The "waterfront area" is the geographical area comprising all #blocks# between the pierhead line and a line 800 feet landward from the #shoreline#. Where such line intersects a #block#, the entire #block# shall be included and the #waterfront area# boundary shall coincide with the centerline of the landward boundary #street# or other #block# boundary. Notwithstanding the above, any #zoning lot#, the boundaries of which were established prior to November 1, 1993, and which is not closer than 1,200 feet from the #shoreline# at any point and which does not #abut# a waterfront public park, shall not be included in the #waterfront area#.

For the purposes of this definition, only #blocks# along waterways that have a minimum width of 100 feet between opposite #shoreslines#, with no portion downstream less than 100 feet in width, shall be included within the #waterfront area#. However, #blocks# bounding the Gowanus Canal, north of Hamilton Avenue, as shown on the City Map, Dutch Kills and the portion of the Bronx River located south of the prolongation of East 172nd Street, shall be included within the #waterfront area#.



WATERFRONT AREA



NARROW WATERWAY EXCLUSION

waterfront block or waterfront zoning lot

Applicable to Article VI - Chapter 2

A “waterfront block” or “waterfront zoning lot” is a #block# or #zoning lot# in the #waterfront area# having a boundary at grade coincident with or seaward of the #shoreline#. For the purposes of this Chapter:

- (a) a #block# within the #waterfront area# shall include the land within a #street# that is not improved or open to the public, and such #street# shall not form the boundary of a #block#;
- (b) a #block# within the #waterfront area# that #abuts# a #public park# along the waterfront shall be deemed to be part of a #waterfront block#; and
- (c) a #zoning lot# shall include the land within any #street# that is not improved or open to the public and which is in the same ownership as that of any contiguous land.

However, any #block# or #zoning lot# in the #waterfront area# having a boundary within or coincident with the boundaries of the Gowanus Canal, as shown on the City Map, shall be a #waterfront block# or #waterfront zoning lot#, respectively.

Any #zoning lot#, the boundaries of which were established prior to November 1, 1993, and which is not closer than 1,200 feet from the #shoreline# at any point and which does not #abut# a #public park# along the waterfront, shall be deemed outside of the #waterfront block#.

waterfront esplanade

Applicable to Article X - Chapter 7

FROM [107-01](#):

waterfront esplanade

The “waterfront esplanade” is a pedestrian way to be provided for public #use# within the #open space network# along the Raritan Bay waterfront, as shown on the District Plan (Map 3 in Appendix A).

waterfront public access area

Applicable to Article VI - Chapter 2

A “waterfront public access area” is the portion of a #zoning lot# improved for public access. It may include any of the following: a #shore public walkway#, #upland connection#, #supplemental public access area# or public access area on a #pier# or #floating structure#.

waterfront yard

Applicable to Article VI - Chapter 2

A “waterfront yard” is that portion of a #waterfront zoning lot# extending open and unobstructed from the lowest level to the sky along the entire length of the #shoreline#, stabilized natural shore, bulkhead or water edge of a #platform#, as applicable, for a depth or width as set forth in this Chapter.

wide street

General Definition

see #street, wide#

width of outer court

General Definition

see #court, width of outer#

width of outer court

see #court, width of outer#

yard

General Definition

Last Amended 9/19/1973

A “yard” is that portion of a #zoning lot# extending open and unobstructed from the lowest level to the sky along the entire length of a #lot line#, and from the #lot line# for a depth or width set forth in the applicable district #yard# regulations.

Where a #street setback line# is shown on the City Map the #yard# extends along the entire length of the #street setback line#, and from the #street setback line# for a depth or width set forth in the applicable district #yard# regulations.

yard equivalent, rear

General Definition

Last Amended 12/15/1961

A “rear yard equivalent” is an open area which may be required on a #through lot# as an alternative to a required #rear yard#.

yard line, front

General Definition

Last Amended 12/15/1961

A “front yard line” is a line drawn parallel to a #front lot line# at a distance therefrom equal to the depth of a required #front yard#.

yard, front

General Definition
Last Amended 12/15/1961

A "front yard" is a #yard# extending along the full length of a #front lot line#.

In the case of a #corner lot#, any #yard# extending along the full length of a #street line# shall be considered a #front yard#.

yard, rear

General Definition
Last Amended 12/15/1961

A "rear yard" is a #yard# extending for the full length of a #rear lot line#.

yard, side

General Definition
Last Amended 12/15/1961

A "side yard" is a #yard# extending along a #side lot line# from the required #front yard# (or from the #front lot line# if no #front yard# is required) to the required #rear yard# (or to the #rear lot line#, if no #rear yard# is required). In the case of a #corner lot#, any #yard# which is not a #front yard# shall be considered a #side yard#.

zero lot line building

General Definition
Last Amended 12/5/2024

A "zero lot line building" is a #building# that #abuts# only one #side lot line# and does not #abut# another #building# on the same or an adjoining #zoning lot# and which is surrounded on all sides but one by #yards#, other open area or #street lines# on the #zoning lot#. However, #accessory# #buildings# permitted pursuant to Section [23-341](#) (Permitted obstructions in required yards or rear yard equivalents) may be permitted to #abut# a #zero lot line building# on an adjoining #zoning lot#. Where an #ancillary dwelling unit# #abuts# another #residence# on the same #zoning lot#, and the combination of such #buildings# are surrounded by an adjoining #zoning lot# along only one #side lot line# and are surrounded by all other sides by #yards# or other open areas, such #buildings# shall be considered a single #zero lot line building#.

Zone A, Zone B, Zone C

Applicable to Article VIII - Chapter 1
Last Amended 2/2/2011

"Zone A," "Zone B" and "Zone C" are zones on an #encroachment grid# defined as follows:

- (a) #Zone A# is the #free zone#.
- (b) #Zone B#, an #encroachment# zone, is the zone, exclusive of any area in #Zone A# and any area closer to the #street line# than the #ten-foot setback line#, which lies between the #setback line# and either the #half-setback line# or the #ten-foot setback line#, whichever is further from the #street line#.
- (c) #Zone C#, an #encroachment# zone and penalty zone, is the zone, exclusive of any area closer to the #street line# than the #ten-foot setback line#, which lies between the #half-setback line# and the #ten-foot setback line#.

zoning lot

General Definition
Last Amended 2/2/2011

A "zoning lot" is either:

- (a) a lot of record existing on December 15, 1961, or any applicable subsequent amendment thereto;
- (b) a tract of land, either unsubdivided or consisting of two or more contiguous lots of record, located within a single #block#, which, on December 15, 1961, or any applicable subsequent amendment thereto, was in single ownership;
- (c) a tract of land, either unsubdivided or consisting of two or more lots of record contiguous for a minimum of 10 linear feet, located within a single #block#, which at the time of filing for a building permit (or, if no building permit is required, at the time of the filing for a certificate of occupancy) is under single fee ownership and with respect to which each party having any interest therein is a party in interest (as defined herein); or
- (d) a tract of land, either unsubdivided or consisting of two or more lots of record contiguous for a minimum of 10 linear feet, located within a single #block#, which at the time of filing for a building permit (or, if no building permit is required, at the time of filing for a certificate of occupancy) is declared to be a tract of land to be treated as one #zoning lot# for the purpose of this Resolution. Such declaration shall be made in one written Declaration of Restrictions covering all of such tract of land or in separate written Declarations of Restrictions covering parts of such tract of land and which in the aggregate cover the entire tract of land comprising the #zoning lot#. Any Declaration of Restrictions or Declarations of Restrictions which individually or collectively cover a tract of land are referred to herein as "Declarations." Each Declaration shall be executed by each party in interest (as defined herein) in the portion of such tract of land covered by such Declaration (excepting any such party as shall have waived its right to execute such Declaration in a written instrument executed by such party in recordable form and recorded at or prior to the recording of the Declaration). Each Declaration and waiver of right to execute a Declaration shall be recorded in the Conveyances Section of the Office of the City Register or, if applicable, the County Clerk's Office of the county in which such tract of land is located, against each lot of record constituting a portion of the land covered by such Declaration.

A #zoning lot#, therefore, may or may not coincide with a lot as shown on the official tax map of the City of New York, or on any recorded subdivision plat or deed.

Parcels within City-owned tracts of land located in Broad Channel within the boundaries of Community Board 14 in the Borough of Queens that were numerically identified for leasing purposes on maps filed in the Office of Borough President prior to December 15, 1961, may be considered as individual lots of record as of September 10, 1981.

- (e) For purposes of the provisions of paragraph (c) hereof:
 - (1) prior to issuing a building permit or a certificate of occupancy, as the case may be, the Department of Buildings shall be furnished with a certificate issued to the applicant therefor by a title insurance company licensed to do business in the State of New York showing that each party having any interest in the subject tract of land is a party in interest (as defined herein); except that where the City of New York is a fee owner, such certificate may be issued by the New York City Law Department; and
 - (2) a "party in interest" in the tract of land shall include only (W) the fee owner thereof, (X) the holder of any enforceable recorded interest superior to that of the fee owner and which could result

in such holder obtaining possession of all or substantially all of such tract of land, (Y) the holder of any enforceable recorded interest in all or substantially all of such tract of land which would be adversely affected by the development thereof and (Z) the holder of any unrecorded interest in all or substantially all of such tract of land which would be superior to and adversely affected by the development thereof and which would be disclosed by a physical inspection of the tract of land.

(f) For purposes of the provisions of paragraph (d) hereof:

- (1) prior to issuing a building permit or a certificate of occupancy, as the case may be, the Department of Buildings shall be furnished with a certificate issued to the applicant therefor by a title insurance company licensed to do business in the State of New York showing that each party in interest (excepting those parties waiving their respective rights to join therein, as set forth in this definition) has executed the Declaration and that the same, as well as each such waiver, have been duly recorded; except that where the City of New York is a fee owner, such certificate may be issued by the New York City Law Department;
- (2) the Buildings Department, in issuing a building permit for construction of a #building or other structure# on the #zoning lot# declared pursuant to paragraph (d) above or, if no building permit is required, in issuing a certificate of occupancy for such #building or other structure#, shall accept an application for same from and, if all conditions for issuance of same are fulfilled, shall issue same to any party to the Declaration;
- (3) by their execution and recording of a Declaration, the parties to the Declaration, and all parties who have waived their respective rights to execute such Declaration, shall be deemed to have agreed that no breach by any party to the Declaration, or any agreement ancillary thereto, shall have any effect on the treatment of the tract of land covered by the Declaration as one #zoning lot# for purposes of this Resolution and such tract of land shall be treated as one #zoning lot# unless such #zoning lot# is subdivided in accordance with the provisions of this Resolution; and
- (4) a "party in interest" in the portion of the tract of land covered by a Declaration shall include only (W) the fee owner or owners thereof, (X) the holder of any enforceable recorded interest in all or part thereof which would be superior to the Declaration and which could result in such holder obtaining possession of any portion of such tract of land, (Y) the holder of any enforceable recorded interest in all or part thereof which would be adversely affected by the Declaration, and (Z) the holder of any unrecorded interest in all or part thereof which would be superior to and adversely affected by the Declaration and which would be disclosed by a physical inspection of the portion of the tract of land covered by the Declaration.

A #zoning lot# may be subdivided into two or more #zoning lots#, provided that all resulting #zoning lots# and all #buildings# thereon shall comply with all of the applicable provisions of this Resolution. If such #zoning lot#, however, is occupied by a #non-complying building#, such #zoning lot# may be subdivided provided such subdivision does not create a new #non-compliance# or increase the degree of #non-compliance# of such #building#.

Where ownership of a #zoning lot# or portion thereof was effected prior to the effective date of this amendment, as evidenced by an attorney's affidavit, any #development#, #enlargement# or alteration on such #zoning lot# may be based upon such prior effected ownership as then defined in the #zoning lot# definition of Section [12-10](#). Such prior leasehold agreements shall be duly recorded prior to August 1, 1978.

Prior to the issuance of any permit for a #development# or #enlargement# pursuant to this Resolution a complete metes and bounds of the #zoning lot#, the tax lot number, the block number and the ownership of the #zoning lot# as set forth in paragraphs (a), (b), (c) and (d) herein shall be recorded by the applicant in the Conveyances Section of the Office of the City Register (or, if applicable, the County Clerk's Office) of the county in which the said #zoning lot# is located. The #zoning lot# definition in effect prior to the effective date of this amendment shall continue to apply to Board of Standards and Appeals approvals in effect at the effective date hereof.

zoning maps

General Definition

Last Amended 12/15/1961

"Zoning maps" are the maps incorporated into the provisions of this Resolution in accordance with the provisions of Section [11-14](#) (Incorporation of Maps).



Zoning Resolution

THE CITY OF NEW YORK

Eric Adams, Mayor

CITY PLANNING COMMISSION

Daniel R. Garodnick, Chair

Chapter 3 - Comprehensive Off-street Parking and Loading Regulations in the Manhattan Core

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Chapter 3 - Comprehensive Off-street Parking and Loading Regulations in the Manhattan Core

13-00 - GENERAL PURPOSES

LAST AMENDED
5/8/2013

The provisions of this Chapter establish comprehensive regulations for off-street parking in the #Manhattan Core#, as defined in Section [12-10](#).

These regulations reflect best practices to address sustainability goals, while accommodating the parking needs of residents and businesses in a balanced manner.

13-01 - General Provisions

LAST AMENDED
5/8/2013

Except as modified by the express provisions of this Chapter, the regulations of the underlying zoning districts or special purpose districts shall remain in effect.

13-02 - Definitions

LAST AMENDED
12/5/2024

Access zone

For the purposes of this Chapter, an “access zone” shall refer to the portion of an #accessory# off-street parking facility, #public parking garage# or an automobile rental establishment, occupied by:

- (a) vehicular ramps between parking levels, or between a parking level and a vehicular entrance or exit, provided that such ramps are not used as parking spaces or associated maneuvering space;
- (b) vehicular elevators;
- (c) required reservoir spaces;
- (d) pedestrian circulation areas or egress routes, including any associated ramps or elevators;
- (e) bicycle parking spaces; or
- (f) attendant booths or designated waiting areas.

Parking zone

For the purposes of this Chapter, a “parking zone” shall refer to the portion of an #accessory# off-street parking facility, #public parking garage# or an automobile rental establishment, occupied by permitted off-street parking spaces and associated maneuvering space, and any other portion of such parking facility not included in the #access zone#. In attended parking

facilities with parking lift systems, the #parking zone# shall also include the lifted tray a vehicle is stored upon.

13-03 - Maps

LAST AMENDED

5/8/2013

Maps are located in Section [13-141](#) of this Chapter for the purpose of specifying areas where special regulations and requirements set forth in this Chapter apply.

Map 1 – Area where #public parking lots# are not permitted in the midtown #Manhattan Core#

Map 2 – Area where #public parking lots# are not permitted in the downtown #Manhattan Core#

13-04 - Applicability

LAST AMENDED

5/8/2013

13-041 - Applicability of parking regulations within the Manhattan Core

LAST AMENDED

12/5/2024

The provisions of this Chapter shall apply to automotive equipment rental and leasing establishments listed under Use Group VI, #public parking lots#, and #public parking garages# listed under Use Group IX(C), and #accessory# off-street parking facilities, in the #Manhattan Core#, as follows:

- (a) for #accessory# off-street parking facilities, #public parking garages# and #public parking lots# constructed prior to May 8, 2013, or existing #buildings# #developed# without parking, the number of parking spaces required or permitted shall be as set forth in Section [13-07](#) (Existing Buildings and Off-street Parking Facilities);
- (b) for #accessory# off-street parking facilities, automobile rental establishments and #public parking lots developed# or #enlarged# after May 8, 2013, the as-of-right number of parking spaces permitted in a parking facility shall be as set forth in Section [13-10](#) (PERMITTED OFF-STREET PARKING IN THE MANHATTAN CORE). Special rules shall apply to all such #accessory# off-street parking spaces, automobile rental establishments and #public parking lots#, as set forth in Section [13-20](#) (SPECIAL RULES FOR MANHATTAN CORE PARKING FACILITIES);
- (c) any increase in the number of off-street parking spaces in an #accessory# off-street parking facility or #public parking lot# resulting in a capacity not otherwise allowed under the applicable regulations of Section [13-10](#); or a new #public parking lot# in a location not permitted by Section [13-14](#) (Permitted Parking in Public Parking Lots), shall be permitted only by the City Planning Commission, pursuant to the applicable special permit in Section [13-45](#) (Special Permits for Additional Parking Spaces);
- (d) #public parking garages# #developed# or #enlarged# after May 8, 2013, shall not be permitted as-of-right. Any #development# or #enlargement# of such #public parking garages# shall only be permitted in C1-5, C1-6, C1-7, C1-8, C1-9, C2, C4, C5, C6, C7, C8, M1, M2 or M3 Districts by the City Planning Commission, pursuant to the applicable special permit in Section [13-45](#). Commercial vehicles may occupy spaces in permitted #public parking garages# in accordance with the provisions of Section [13-16](#) (Permitted Parking for Car Sharing Vehicles and Commercial Vehicles).

13-042 - Applicability of special permits within the Manhattan Core

LAST AMENDED

6/6/2024

The following special permits shall not be applicable within the #Manhattan Core#:

Section [73-47](#) (Exceptions to Maximum Size of Accessory Group Parking Facilities);

Section [74-193](#) (Public parking garages or public parking lots outside high density areas);

Section [74-194](#) (Public parking garages or public parking lots in high density central areas), except as set forth in Section [13-06](#) (Previously Filed or Approved Special Permits or Authorizations); and

Section [74-53](#) (Accessory Group Parking Facilities for Uses in Large-Scale Residential Developments or Large-Scale Community Facility Developments or Large-Scale General Developments), inclusive.

13-043 - Applicability of loading regulations within the Manhattan Core

LAST AMENDED

5/8/2013

The provisions of Section [13-30](#) (OFF-STREET LOADING REGULATIONS IN THE MANHATTAN CORE), inclusive, shall apply to all #accessory# off-street loading berths provided as part of #developments#, #enlargements#, #extensions# or changes of #use# within the #Manhattan Core# after May 8, 2013.

13-05 - Exceptions

LAST AMENDED

7/24/2013

The provisions of this Chapter shall not apply to Roosevelt Island, in Community District 8, or to Governors Island, in Community District 1, in the Borough of Manhattan. In the #Hudson Yards parking regulations applicability area#, as defined in Section [93-81](#), the provisions of this Chapter shall apply as specified in Section [93-80](#) (OFF-STREET PARKING REGULATIONS).

Additional modifications to the provisions of this Chapter are found in the following Special Purpose Districts:

- (a) the #Special Midtown District#, as set forth in Section [81-30](#) (OFF-STREET PARKING AND OFF-STREET LOADING REGULATIONS), inclusive, Section [81-44](#) (Curb Cut Restrictions) and paragraph (c) of Section [81-84](#) (Mandatory Regulations and Prohibitions);
- (b) the #Special Lincoln Square District#, as set forth in Section [82-50](#) (OFF-STREET PARKING AND OFF-STREET LOADING REGULATIONS);
- (c) the #Special Battery Park City District#, as set forth in Section [84-14](#) (Parking Regulations and Curb Cuts), inclusive;
- (d) the #Special United Nations Development District#, as set forth in Section [85-03](#) (Modifications of Use Regulations);
- (e) the #Special Lower Manhattan District#, as set forth in Section [91-50](#) (OFF-STREET PARKING, LOADING AND CURB CUT REGULATIONS), inclusive;

- (f) the #Special Park Improvement District#, as set forth in Section [92-05](#) (Maximum Number of Accessory Off-street Parking Spaces);
- (g) the #Special Transit Land Use District#, as set forth in Section [95-09](#) (Special Regulations for Accessory Off-street Parking and Curb Cuts);
- (h) the #Special Clinton District#, as set forth in Section [96-111](#) (Off-street parking regulations);
- (i) the #Special Madison Avenue Preservation District#, as set forth in Section [99-06](#) (Off-street Parking Regulations);
- (j) the #Special Little Italy District#, as set forth in Sections [109-16](#) (Parking Regulations), [109-351](#) (Parking regulations), [109-352](#) (Curb cut regulations) and [109-521](#) (Modification of accessory off-street parking facilities); and
- (k) the #Special Hudson River Park District#, as set forth in Section [89-21](#) (Transfer of Floor Area From Hudson River Park).

13-06 - Previously Filed or Approved Special Permits or Authorizations

LAST AMENDED

12/5/2024

If, before May 8, 2013, an application for an authorization or special permit relating to parking regulations in the #Manhattan Core# has been certified or referred by the City Planning Commission or has been filed with the Board of Standards and Appeals, such application may continue pursuant to the regulations in effect at the time such authorization or special permit was certified or referred by the Commission or filed with the Board. Such authorizations or special permits, if granted by the Commission or Board, may be started or continued, in accordance with the terms thereof, or as such terms may be subsequently modified, pursuant to the regulations in effect at the time such authorization or special permits were certified or referred by the Commission or filed with the Board.

Any authorization or special permit relating to parking regulations in the #Manhattan Core# granted by the Commission or Board prior to May 8, 2013, may be started or continued, in accordance with the terms thereof, or as such terms may be subsequently modified, pursuant to the regulations in effect at the time such authorization or special permit was granted. However, any special permit granted for a parking facility in the #Manhattan Core# by the Commission or Board prior to December 15, 1961, may be continued without the need for renewal pursuant to Section [11-411](#) (Renewals) provided that the facts upon which the special permit was granted have not substantially changed.

All such authorizations or special permits requiring renewal shall be subject to the provisions of Sections [11-42](#) (Lapse of Authorization or Special Permit Granted by the City Planning Commission Pursuant to the 1961 Zoning Resolution) and [11-43](#) (Renewal of Authorization or Special Permit).

Notwithstanding the foregoing, any subsequent modifications to such authorizations or special permits that involve an increase in the number of off-street parking spaces provided, shall be only as permitted by the applicable special permit provisions of Section [13-45](#) (Special Permits for Additional Parking Spaces).

13-07 - Existing Buildings and Off-street Parking Facilities

LAST AMENDED

12/5/2024

The provisions of this Section shall apply to existing required or permitted #accessory# off-street parking spaces, #public parking lots# and #public parking garages#, established prior to May 8, 2013, in the #Manhattan Core#, as applicable, and to existing

#buildings# #developed# without the provision of parking.

Existing required or permitted #accessory# off-street parking spaces, #public parking lots# and #public parking garages#, established prior to May 8, 2013, shall continue to be subject to the applicable zoning district regulations in effect prior to May 8, 2013, except that:

- (a) any reduction or elimination of existing #accessory# off-street parking spaces that were required under the applicable provisions in effect prior to April 29, 1982, or for public or publicly assisted housing under the applicable provisions in effect prior to May 8, 2013, shall only be allowed by authorization of the City Planning Commission pursuant to Section [13-443](#) (Reduction in the number of required existing parking spaces);
- (b) any increase in the number of parking spaces in an existing parking facility or the creation of a new parking facility associated with an existing #building# #developed# without parking shall only be allowed by the Commission as follows:
 - (1) the Commission may authorize a limited increase pursuant to the provisions of Section [13-442](#) (Limited increase in parking spaces for existing buildings); and
 - (2) the Commission may permit an increase in the number of off-street parking spaces beyond the thresholds of Section [13-442](#) only pursuant to the applicable provisions of Section [13-45](#) (Special Permits for Additional Parking Spaces);
- (c) #conversions# shall be permitted to retain all spaces in existing parking facilities. Additional #accessory# off-street parking spaces shall only be permitted by special permit by the Commission, pursuant to the applicable special permit provisions of Section [13-45](#); and
- (d) an #accessory# off-street parking facility in possession of a license issued by the Department of Consumer and Worker Protection, pursuant to Section [20-321](#) of the New York City Administrative Code, to maintain, operate or conduct a garage or parking lot (as defined therein) prior to January 1, 2012, may make #accessory# parking spaces available for public use in accordance with the provisions of Section [13-21](#) (Public Use and Off-site Parking), provided that a copy of such license is filed with the Department of Buildings. However, any increase in the number of spaces in such a facility shall only be permitted by special permit by the Commission, pursuant to the applicable provisions of Section [13-45](#).

13-10 - PERMITTED OFF-STREET PARKING IN THE MANHATTAN CORE

LAST AMENDED

5/8/2013

No parking shall be required within the #Manhattan Core#. As-of-right off-street parking spaces located within #accessory# off-street parking facilities, automobile rental establishments and #public parking lots# in the #Manhattan Core# shall be permitted only as set forth in this Section, inclusive.

13-11 - Permitted Parking for Residences

LAST AMENDED

5/8/2013

#Accessory# off-street parking spaces are permitted for #residences# in #developments# or #enlargements#, as follows:

- (a) for Community Districts 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6, #accessory# off-street parking spaces may be provided for not more than 20 percent of the total number of new #dwelling units# contained in the #development# or #enlargement#, or 200 spaces, whichever is less;

- (b) for Community Districts 7 and 8, #accessory# off-street parking spaces may be provided for not more than 35 percent of the total number of new #dwelling units# contained in the #development# or #enlargement#, or 200 spaces, whichever is less.

13-12 - Permitted Parking for Non-Residential Uses

LAST AMENDED

6/6/2024

#Accessory# off-street parking spaces are permitted for non-#residential uses# in #developments# or #enlargements#, as follows:

- (a) #Transient hotels#

For #transient hotel# #developments# or #enlargements#, a maximum of 225 #accessory# off-street parking spaces shall be permitted. In no event may the number of parking spaces exceed 15 percent of the number of new #transient hotel# rooms;

- (b) Hospitals

For #developments# or #enlargements# of non-profit, voluntary or proprietary hospitals and related facilities listed under Use Group III(B), a maximum of 100 #accessory# off-street parking spaces are permitted;

- (c) Retail or service #uses#

For #developments# or #enlargements# comprising #commercial# #uses# listed under Use Group VI, the maximum number of #accessory# off-street parking spaces permitted shall not exceed one space per 4,000 square feet of #floor area#, or 10 spaces, whichever is less;

- (d) Other #commercial#, #community facility# and #manufacturing# #uses#

For #developments# or #enlargements# comprising #community facility# #uses# other than hospitals, #commercial# #uses# other than those listed in paragraphs (a) and (c) of this Section, or #manufacturing# #uses#, the maximum number of #accessory# off-street parking spaces permitted shall not exceed one space per 4,000 square feet of such #community facility#, #commercial# or #manufacturing# #floor area# or 100 spaces, whichever is less.

13-13 - Permitted Parking for Zoning Lots With Multiple Uses

LAST AMENDED

5/8/2013

Where a #development# or #enlargement# contains a combination of #uses# for which parking regulations are set forth in Sections [13-11](#) (Permitted Parking for Residences) and [13-12](#) (Permitted Parking for Non-Residential Uses), the number of #accessory# off-street parking spaces for all such #uses# shall not exceed the number of spaces permitted for each #use# in accordance with the provisions of such Sections. However, in no event shall the maximum number exceed 225 #accessory# off-street parking spaces.

13-14 - Permitted Parking in Public Parking Lots

LAST AMENDED

6/6/2024

#Public parking lots#, with a maximum capacity of 150 spaces, are permitted in C1, C2, C4, C5, C6, C7, C8, M1-5, M1-6, M2 and M3 Districts, except that:

- (a) no #public parking lots# shall be permitted within:
 - (1) the area shown on Map 1 (Area where public parking lots are not permitted in the midtown Manhattan Core) in Section [13-141](#);
 - (2) the area designated on Map 2 (Area where public parking lots are not permitted in the downtown Manhattan Core) in Section [13-141](#); and
 - (3) the Preservation Area of the #Special Clinton District#, as shown on the map in Appendix A of Article IX, Chapter 6; and
- (b) for M1-5 or M1-6 Districts, #public parking lots# shall only be permitted in the following locations:
 - (1) north of 42nd Street and west of 10th Avenue;
 - (2) west of Ninth Avenue between 17th Street and 30th Street; and
 - (3) south of Canal Street.

In such districts, the City Planning Commission may permit a #public parking lot# in a location not allowed by this Section pursuant to the applicable special permit in Section [13-45](#) (Special Permits for Additional Parking Spaces). Any such proposed #public parking lots# located in the Preservation Area of the #Special Clinton District# shall also be subject to the additional findings set forth in Section [96-111](#) (Off-street parking regulations).

13-141 - Areas where public parking lots are not permitted

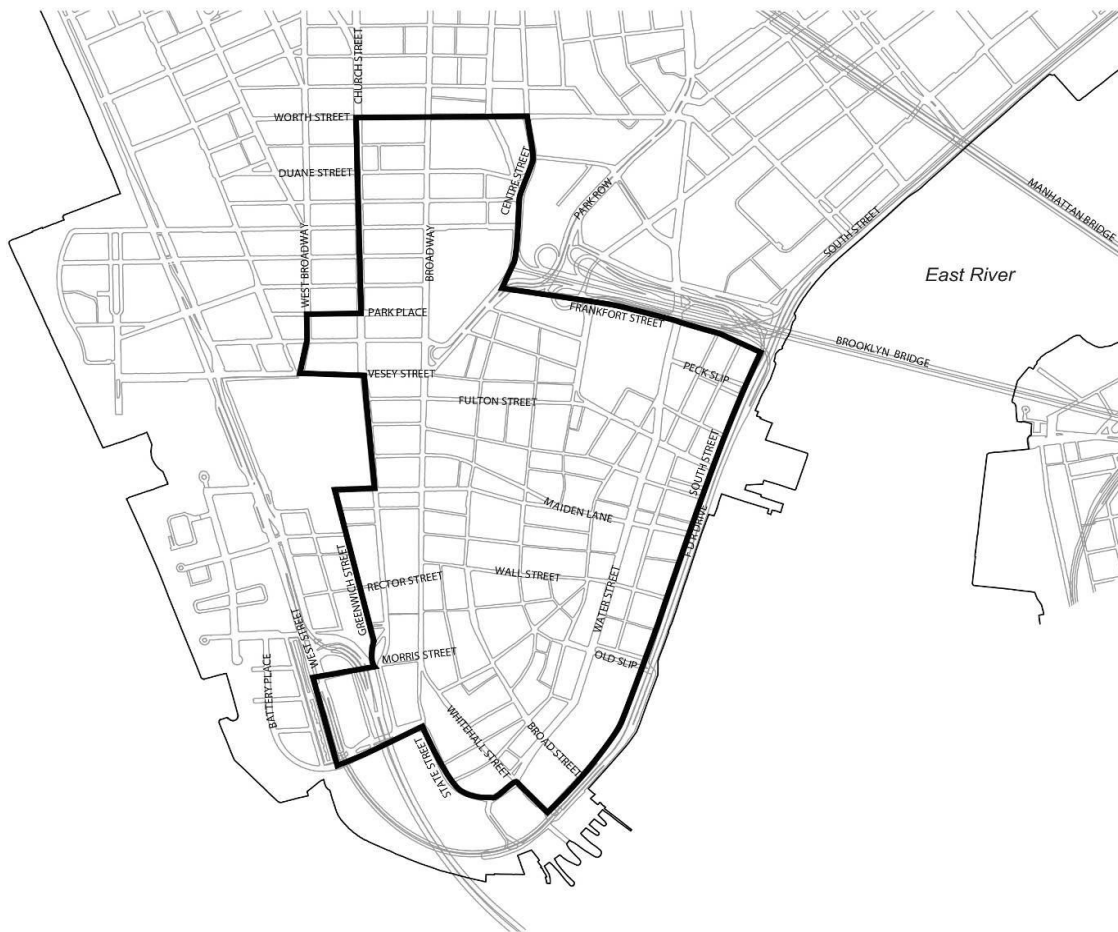
LAST AMENDED
5/8/2013

#Public parking lots# shall not be permitted in the areas shown on the following maps, except where permitted by Section [13-45](#) (Special Permits for Additional Parking Spaces).

Map 1 — Area where public parking lots are not permitted in the midtown Manhattan Core



Map 2 — Area where public parking lots are not permitted in the downtown Manhattan Core



13-15 - Permitted Parking for Automobile Rental Establishments

LAST AMENDED

6/6/2024

Automotive equipment rental and leasing establishments, listed under Use Group VI, are permitted, provided that:

- (a) in C1 or C2 Districts, the number of automobiles that may be stored in such establishments shall not exceed 150 spaces;
- (b) in C4, C5, C6, C7 and C8 Districts, the number of automobiles that may be stored in such establishments shall not exceed 225 spaces; and
- (c) in M1, M2 and M3 Districts, the number of automobiles that may be stored in such establishments shall not exceed 300 spaces.

13-20 - SPECIAL RULES FOR MANHATTAN CORE PARKING FACILITIES

LAST AMENDED

5/8/2013

All #accessory# off-street parking facilities, automobile rental establishments, and #public parking lots# #developed#, #enlarged#

or #extended# in the #Manhattan Core# after May 8, 2013, shall comply with the applicable provisions of this Section, inclusive.

13-21 - Public Use and Off-site Parking

LAST AMENDED

5/8/2013

All #accessory# off-street parking spaces may be made available for public use. However, any such space shall be made available to the occupant of a #residence# to which it is #accessory# within 30 days after written request therefor is made to the landlord.

No #accessory# off-street parking spaces shall be located on a #zoning lot# other than the same #zoning lot# as the #use# to which they are #accessory#.

13-22 - Applicability of Enclosure and Screening Requirements

LAST AMENDED

6/6/2024

- (a) #Accessory# off-street parking facilities and automobile rental establishments

All #accessory# off-street parking spaces shall be located within a #completely enclosed# #building#, with the exception of parking spaces #accessory# to a hospital listed under Use Group III(B), and as provided in Section [13-45](#) (Special Permits for Additional Parking Spaces). In addition, off-street parking spaces associated with an automobile rental establishment shall be located within a #completely enclosed building#.

The applicable streetscape provisions of Section [32-30](#), inclusive, shall apply to #ground floor level# portions of such facilities.

- (b) #Public parking lots# and certain permitted #accessory# parking lots

#Public parking lots# and open parking spaces #accessory# to a hospital shall provide screening in accordance with the provisions of [37-921](#) (Perimeter landscaping).

13-23 - Curb Cut Restrictions

LAST AMENDED

12/5/2024

13-231 - Location of curb cuts

LAST AMENDED

12/5/2024

For #accessory# off-street parking facilities, automobile rental establishments and #public parking lots#, curb cuts are required for entry and exit to such parking facilities. Such curb cuts:

- (a) shall not be permitted within 50 feet of the intersection of any two #street lines#, except where the Commissioner of Buildings certifies that such location:
- (1) is not hazardous to traffic safety;

- (2) is not likely to create traffic congestion; and
- (3) will not unduly inhibit surface traffic or pedestrian flow.

The Commissioner of Buildings may refer such matter to the Department of Transportation, or its successor, for a report;

- (b) shall not be located within two and one-half feet of any #side lot line# of the #zoning lot#, or prolongation thereof;
- (c) for #accessory# off-street parking facilities and automobile rental establishments, shall not be located on a #wide street#, except where authorized pursuant to Section [13-441](#) (Curb cuts); and
- (d) for #public parking lots#, shall not be permitted on the following #wide streets#, except where authorized pursuant to Section [13-441](#):
 - (1) 14th Street, from Fourth Avenue to Seventh Avenue;
 - (2) Avenue of the Americas, from 23rd Street to 32nd Street;
 - (3) Canal Street, from the Bowery to West Broadway;
 - (4) Church Street, from Park Place to Worth Street;
 - (5) Delancey Street, from Clinton Street to the west side of Orchard Street;
 - (6) Fifth Avenue;
 - (7) Seventh Avenue, from 23rd Street to 32nd Street; and
 - (8) Worth Street, from Centre Street to Church Street.

13-232 - Maximum width of curb cuts

■
LAST AMENDED
12/5/2024

- (a) #Accessory# off-street parking facilities

For curb cuts accessing off-street parking spaces #accessory# to #residences# in the #Manhattan Core#, the provisions of Sections [25-631](#) (Location and width of curb cuts in certain districts) and [36-532](#) (Location and width of curb cuts accessing residential parking spaces in certain districts) shall apply, as applicable.

In addition, the maximum width of a curb cut shall be 22 feet, including splays, for curb cuts accessing off-street parking spaces #accessory# to #residences# in R9 through R12 Districts, and in #Commercial Districts# mapped within or with a #residential equivalent# of R9 through R12 Districts. This maximum curb cut width of 22 feet shall also apply to curb cuts accessing off-street parking spaces #accessory# to #commercial# or #community facility# #uses#, and to curb cuts accessing off-street parking facilities with parking spaces #accessory# to a mix of #uses#.

- (b) Automobile rental establishments

For curb cuts accessing automobile rental establishments, the maximum width of a curb cut shall be 22 feet, including splays.

(c) #Public parking lots#

For curb cuts accessing #public parking lots#, the curb cut provisions of paragraph (c) of Section [36-57](#) (Parking Lot Maneuverability and Curb Cut Regulations) shall apply.

13-24 - Reservoir Spaces

LAST AMENDED

12/5/2024

For the purpose of determining required reservoir spaces, fractions equal to or greater than one-half resulting from the calculations in this Section shall be considered to be one reservoir space. In no event shall the dimensions of any reservoir space be less than 18 feet long and 8 feet, 6 inches wide.

(a) Attended parking facilities

For attended #accessory# off-street parking facilities or #public parking lots# with more than 25 off-street parking spaces, off-street reservoir space at the vehicular entrance shall be provided to accommodate:

- (1) five percent of the total number of parking spaces provided in parking facilities with more than 25 parking spaces and up to 50 parking spaces;
- (2) ten percent of the total number of parking spaces provided in parking facilities with more than 50 parking spaces and up to 100 parking spaces;
- (3) ten parking spaces in parking facilities with more than 100 off-street parking spaces and up to 200 parking spaces; and
- (4) five percent of the total number of parking spaces provided in parking facilities with more than 200 off-street parking spaces. However such number of reservoir spaces need not exceed 50.

(b) #Automated parking facilities#

For #automated parking facilities#, off-street reservoir space at the vehicle entrance shall be provided at the rate set forth in paragraph (a) of this Section.

Each individual parking location where a driver is permitted to leave a vehicle for transfer to a mechanized automobile storage and retrieval unit shall constitute one reservoir space. However, the parking area designated for mechanical conveyance of the vehicle into storage, whether in an elevator or otherwise, shall not be considered a reservoir space. Additional reservoir spaces may be located where drivers queue to access such locations for vehicle transfer.

In addition, the number of reservoir spaces required pursuant to this Section may be reduced where the Commissioner of Buildings determines that the operational characteristics of such #automated parking facility# warrant such a reduction.

(c) Automobile rental establishments

For automobile rental establishments, off-street reservoir space at the vehicle entrance shall be provided at the rate set forth in paragraph (a) of this Section.

(d) Self-parking facilities

For self-parking #accessory# off-street parking facilities and #public parking lots# where entering vehicles are required to stop before a mechanically operated barrier before entering such parking facility, such barrier shall be placed a minimum of 20 feet beyond the #street line#.

13-25 - Pedestrian Safety and Access

LAST AMENDED

12/5/2024

For all #accessory# off-street parking facilities, the following safety features shall be provided at all vehicular exit points:

- (a) a stop sign which shall be clearly visible to drivers. Such signage shall comply with the standards set forth in the Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD) issued by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) for a conventional single lane road; and
- (b) a speed bump, which shall be located within the exit lane of the parking facility. Such speed bump shall:
 - (1) span the width of the vehicular travel lane;
 - (2) have a minimum height of two inches, as measured from the adjoining grade of the exit lane, and a maximum depth of 12 inches; and
 - (3) be located a minimum of four feet and a maximum of eight feet beyond the #street line#, as measured perpendicular to the #street line#.

13-26 - Minimum and Maximum Size of Parking Facilities

LAST AMENDED

12/5/2024

For all #accessory# off-street parking facilities and automobile rental establishments, the minimum and maximum size requirements for the #parking zone# for such parking facilities shall be set forth in this Section. The #access zone# of such parking facilities shall not have a minimum or maximum gross surface area.

For the purpose of calculating surface area in attended parking facilities with parking lift systems, the lifted tray upon which a vehicle is stored shall constitute surface area.

- (a) Attended parking facilities
 - (1) For attended parking facilities without parking lift systems, the minimum gross surface area, in square feet, of the #parking zone# shall be 180 times the number of off-street parking spaces provided, and the maximum gross surface area, in square feet, of the #parking zone# shall not exceed 200 times the number of off-street parking spaces provided.
 - (2) For attended parking facilities with parking lift systems, the minimum and maximum surface area of the portion of the #parking zone# allocated to non-elevated parking spaces shall be calculated at the rate set forth in paragraph

(a)(1) of this Section; and the surface area, in square feet, of the portion of the #parking zone# allocated to elevated parking spaces shall be 153 times the number of elevated spaces able to be provided on lifted trays.

(b) #Automated parking facilities#

No minimum or maximum surface area requirement shall be required in off-street parking facilities that the Commissioner of Buildings determines to be #automated parking facilities#.

(c) Automobile rental establishments

The maximum gross surface area, in square feet, of the #parking zone# of an automobile rental establishment, shall be established at the rate set forth in paragraph (a) of this Section.

(d) Self-park facilities

The gross surface area, in square feet, of the #parking zone# of a self-parking #accessory# off-street parking facility shall be a minimum of 300 times the number of off-street parking spaces provided, and a maximum of 350 times the number of off-street parking spaces provided. However, an area of less than 300 square feet, but in no event less than 200 square feet, may be considered as one space, where the layout and design of the parking area are adequate to permit convenient access and maneuvering in accordance with regulations promulgated by the Commissioner of Buildings.

Such minimum and maximum #parking zone# requirements of this Section may be modified by the Chairperson of the City Planning Commission pursuant to the certification set forth in Section [13-431](#) (Modification of minimum facility size).

13-30 - OFF-STREET LOADING REGULATIONS IN THE MANHATTAN CORE

LAST AMENDED

6/6/2024

All #accessory# off-street loading berths provided in the #Manhattan Core# after May 8, 2013, shall comply with the applicable provisions of this Section, inclusive.

13-31 - Floor Area Exemption

LAST AMENDED

6/6/2024

In addition to the #floor area# exemption for #accessory# off-street loading berths set forth in Section [12-10](#) (DEFINITIONS), for #buildings# with a total #floor area# in excess of 100,000 square feet, up to 300 square feet of floor space may be exempted from the definition of #floor area# where such #buildings# allocate a permanent space for dumpster storage, and such storage space has a minimum dimension of 12 feet by 25 feet. Such dumpster storage space shall be adjacent to a #building's# loading berth.

13-32 - Location of Access to the Street

LAST AMENDED

6/6/2024

In addition to the provisions of Sections [25-75](#), [36-662](#) and [44-562](#) (Location of access to the street), no entrance or exit to an

#accessory# off-street loading berth shall be located on a #street# with a roadbed width that is less than 20 feet, as measured curb to curb.

13-33 - Modification of Loading Berth Requirements

LAST AMENDED

6/6/2024

The provisions of Sections [25-75](#) (Location of Access to the Street), [36-63](#) and [44-53](#) (Waiver of Requirements for All Zoning Lots Where Access Would Be Forbidden) shall be modified to allow the Commissioner of Buildings to reduce or waive the applicable loading berth requirements, provided that:

- (a) the #zoning lot# only has frontage upon a #street#, or portion thereof, where curb cuts or entrances and exits to #accessory# off-street loading berths are not permitted;
- (b) the #zoning lot# has frontage along a #street# where curb cuts accessing a loading berth are otherwise permitted, but there is no access to such #zoning lot# from the #street# due to the presence of:
 - (1) a #building#, existing on May 8, 2013, containing #residences#;
 - (2) a #non-residential building#, existing on May 8, 2013, that is three or more #stories# in height; or
 - (3) a #building# designated as a landmark or considered a contributing #building# in an Historic District designated by the Landmarks Preservation Commission; or
- (c) there are subsurface conditions, ventilation requirements from below-grade infrastructure or other site planning constraints that would make accommodating such loading berths infeasible.

In the case of paragraph (c), as set forth in this Section, the Commissioner shall require a loading berth of not less than 33 feet in depth, if such a berth can be accommodated in consideration of the relevant site restraints. The Commissioner of Buildings may request reports from licensed engineers or registered architects in considering such reduction or waiver.

13-34 - Modification of Minimum Size of Loading Berth

LAST AMENDED

6/6/2024

For all permitted or required #accessory# loading berths, the minimum length requirements for uses in LRC-A, set forth in Sections [36-661](#) (Size of required berths) and [44-561](#) (Size of required berths), shall be 37 feet.

13-40 - CERTIFICATIONS, AUTHORIZATIONS AND SPECIAL PERMITS IN THE MANHATTAN CORE

LAST AMENDED

5/8/2013

13-41 - General Provisions

LAST AMENDED

5/8/2013

The City Planning Commission may grant certifications, authorizations and special permits in accordance with Section [13-40](#)

The City Planning Commission may grant certifications, authorizations and special permits in accordance with Section [13-40](#), inclusive. All such special permits and authorizations, in addition to meeting the requirements, conditions and safeguards prescribed by the Commission as specified in this Section, shall conform to and comply with all of the applicable regulations, except as otherwise specified herein.

13-42 - Requirements for Applications

LAST AMENDED

5/8/2013

An application to the City Planning Commission for the grant of a certification, authorization or special permit under the provisions of Section [13-40](#) shall include a site plan showing the location of all existing and proposed #buildings or other structures# on the #zoning lot#, the location of all vehicular entrances and exits and off-street parking spaces, and such other information as may be required by the Commission.

13-43 - Certifications in the Manhattan Core

LAST AMENDED

5/8/2013

13-431 - Modification of minimum facility size

LAST AMENDED

12/5/2024

An off-street parking facility in the #Manhattan Core# may provide a gross unobstructed surface area less than the minimum size required or greater than the maximum size permitted by Section [13-26](#) (Minimum and Maximum Size of Parking Facilities) upon certification by the Chairperson of the City Planning Commission to the Commissioner of Buildings that the proposed layout of such parking facility, including, but not limited to, the arrangement of parking spaces, travel aisles and reservoir spaces, where applicable, is sufficient to accommodate the requisite vehicular navigation and turning movements associated with such a facility. In order to make such a determination, the applicant shall provide the Chairperson with dimensioned plan drawings that depict the proposed vehicular movement through the facility, including any relevant maneuverability or turning radius information.

Where the Chairperson certifies that an #accessory# off-street parking facility may be reduced in size because vehicles will be limited in length, such restriction shall be noted on the certificate of occupancy.

13-44 - Authorizations in the Manhattan Core

LAST AMENDED

5/8/2013

13-441 - Curb cuts

LAST AMENDED

5/8/2013

The City Planning Commission may authorize, subject to the applicable zoning district regulations, curb cuts located on a #wide street#, provided the Commission finds that a curb cut at such a location:

- (a) is not hazardous to traffic safety;
- (b) will not create or contribute to serious traffic congestion, or unduly inhibit vehicular movement;
- (c) will not adversely affect pedestrian movement;
- (d) will not interfere with the efficient functioning of bus lanes, specially designated #streets# or public transit facilities; and
- (e) will not be inconsistent with the character of the existing streetscape.

The Commission may prescribe appropriate conditions and safeguards to minimize adverse effects on the character of the surrounding area.

13-442 - Limited increase in parking spaces for existing buildings without parking

LAST AMENDED

12/5/2024

The City Planning Commission may, by authorization, allow an increase in the number of parking spaces in an existing parking facility or the creation of a new parking facility associated with an existing #building# #developed# without parking, provided that the limitations of paragraph (a) and the findings of paragraph (b) of this Section are met.

(a) Limitations

The total number of parking spaces in a parking facility, inclusive of any existing spaces, where applicable, shall not exceed what would be permitted if such facility were #developed# in accordance with the provisions of Section [13-10](#) (PERMITTED OFF-STREET PARKING IN THE MANHATTAN CORE). However, in no event shall the number of additional spaces authorized pursuant to this Section exceed 15 spaces.

(b) Findings

The Commission shall find that:

- (1) the location of the vehicular entrances and exits to the parking facility will not unduly interrupt the flow of pedestrian traffic associated with #uses# or public facilities, including access points to mass transit facilities in close proximity thereto, or result in any undue conflict between pedestrian and vehicular movements, due to the entering and leaving movement of vehicles;
- (2) the location of the vehicular entrances and exits to such parking facility will not interfere with the efficient functioning of #streets#, including any lanes designated for specific types of users or vehicles, due to the entering and leaving movement of vehicles;
- (3) such #use# will not create or contribute to serious traffic congestion and will not unduly inhibit surface traffic and pedestrian flow; and
- (4) such parking facility will not be inconsistent with the character of the existing streetscape.

The Commission may prescribe appropriate conditions and safeguards to minimize adverse effects on the character of the surrounding area.

13-443 - Reduction in the number of required existing parking spaces

For off-street parking facilities built prior to May 8, 2013, the City Planning Commission may authorize a reduction in the number of required #accessory# off-street parking spaces where the Commission finds that such reduction will not have undue adverse effects on residents, businesses or community facilities in the surrounding area, as applicable.

The Commission may prescribe appropriate conditions and safeguards to minimize adverse effects on the character of the surrounding area.

13-45 - Special Permits for Additional Parking Spaces

In accordance with the special permit provisions of Sections [13-451](#) through [13-455](#), the City Planning Commission may permit the off-street parking facilities listed in paragraph (a) of this Section, provided that such parking facilities comply with the findings of paragraphs (b) and (c) of this Section.

(a) Eligible parking facilities

The City Planning Commission may permit, subject to the otherwise applicable zoning district regulations:

- (1) #accessory# off-street parking facilities on-site or off-site, open or enclosed, with any capacity, where such facilities:
 - (i) are proposed #developments# or #enlargements# with a capacity not otherwise allowed under the applicable regulations of Section [13-10](#) (PERMITTED OFF-STREET PARKING IN THE MANHATTAN CORE); or
 - (ii) are located in an existing parking facility or are creating a new parking facility associated with an existing #building# #developed# without parking beyond the capacity authorized pursuant to Section [13-442](#) (Limited increase in parking spaces for existing buildings);
- (2) #public parking lots#, where such facilities:
 - (i) are proposed #developments# or #enlargements# with any capacity not otherwise allowed under the applicable regulations of Section [13-10](#);
 - (ii) are located in an existing parking facility or are creating a new parking facility associated with an existing #building# #developed# without parking beyond the capacity authorized pursuant to Section [13-442](#); or
 - (iii) are proposed #developments# or #enlargements# in locations not permitted by Section [13-14](#) (Permitted Parking in Public Parking Lots);
- (3) #public parking garages#, where such facilities:
 - (i) are proposed #developments# or #enlargements# in the zoning districts permitted, pursuant to paragraph (d) of Section [13-041](#) (Applicability of parking regulations within the Manhattan Core); or
 - (ii) are located in an existing parking facility or are creating a new parking facility associated with an existing #building# #developed# without parking beyond the capacity authorized pursuant to Section [13-442](#).

The Commission may also permit floor space in such #public parking garages# used for off-street parking spaces in any #story# located not more than 23 feet above #curb level# to be exempt from the definition of #floor area#, as set forth in Section [12-10](#).

(b) Findings

The Commission shall find that:

- (1) the location of the vehicular entrances and exits to such parking facility will not unduly interrupt the flow of pedestrian traffic associated with #uses# or public facilities, including access points to mass transit facilities in close proximity thereto, or result in any undue conflict between pedestrian and vehicular movements, due to the entering and leaving movement of vehicles;
- (2) the location of the vehicular entrances and exits to such parking facility will not interfere with the efficient functioning of #streets#, including any lanes designated for specific types of users or vehicles, due to the entering and leaving movement of vehicles;
- (3) such #use# will not create or contribute to serious traffic congestion and will not unduly inhibit surface traffic and pedestrian flow;
- (4) for #public parking garages#, that where any floor space is exempted from the definition of #floor area#, such additional floor space is needed in order to prevent excessive on-street parking demand and relieve traffic congestion; and
- (5) such parking facility will not be inconsistent with the character of the existing streetscape.

(c) Additional findings

The Commission shall also find that each proposed off-street parking facility complies with the additional findings set forth in one of the following Sections, as applicable:

- (1) Section [13-451](#) (Additional parking spaces for residential growth) shall apply to any such parking facility serving the parking needs of a predominantly #residential# #development# or #enlargement# on a tract of land that has or will have an area of less than 1.5 acres;
- (2) Section [13-452](#) (Additional parking spaces for health care, arts or public assembly uses) shall apply to any such parking facility serving the parking needs of any #use# listed in paragraph (a) of Section [13-452](#) on a tract of land that has or will have an area of less than 1.5 acres;
- (3) Section [13-453](#) (Additional parking spaces for economic development uses) shall apply to any such parking facility serving the parking needs of a non-#residential use# not otherwise listed in paragraph (a) of Section [13-452](#) on a tract of land that has or will have an area of less than 1.5 acres;
- (4) Section [13-454](#) (Additional parking spaces for large development sites) shall apply to any such parking facility serving the parking needs of a #large-scale development# or any other #development# or #enlargement# on a tract of land that has or will have an area of at least 1.5 acres; or
- (5) Section [13-455](#) (Additional parking spaces for existing accessory off-street parking facilities) shall apply to any such #accessory# parking facility existing prior to May 8, 2013.

In determining the amount of additional parking spaces to grant pursuant to such additional findings, the Commission may take into account levels of vacancy in existing off-street parking facilities within the area of the proposed parking facility.

13-451 - Additional parking spaces for residential growth

LAST AMENDED

5/8/2013

The City Planning Commission may permit a parking facility listed in paragraph (a) of Section [13-45](#) (Special Permits for Additional Parking Spaces), where such parking facility serves the parking needs of a predominantly #residential# #development# or #enlargement#, provided that, in addition to the conditions and findings set forth in Section [13-45](#), the Commission shall find that either:

- (a) the number of off-street parking spaces in such proposed parking facility is reasonable and not excessive in relation to recent trends in close proximity to the proposed facility with regard to:
 - (1) the increase in the number of #dwelling units# ; and
 - (2) the number of both public and #accessory# off-street parking spaces, taking into account both the construction, if any, of new off-street parking facilities and the reduction, if any, in the number of such spaces in existing parking facilities. In making this determination, the Commission may take into account off-street parking facilities for which building permits have been granted, or which have obtained City Planning Commission special permits pursuant to Section [13-45](#); or
- (b) the proposed ratio of parking spaces to #dwelling units# in the proposed #development# or #enlargement# does not exceed:
 - (1) 20 percent of the total number of #dwelling units#, where such units are located within Community District 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6; or
 - (2) 35 percent of the total number of #dwelling units#, where such units are located within Community District 7 or 8.

The Commission may prescribe appropriate conditions and safeguards to minimize adverse effects on the character of the surrounding area.

13-452 - Additional parking spaces for health care, arts or public assembly uses

LAST AMENDED

6/6/2024

The City Planning Commission may permit a parking facility listed in paragraph (a) of Section [13-45](#) (Special Permits for Additional Parking Spaces), where such parking facility would serve the parking needs of a health care, arts or public assembly #use#, provided that, in addition to the conditions and findings set forth in Section [13-45](#), the Commission shall find that:

- (a) the proposed parking facility is either in close proximity to or on the same #zoning lot# as one or more of the following #uses# :

- (1) non-profit, voluntary or proprietary hospitals and related facilities, listed under Use Group III(B)
 - (2) museums, listed in Use Group III(B);
 - (3) art, music, dancing or theatrical studios, or theaters, listed under Use Group VIII; or
 - (4) an arena, auditorium, trade exposition or stadium, listed under Use Group VIII or, where permitted by special permit, pursuant to Section [74-182](#) or other government agency approvals;
- (b) an increased number of permitted off-street parking spaces in such proposed parking facility is essential to the operation of such health care, arts or public assembly #use#; and
- (c) reasonable measures to minimize parking demand have been identified. For existing or #enlarged# health care, arts or public assembly #uses#, such measures shall have been implemented, where feasible, prior to application, and a commitment by the applicant shall be made, in a form acceptable to the Commission, to continue and, where necessary, improve upon and supplement such measures. For new health care, arts or public assembly #uses#, such measures shall be committed to in a form acceptable to the Commission.

The Commission may prescribe appropriate conditions and safeguards to minimize adverse effects on the character of the surrounding area.

13-453 - Additional parking spaces for economic development uses

LAST AMENDED

5/8/2013

The City Planning Commission may permit a parking facility listed in paragraph (a) of Section [13-45](#) (Special Permits for Additional Parking Spaces), where such parking facility serves the parking needs of a non-#residential use# not otherwise listed in paragraph (a) of Section [13-452](#), provided that, in addition to the conditions and findings set forth in Section [13-45](#), the Commission shall find that:

- (a) the proposed parking facility is in close proximity to or on the same #zoning lot# as a #commercial# #use#, #community facility# #use# or #manufacturing# #use# that is of significant importance to the economic well-being of the City of New York;
- (b) an increased number of permitted off-street parking spaces in such proposed parking facility is essential to the operation of such #use#; and
- (c) reasonable measures to minimize parking demand have been identified. For existing or #enlarged# #uses#, such measures shall have been implemented, where feasible, prior to application, and a commitment by the applicant shall be made, in a form acceptable to the Commission, to continue and, where necessary, improve upon and supplement such measures. For new #uses#, such measures shall be committed to in a form acceptable to the Commission.

The Commission may prescribe appropriate conditions and safeguards to minimize adverse effects on the character of the surrounding area.

13-454 - Additional parking spaces for large development sites

LAST AMENDED

5/8/2013

The City Planning Commission may permit a parking facility listed in paragraph (a) of Section [13-45](#) (Special Permits for Additional Parking Spaces), where such parking facility serves the parking needs of a #large-scale development# or any other #development# or #enlargement# on a tract of land exceeding 1.5 acres, provided that, in addition to the conditions and findings set forth in Section [13-45](#), the Commission shall find that:

- (a) where an increased number of permitted off-street parking spaces in such proposed parking facility would serve the parking needs of a predominantly #residential# #development# or #enlargement#, either finding (a) or finding (b) of Section [13-451](#) (Additional parking spaces for residential growth) is met; or
- (b) where such proposed parking facility would serve the parking needs of a predominantly non-#residential# #development# or #enlargement#, an increased number of permitted off-street parking spaces in such proposed parking facility is essential to the operation of the non-#residential uses# in such #development# or #enlargement# ; and
- (c) where a parking deficit is created by the relocation of parking users from off-street parking spaces that will be eliminated through the proposed #development# or #enlargement#, the availability of off-street parking in the vicinity of such proposed #development# or #enlargement# will be of insufficient capacity to accommodate such potential parking users;
- (d) reasonable measures to minimize parking demand have been identified. For existing or #enlarged uses#, such measures shall have been implemented, where feasible, prior to application, and a commitment by the applicant shall be made, in a form acceptable to the Commission, to continue, and where necessary, improve upon and supplement such measures. For new #uses#, such measures shall be committed to in a form acceptable to the Commission; and
- (e) where phased construction will occur in the #large-scale development#, or #development# or #enlargement# on a tract of land exceeding 1.5 acres, a phased parking plan has been provided that demonstrates that a reasonable and not excessive amount of additional parking spaces is provided in the proposed parking facility in relation to the amount of completed construction within each phase.

The Commission may prescribe appropriate conditions and safeguards to minimize adverse effects on the character of the surrounding area.

13-455 - Additional parking spaces for existing accessory off-street parking facilities

LAST AMENDED

5/8/2013

The City Planning Commission may permit an increase in the number of spaces in an #accessory# off-street parking facility existing prior to May 8, 2013, as listed in paragraph (a) of Section [13-45](#) (Special Permits for Additional Parking Spaces), provided that, in addition to the conditions and findings set forth in Section [13-45](#), the Commission shall find that:

- (a) where such increased number of permitted off-street parking spaces in such existing parking facility would serve the parking needs of a #zoning lot# or #zoning lots# comprised predominantly of #residential uses#, either:
 - (1) finding (a) of Section [13-451](#) (Additional parking spaces for residential growth) is met; or

- (2) the sum of any existing off-street parking spaces, and the proposed increase, does not exceed:
- (i) 20 percent of the total number of #dwelling units#, where such units are located within Community District 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6; or
 - (ii) 35 percent of the total number of #dwelling units#, where such units are located within Community District 7 or 8; and
 - (iii) the number of parking spaces that would be permitted for existing conforming non-#residential uses#, if the ratio of parking spaces to #floor area# for the applicable #use#, as specified in Section [13-10](#) (PERMITTED OFF-STREET PARKING IN THE MANHATTAN CORE), were applied.

Any #dwelling units# on the #zoning lot# or #zoning lots# which are #non-complying# as to density shall not be included in such calculation pursuant to paragraphs (a)(2)(i) or (a)(2)(ii) of this Section, and any #non-complying# #floor area# on such #zoning lot# or #zoning lots# shall be excluded in applying such ratio in paragraph (a)(2)(iii) of this Section; or

- (b) where an increased number of permitted off-street parking spaces in such existing parking facility would serve the parking needs of a #zoning lot# or #zoning lots# comprised predominantly of conforming non-#residential uses#, the sum of any existing off-street parking spaces, and the proposed increase, does not exceed the number of parking spaces that would be permitted if the ratio of parking spaces to #floor area# for the applicable #use#, as specified in Section [13-10](#), were applied. Any #non-complying# #floor area# on such #zoning lot# or #zoning lots# shall be excluded in applying such ratio.



Zoning Resolution

THE CITY OF NEW YORK

Eric Adams, Mayor

CITY PLANNING COMMISSION

Daniel R. Garodnick, Chair

Chapter 5 - Residential Conversion within Existing Buildings

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Chapter 5 - Residential Conversion within Existing Buildings

15-00 - GENERAL PURPOSES

LAST AMENDED

12/5/2024

Special regulations for the conversion of non-residential floor area to residences have been established in order to promote and protect public health, safety and general welfare. These goals include, among others, the following specific purposes:

- (a) to permit owners to increase the return on their investment in appropriate existing buildings by authorizing the conversion to residences or community facilities with sleeping accommodations without requiring that such uses conform to the provisions of Article II of this Resolution;
 - (b) to provide for adequate returns to property owners by allowing more profitable residential or community facilities with sleeping accommodations uses with a limited mix of commercial and manufacturing uses;
 - (c) to ensure the provision of safe and sanitary housing units in converted buildings; and
 - (d) to ensure the provision of adequate amenities in conjunction with residential development.
-

15-01 - Applicability

LAST AMENDED

12/5/2024

#Conversions# in #buildings# or portions thereof, existing on December 31, 1990, shall be subject to the provisions of this Chapter. For the purposes of this Chapter, #conversion# shall mean the change of non-#residential# #floor area# to #residences# of any type, #joint living-work quarters for artists# or #community facilities# with sleeping accommodations. However, non-profit institutions with sleeping accommodations shall be limited to those with Class A occupancy as defined in the New York State Multiple Dwelling Law.

#Conversions# shall also include the #conversion# of existing floor space used for mechanical equipment and not counted as #floor area# to #residences# or #joint living-work quarters for artists# or #community facilities# with sleeping accommodations.

The provisions of this Chapter shall apply in any #Special Mixed Use District# to #buildings# or portions thereof, existing on to December 10, 1997.

All #conversions# to #residences# or #community facilities# with sleeping accommodations shall be permitted only in districts where #residential use# is allowed by the district regulations, or in those #Manufacturing Districts# where #residential use# is allowed pursuant to this Chapter or by authorization or special permit. All #conversions# to #joint living-work quarters for artists# shall be permitted only in districts where such #use# is allowed by the district regulations.

However, #conversions# that meet all the requirements for #residential# #developments# or #community facilities# with sleeping accommodations #developments# pursuant to Article II (Residence District Regulations) and are located in R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, R6, R7, R8, R9, R10, R11, R12, C1, C2, C3, C4, C5 or C6 Districts are exempt from the provisions of this Chapter. Except as modified by the express provisions of this Chapter, the regulations of the applicable zoning districts remain in effect.

#Developments# or #enlargements# shall be in accordance with the applicable requirements of Article II and Article III, except as provided by authorization pursuant to Section [15-21](#) (Enlargements of Converted Buildings).

Except as specifically set forth in Section [15-024](#) (Special bulk regulations for certain pre-existing dwelling units and joint living-work quarters for artists), the provisions of this Chapter are not applicable in M1-5B Districts.

The ~~conversion~~ of ~~floor area~~ within ~~transient hotels~~ to ~~residences~~ or ~~community facility~~ ~~uses~~ with sleeping accommodations pursuant to the provisions of this Chapter shall be limited to those ~~buildings~~ eligible for ~~conversion~~ pursuant to the rules of this Chapter in effect prior to December 5, 2024.

15-02 - General Provisions

LAST AMENDED

4/9/1981

15-021 - Special use regulations

LAST AMENDED

12/5/2024

- (a) In M1-5 and M1-6 Districts located within the rectangle formed by West 23rd Street, Fifth Avenue, West 31st Street and Eighth Avenue, no new ~~dwelling units~~ shall be permitted. However, ~~dwelling units~~ which the Chairperson of the City Planning Commission determines were occupied on September 1, 1980, shall be a permitted ~~use~~ provided that a complete application for a determination of occupancy is filed by the owner of the ~~building~~ or the occupant of a ~~dwelling unit~~ in such ~~building~~ not later than June 21, 1983. For the purposes of Article 7C of the New York State Multiple Dwelling Law, such a determination of ~~residential~~ occupancy on September 1, 1980, shall be deemed to permit ~~residential use~~ as-of-right for such ~~dwelling units~~.

All ~~dwelling units~~ permitted pursuant to this paragraph (a) shall be required to comply with the requirements of Section [15-024](#) (Special bulk regulations for certain pre-existing dwelling units, and joint living-work quarters for artists) where applicable.

Where the Chairperson of the City Planning Commission has determined that ~~floor area~~ was occupied as ~~dwelling units~~ on September 1, 1980, and where such ~~dwelling units~~ are located in a ~~building~~ which, on the date of application to the Department of City Planning under the provisions of this Section, also has ~~floor area~~ which is occupied by ~~referenced commercial and manufacturing uses~~, the Chairperson may permit that any ~~floor area~~ in the ~~building~~ be used for ~~dwelling units~~ provided that:

- (1) the total amount of ~~floor area~~ to be used for ~~dwelling units~~ does not exceed the amount of ~~floor area~~ occupied as ~~dwelling units~~ on September 1, 1980;
- (2) ~~referenced commercial and manufacturing uses~~ located on ~~floor area~~ to be used for ~~dwelling units~~ that has been offered a new or amended lease within the ~~building~~, with a minimum term of two years from the date of application, at a fair market rental for the same amount of ~~floor area~~ previously occupied, and such lease is not subject to cancellation by the landlord;
- (3) any ~~residential~~ tenant who occupied a ~~dwelling unit~~ shall be relocated to a ~~dwelling unit~~ within the ~~building~~ with a ~~floor area~~ equal to not less than 95 percent of the amount of ~~floor area~~ in the ~~dwelling unit~~ previously occupied; and
- (4) as a result of such action by the Chairperson, ~~residential uses~~ will be located on ~~stories~~ above ~~manufacturing~~ ~~uses~~.

- (b) In M1-6 Districts located within the rectangle formed by West 35th Street, Fifth Avenue, West 40th Street and Sixth Avenue, no #dwelling units# shall be permitted, except that:
- (1) #dwelling units# which the Chairperson determines were occupied on May 18, 1981, shall be a permitted #use# provided that a complete application to permit such #use# is filed by the owner of the #building# or the occupant of the #dwelling unit# not later than June 21, 1983. For the purposes of Article 7C of the New York State Multiple Dwelling Law, such a determination of #residential# occupancy shall be deemed to permit #residential use# as-of-right for such #dwelling unit#.
 - (2) in any #building# for which an alteration application for conversion of #floor area# used for non-#residential use# to #dwelling units# or for an #extension# or minor #enlargement# of existing #residential use#, was filed prior to May 18, 1981, #dwelling units# shall be permitted, provided that such alterations shall comply with the regulations in effect on the date of such filing. The right to convert to #dwelling units# or #extend# or #enlarge# existing #residential use# pursuant to the provisions of this paragraph (b) shall expire one year from July 23, 1981, unless a temporary or permanent certificate of occupancy has been issued.

15-022 - Location within building

LAST AMENDED
2/2/2011

#Dwelling units# #converted# under the provisions of this Chapter are not subject to the provisions of Section [32-42](#) (Location Within Buildings).

15-023 - Notice to residential tenants in mixed use buildings

LAST AMENDED
2/2/2011

The owner or developer of a #building# #converted# under the provisions of this Chapter and containing one or more #dwelling units# and one or more #commercial# or #manufacturing# #uses# above the first #story# shall be required to notify all prospective #residential# occupants of such #dwelling units# that:

- (a) such #dwelling units# are located in a #building# containing #commercial# or #manufacturing# #uses# which the City is committed to maintain; and
- (b) such prospective occupants should make any investigation they deem necessary to determine that the conditions existing or permitted to exist are not offensive to such prospective occupant.

Prior to the issuance of a building permit, the owner or developer shall file an affidavit with the Department of Buildings that such notice will be provided in all #residential# leases and offering plans.

15-024 - Special bulk regulations for certain pre-existing dwelling units and joint living-work quarters for artists

LAST AMENDED
12/5/2024

- (a) The minimum size, #yard# and density requirements of Sections [15-111](#) (Number of permitted dwelling units) and [43-17](#) (Special Provisions for Joint Living-Work Quarters for Artists in M1-5B Districts) may be replaced by the requirements of this Section for #dwelling units# and #joint living-work quarters for artists#:

- (1) existing on September 1, 1980, for which a determination of #residential# or #joint living-work quarters for artists# occupancy has been made pursuant to paragraph (b) of Section [15-021](#) (Special use regulations), paragraph (b) of Section [42-314](#) (Use regulations in certain M1-1, M1-5 and M1-6 Districts), paragraph (c)(2) of Section [42-315](#) (Use regulations in M1-5B Districts); or
 - (2) that are registered Interim Multiple Dwellings or are found covered by the New York City Loft Board pursuant to Article 7C of the New York State Multiple Dwelling Law; or
 - (3) that the Loft Board determines were occupied for #residential use# or as #joint living-work quarters for artists# on September 1, 1980.
- (b) Unless required by the Loft Board for the legalization of Interim Multiple Dwelling Units in the implementation of Article 7C of the New York State Multiple Dwelling Law, #dwelling units# or #joint living-work quarters for artists# described in paragraph (a) and existing on such dates may not be divided subsequently into units or quarters of less than 1,200 square feet.

No #building# that meets the density requirements of Section [15-111](#), may subsequently add additional units or quarters except in accordance thereof. No #building# to which the regulations of this Section have been applied may subsequently add additional units or quarters except in accordance with the requirements of Sections [15-111](#).

- (c) In lieu of the stated minimum size, #yard#, and density requirements of Sections [15-111](#) and [43-17](#), the following regulations shall apply:
- (1) The minimum size of a #dwelling unit# or #joint living-work quarters for artists# may be no less than 415 square feet of #floor area#, provided that all of the following requirements are met:
 - (i) the unit or quarters shall contain one or more windows that open onto a #street# or 30 foot #yard#;
 - (ii) the area of such required window shall be not less than eight percent of the #floor area# of the unit or quarters and 50 percent of the area of such required window shall be openable; and
 - (iii) the interior dimension of the wall in which such required window is located shall be no less than 12 feet in width; or
 - (2) The minimum size of a #dwelling unit# or #joint living-work quarters for artists# may be no less than 600 square feet of #floor area#, provided that all of the following requirements are met:
 - (i) the unit or quarters shall contain one or more windows that open onto either:
 - (a) a 10 foot #yard#, where the window sill of such required window is at least 23 feet above #curb level#;
 - (b) a 15 foot #yard#, where the window sill of such required window is less than 23 feet above #curb level#;
 - (c) a #court# with a minimum dimension of 15 feet perpendicular to such required window and 375 square feet or more in area; or
 - (d) a #street#;
 - (ii) the minimum horizontal distance between such required window opening onto a #yard# and any wall opposite such window on the same or another #zoning lot# shall be at least 15 feet;

- (iii) the area of such required window shall be no less than five percent of the #floor area# of the unit or quarters, and 50 percent of the area of such required window shall be openable;
 - (iv) the interior dimension of the wall in which such required window is located shall be no less than 12 feet in width;
 - (v) the average width of such unit or quarters shall be no less than 14 feet; and
- (vi) not less than two-thirds of the #floor area# of the unit or quarters shall have a floor-to-ceiling height of nine feet or more.

15-10 - REGULATIONS GOVERNING RESIDENTIAL CONVERSIONS WITHIN EXISTING BUILDINGS IN RESIDENCE AND COMMERCIAL DISTRICTS

LAST AMENDED
12/5/2024

15-11 - Bulk Regulations

LAST AMENDED
12/5/2024

The #conversion# of non-#residential# #floor area# to #residences# or #community facilities# with sleeping accommodations, including the #conversion# of #floor area# on a #zoning lot# that exceeds the maximum #floor area# permitted by the applicable district regulations, shall be permitted in accordance with the provisions of this Section.

For the #conversion# of non-#residential# #floor area# to #residences# or #community facilities# with sleeping accommodations, the applicable density requirements shall be modified in accordance with the provisions of Section [15-111](#) (Number of permitted dwelling units), and the regulations governing #open space ratio#, #yards#, the minimum distance between two or more #buildings# on a single #zoning lot# and the minimum distance between windows and walls or #lot lines# are hereby superseded and replaced by the requirements of Sections [15-112](#) (Light and air provisions) and [15-12](#) (Required Recreation Space).

15-111 - Number of permitted dwelling units

LAST AMENDED
12/5/2024

The maximum number of #dwelling units# permitted shall be determined in accordance with the applicable district regulations pursuant to Section [23-50](#) (DENSITY REGULATIONS), inclusive. Any #floor area# in excess of the district regulations shall be included in the amount of #floor area# to be divided by the #dwelling unit# factor, where applicable.

For the #conversion# of non-#residential# #floor area# to #residences#, pursuant to Section [74-71](#) (Landmark Preservation), in C7, C8 and #Manufacturing Districts#, the maximum number of #dwelling units# shall be determined by applying the density regulations set forth in Section [23-50](#) in accordance with the applicable geography.

In addition, the following provisions shall apply:

#Dwelling units# may be distributed anywhere within a #building# provided that any portion of a #dwelling unit# located in a #cellar# shall also comply with the provisions of Section [15-112](#) (Light and air provisions).

Mezzanines constructed pursuant to Chapter 26 of the Administrative Code shall be allowed within individual #dwelling units#

provided that the gross area of such mezzanine does not exceed 33 1/3 percent of the #floor area# contained within such #dwelling unit#. Such mezzanines are permitted only in #buildings# with an existing #floor area ratio# of 12 or less, and only between floors, or between a floor and a roof, existing on January 22, 1998, that are to remain. Such mezzanines shall not be included as #floor area# for the purpose of calculating the minimum required size of a #dwelling unit# or for calculating #floor area# devoted to #dwelling units#.

The density provisions of this Section may be replaced by the regulations of Section [15-024](#) (Special bulk regulations for certain pre-existing dwelling units and joint living-work quarters for artists) for #dwelling units# that are registered Interim Multiple Dwellings or are covered by the New York City Loft Board pursuant to Article 7C of the New York State Multiple Dwelling Law or that the Loft Board determines were occupied for #residential use# on September 1, 1980.

15-112 - Light and air provisions

LAST AMENDED
2/2/2011

- (a) Spaces other than #rooms#:
 - (1) Mezzanines shall be lit and ventilated in accordance with the provisions of Section [27-732](#) (Natural light requirements) and Article 6 (Standard of Natural Ventilation) of the New York City Building Code.
 - (2) #Cellar# space is not permitted in #dwelling units# with three and one-half #rooms# or fewer, unless such #dwelling units# contain at least 1,200 square feet of interior #floor area#.
 - (3) Spaces, other than "living rooms," kitchens, bathrooms or mezzanines, with a minimum width of five feet in the narrowest dimension measured perpendicular to a wall enclosing such space, are not permitted in #dwelling units# with two #rooms# or fewer, unless such #dwelling units# contain at least 1,200 square feet of interior #floor area#.
- (b) Every #dwelling unit# shall meet the light and air requirements of Section 277 of the Multiple Dwelling Law.
- (c) Width to depth ratio

Where there is more than one #dwelling unit# per #story#, the average width of each #dwelling unit# shall be at least one fourth of the depth. Depth is the farthest point within the #dwelling unit# from the exterior #building# wall containing windows used to meet the requirements of paragraph (b) of this Section, measured perpendicular to such #building# wall. Width is the distance between exterior #dwelling unit# walls measured perpendicular to the depth.

15-12 - Required Recreation Space

■
LAST AMENDED
12/5/2024

All #conversions# in #buildings# that are #multiple dwelling residences# which result in nine or more new #dwelling units# after December 5, 2024, shall provide recreation space in accordance with the provisions of Section [23-63](#) (Required Recreation Space in Multi-family Buildings). However, such provisions shall be modified as follows:

- (a) where recreation space is provided outdoors, the minimum amount of recreation space required pursuant to Section [23-63](#) may be reduced to an equivalent of two percent of the #residential# #floor area# of the #building#; and
- (b) the provisions of paragraph (d) of such Section need not apply.

15-13 - Special Home Occupation Provision

LAST AMENDED

6/6/2024

In C6 Districts, and in C5 Districts in the Borough of Manhattan in the area south of Murray Street, its easterly prolongation, and the Brooklyn Bridge, the #home occupation# provisions of Section [12-10](#) shall apply, except that a #home occupations# may occupy more than 1,000 square feet of #floor area# and up to three persons not residing in the #dwelling unit# or #rooming unit# may be employed.

15-20 - AUTHORIZATION

LAST AMENDED

12/5/2024

15-21 - Enlargements of Converted Buildings

LAST AMENDED

12/5/2024

In all #Commercial Districts# and #Residence Districts#, for #enlargements# of #buildings# #converted# to #residences#, the City Planning Commission may authorize modifications to #bulk# regulations of Section [23-30](#) (YARDS, COURTS AND OTHER OPEN AREA REGULATIONS), inclusive, as modified for #sky exposure plane buildings#.

In order to grant such authorization, the Commission shall find that:

- (a) the #enlarged building# is compatible with the scale of the surrounding area;
- (b) open areas are provided on the #zoning lot# that are of sufficient size to serve the residents of the #building#. Such open areas, which may be located on rooftops, courtyards, or other areas on the #zoning lot#, shall be accessible to and usable by all residents of the #building#, and have appropriate access, circulation, seating, lighting and paving;
- (c) the site plan includes superior landscaping for all open areas on the #zoning lot#, including the planting of #street trees#; and
- (d) the #enlarged# #building# will not adversely affect structures or #open space# in the vicinity in terms of scale, location and access to light and air.

The Commission may prescribe additional conditions and safeguards to minimize adverse effects on the character of the surrounding area.



Zoning Resolution

THE CITY OF NEW YORK

Eric Adams, Mayor

CITY PLANNING COMMISSION

Daniel R. Garodnick, Chair

Chapter 6 - Comprehensive Off-street Parking Regulations in the Long Island City Area

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Chapter 6 - Comprehensive Off-street Parking Regulations in the Long Island City Area

16-00 - GENERAL PURPOSES

LAST AMENDED
5/8/2013

The provisions of this Chapter establish special comprehensive regulations for off-street parking in the Long Island City area, as defined in Section [16-02](#) (Definitions).

These regulations will allow parking to be provided in a manner that supports a mass transit and pedestrian-oriented central mixed use district.

16-01 - General Provisions

LAST AMENDED
5/8/2013

Except as modified by the express provisions of this Chapter, the regulations of the underlying zoning districts shall remain in effect.

16-02 - Definitions

LAST AMENDED
5/8/2013

Long Island City area

For the purposes of this Chapter, “Long Island City area” shall refer to the area within the boundaries shown on the map in Section [16-03](#).

16-03 - Map of Long Island City area

LAST AMENDED
5/8/2013

The #Long Island City area# is shown on the following map for the purpose of specifying areas where special regulations and requirements set forth in this Chapter apply.

Long Island City Area



16-04 - Areas A, B and C

LAST AMENDED
5/8/2013

Areas A, B and C are established within the #Long Island City area#, the boundaries of which are shown on the map in Section [16-03](#).

16-05 - Applicability

LAST AMENDED
5/8/2013

16-051 - Applicability of parking regulations within the Long Island City area

LAST AMENDED
12/5/2024

The provisions of this Chapter shall apply to #accessory# off-street parking facilities, #public parking lots# and #public parking garages#, as set forth in this Section.

- (a) For #accessory# off-street parking facilities, #public parking garages# and #public parking lots# constructed prior to October 25, 1995, or existing #buildings# #developed# without parking, the number of parking spaces required or permitted shall be set forth in Section [16-07](#) (Existing Buildings and Off-street Parking Facilities).

- (b) For #accessory# off-street parking facilities, #public parking lots# and #public parking garages# #developed# or #enlarged# after October 25, 1995, the number of parking spaces permitted in a parking facility shall be as set forth in Section [16-10](#) (PERMITTED OFF-STREET PARKING IN THE LONG ISLAND CITY AREA). Special rules shall apply to all such #accessory# off-street parking spaces, #public parking lots# and #public parking garages#, as set forth in Section [16-20](#).
- (c) Any increase in the number of off-street parking spaces in an #accessory# off-street parking facility, #public parking lot# or #public parking garage# resulting in a capacity not otherwise allowed under the applicable regulations of Section [16-10](#), shall be permitted only by the City Planning Commission, pursuant to the applicable special permit in Section [16-35](#) (Special Permits), inclusive.

16-052 - Applicability of parking regulations for large-scale residential developments within the Long Island City area

LAST AMENDED
5/8/2013

The provisions of this Chapter shall not apply to #large-scale residential developments# utilizing Sections [78-41](#) (Location of Accessory Parking Spaces) or [78-42](#) (Parking Regulations for Commercial and Community Facility Uses).

16-053 - Applicability of Special Purpose Districts within the Long Island City area

LAST AMENDED
5/8/2013

In addition to the provisions of this Chapter, further requirements relating to the #Long Island City area# can be found in the following Special Purpose Districts:

- (a) the #Special Long Island City Mixed Use District#, as set forth in Section [117-54](#) (Off-street Parking and Loading Regulations); and
- (b) the #Special Southern Hunters Point District#, as set forth in Section [125-50](#) (PARKING REGULATIONS), inclusive.

16-06 - Previously Approved Special Permits or Authorizations

LAST AMENDED
12/5/2024

Any authorization or special permit relating to parking regulations in the #Long Island City area# granted by the City Planning Commission or Board of Standards and Appeals prior to October 25, 1995, may be started or continued, in accordance with the terms thereof, or as such terms may subsequently be modified, pursuant to the regulations in effect at the time such authorization or special permit was granted. However, any special permit granted for a parking facility in the #Long Island City area# by the Commission or Board prior to December 15, 1961, may be continued without the need for renewal pursuant to Section [11-411](#) (Renewals), provided that the facts upon which the special permit was granted have not substantially changed.

All such authorizations or special permits requiring renewal shall be subject to the provisions of Sections [11-42](#) (Lapse of Authorization of Special Permit Granted by the City Planning Commission Pursuant to the 1961 Zoning Resolution) and [11-43](#) (Renewal of Authorization or Special Permit). However, the provisions of this Chapter shall apply to the renewal of any special permit or authorization for a #public parking lot#.

Any subsequent modifications to such authorizations or special permits that involve an increase in the number of off-street parking spaces provided shall only be permitted by the applicable special permit provisions of Section [16-35](#).

16-07 - Existing Buildings and Off-street Parking Facilities

LAST AMENDED

12/5/2024

The provisions of this Section shall apply to existing required or permitted #accessory# off-street parking spaces, #public parking lots# and #public parking garages#, established prior to October 25, 1995, in the #Long Island City area#, as applicable, and to existing #buildings# #developed# without the provision of parking.

Existing required or permitted #accessory# off-street parking spaces, #public parking lots# and #public parking garages# established prior to October 25, 1995, shall be subject to the applicable zoning district regulations in effect prior to October 25, 1995, except that:

- (a) any reduction or elimination of existing #accessory# off-street parking spaces that were required under the applicable provisions in effect prior to October 25, 1995, shall only be allowed by authorization of the City Planning Commission pursuant to Section [16-342](#) (Reduction in the number of required existing parking spaces); and
- (b) any increase in the number of parking spaces in an existing parking facility or the creation of a new parking facility associated with an existing #building# #developed# without parking shall only be allowed by the Commission as follows:
 - (1) the Commission may authorize a limited increase pursuant to the provisions of Section [16-341](#) (Limited increase in parking spaces for existing buildings); and
 - (2) the Commission may permit an increase in the number of off-street parking spaces beyond the thresholds of Section [16-341](#) only pursuant to the applicable provisions of Section [13-45](#) (Special Permits for Additional Parking Spaces).

16-10 - PERMITTED OFF-STREET PARKING IN THE LONG ISLAND CITY AREA

LAST AMENDED

5/8/2013

No parking shall be required for the #Long Island City area#. Off-street parking spaces located within #accessory# off-street parking facilities, #public parking lots# and #public parking garages# in the #Long Island City area# shall be allowed only as set forth in this Section, inclusive.

All such parking facilities shall be subject to the applicable regulations set forth in Section [16-20](#).

16-11 - Permitted Parking for Residences

LAST AMENDED

12/5/2024

#Accessory# off-street parking spaces are permitted for #residences# in #developments# or #enlargements#, as follows:

- (a) within Area A, as shown on the map in Section [16-03](#), #accessory# off-street parking spaces may be provided for not more than 50 percent of the total number of new #dwelling units# contained in the #development# or #enlargement#, or 200 spaces, whichever is less; and

- (b) within Areas B and C, as shown on the map, #accessory# off-street parking spaces may be provided for not more than 100 percent of the total number of new #dwelling units# contained in the #development# or #enlargement#.

16-12 - Permitted Parking for Non-residential Uses

LAST AMENDED

12/5/2024

#Accessory# off-street parking spaces are permitted for non-#residential uses# in #developments# or #enlargements#, as follows:

- (a) #Transient hotels#

For #transient hotel# #developments# or #enlargements#, a maximum of 150 #accessory# off-street parking spaces are permitted if there is only one entrance to the #accessory# #group parking facility# and a maximum of 225 #accessory# off-street parking spaces are permitted if there are two or more entrances. In no event may the number of parking spaces exceed 50 percent of the number of new #transient hotel# rooms.

- (b) Hospitals

For #developments# or #enlargements# of non-profit, voluntary or proprietary hospitals and related facilities listed under Use Group III(B), in Area A, as shown on the map in Section [16-03](#), a maximum of 150 #accessory# off-street parking spaces, open or enclosed, are permitted if there is only one entrance to the #accessory# group parking facility and a maximum of 225 #accessory# off-street parking spaces, open or enclosed, are permitted if there are two or more entrances.

For hospital #developments# or #enlargements# within Areas B and C, as shown on the map, #accessory# off-street parking may be provided in accordance with the underlying district regulations.

- (c) Other #commercial#, #community facility# and #manufacturing# #uses#

For #developments# or #enlargements# in Area A containing #community facility# #uses# other than hospitals, #commercial# #uses# other than #transient hotels#, or #manufacturing# #uses#, the maximum number of #accessory# off-street parking spaces permitted shall not exceed one space per 4,000 square feet of such #community facility#, #commercial# or #manufacturing# #floor area#, or 100 spaces, whichever is less. All such parking spaces shall be used exclusively by the tenants or employees of the #development# or #enlargement# and shall not be available to the public.

Within Areas B and C, the maximum number of #accessory# off-street parking spaces permitted for each #development#, #enlargement# or alteration shall not exceed one space per 4,000 square feet of #floor area#, or 100 spaces, whichever is less. In the event that the permitted number of #accessory# off-street spaces would be less than 15 spaces, an #accessory# parking facility of up to 15 spaces may be provided.

16-13 - Permitted Parking for Zoning Lots With Multiple Uses

LAST AMENDED

5/8/2013

Where a #development# or #enlargement# contains a combination of #uses# for which parking regulations are set forth in Sections [16-11](#) (Permitted Parking for Residences) and [16-12](#) (Permitted Parking for Non-residential Uses), the number of #accessory# off-street parking spaces for all such #uses# shall not exceed the number of spaces permitted for each #use# in accordance with the provisions of such Sections. However, in no event shall the maximum number exceed 225 #accessory# off-

street parking spaces. The exclusive or primary #use# provisions of Sections [16-11](#) and [16-12](#) shall be applicable to the number of spaces provided for each #use#.

16-14 - Permitted Public Parking Lots

LAST AMENDED

5/8/2013

#Public parking lots# shall not be permitted within the #Long Island City area#, except where authorized by the City Planning Commission in accordance with the provisions of Section 16-342.

16-15 - Permitted Public Parking Garages

LAST AMENDED

5/8/2013

Within Areas A or B, as shown on the map in Section [16-03](#), #public parking garages# shall be permitted only in accordance with the special permit provisions of Section 16-352. However, notwithstanding any underlying district regulations, within Subarea C, as shown on the map, #public parking garages# with a maximum capacity of 150 spaces shall be permitted as-of-right within any zoning district.

16-20 - SPECIAL RULES FOR PARKING FACILITIES WITHIN THE LONG ISLAND CITY AREA

LAST AMENDED

5/8/2013

All #accessory# off-street parking facilities, #public parking lots# and #public parking garages# #developed# or #enlarged# after October 25, 1995, in the #Long Island City area# shall comply with the applicable provisions of this Section, inclusive.

16-21 - Public Use and Off-site Parking

LAST AMENDED

12/5/2024

All #accessory# off-street parking spaces may be made available for public use. However, any such space shall be made available to the occupant of a #residence# to which it is #accessory# within 30 days after a written request therefor is made to the landlord.

No #accessory# off-street parking spaces shall be located on a #zoning lot# other than the same #zoning lot# as the #use# to which they are #accessory#.

16-22 - Enclosure, Surfacing and Screening Requirements

LAST AMENDED

6/6/2024

All #accessory# off-street parking spaces shall be located within a #completely enclosed# #building#, with the exception of:

- (a) parking spaces #accessory# to non-profit, voluntary or proprietary hospitals and related facilities, listed under Use Group

III(B); and

- (b) up to 15 off-street parking spaces #accessory# to #commercial# #uses# other than a #transient hotel#, listed under Use Group V, #community facility# #uses# other than hospitals, or #manufacturing# #uses#.

16-23 - Curb Cut Restrictions

LAST AMENDED

5/8/2013

In the #Long Island City area#, for #accessory# off-street parking facilities and #public parking garages#, curb cuts accessing entrances and exits to such parking facilities shall not be permitted at the following locations:

- (a) within 50 feet of the intersection of any two #street lines#, except where the Commissioner of Buildings certifies that such location is not hazardous to traffic safety, is not likely to create traffic congestion and will not unduly inhibit surface traffic or pedestrian flow. The Commissioner of Buildings may refer such matter to the Department of Transportation, or its successor, for a report;
- (b) for #accessory# off-street parking facilities, on 21st Street, 44th Drive, Jackson Avenue, Queens Boulevard, Queens Plaza (North, South and East), Skillman Avenue or Thomson Avenue, except by authorization of the City Planning Commission, pursuant to Section [16-343](#);
- (c) for #public parking garages#, on 21st Street, 44th Drive, Jackson Avenue, Queens Boulevard, Queens Plaza (North, South and East) or Vernon Boulevard, except by authorization, pursuant to Section [16-343](#).

16-24 - Minimum and Maximum Size of Parking Facilities

LAST AMENDED

12/5/2024

The maximum gross unobstructed surface area, in square feet, of a permitted #accessory# #group parking facility# including stalls, aisles, driveways and maneuvering areas shall be as set forth in this Section.

- (a) Attended parking facilities

For attended parking facilities without parking lift systems, the maximum gross surface area shall not exceed 200 times the number of #accessory# off-street parking spaces provided.

For attended parking facilities with parking lift systems, the maximum surface area of the portion of the facility allocated to non-elevated parking spaces shall not exceed 200 times the number of non-elevated spaces provided and the portion allocated to elevated parking spaces shall be 153 times the number of elevated spaces able to be provided on lifted trays.

No maximum surface area requirement shall apply to #automated parking facilities#.

- (b) Self-park facilities

For self-parking facilities, the maximum gross surface area shall not exceed 350 times the number of #accessory# off-street parking spaces provided.

An off-street parking facility in the #Long Island City area# may provide a gross unobstructed surface area greater than the maximum size permitted by this Section upon certification by the Chairperson of the City Planning Commission to the

Commissioner of Buildings that the proposed layout of such parking facility, including, but not limited to, the arrangement of parking spaces, travel aisles and reservoir spaces, where applicable, is sufficient to accommodate the requisite vehicular navigation and turning movements associated with such a facility. To make such a determination, the applicant shall provide the Chairperson with dimensioned plan drawings that depict the proposed vehicular movement through the facility, including any relevant maneuverability or turning radius information.

16-30 - AUTHORIZATIONS AND SPECIAL PERMITS

LAST AMENDED
5/8/2013

16-31 - General Provisions

LAST AMENDED
5/8/2013

The City Planning Commission may grant authorizations and special permits, pursuant to Sections [16-34](#), inclusive, and [16-35](#), inclusive.

All such special permits and authorizations, in addition to meeting the requirements, conditions and safeguards prescribed by the Commission, shall conform to and comply with all of the applicable zoning district regulations of the Zoning Resolution, except as otherwise specified herein.

16-32 - Requirements for Applications

LAST AMENDED
5/8/2013

An application to the City Planning Commission for the grant of a special permit or authorization under the provisions of this Section shall include a site plan showing the location of all #buildings or other structures# on the site, the location of all vehicular entrances and exits and off-street parking spaces, and such other information as may be required by the Commission.

16-33 - Relationship to Public Improvement Projects

LAST AMENDED
5/8/2013

In all cases, the City Planning Commission shall deny a special permit application or authorization whenever the #use# will interfere with a public improvement project (including housing, highways, public #buildings# or facilities, redevelopment or renewal projects, or rights-of-way for sewers, transit or other public facilities) which is approved by or pending before the City Council or the Commission, as determined from the calendar of each agency issued prior to the date of the public meeting on the application for a special permit or authorization.

16-34 - Authorizations

LAST AMENDED
5/8/2013

16-341 - Limited increase in parking spaces for existing buildings

The City Planning Commission may, by authorization, allow an increase in the number of parking spaces in an existing parking facility or the creation of a new parking facility associated with an existing #building# #developed# without parking, provided that the limitations of paragraph (a) and the findings of paragraph (b) of this Section are met.

(a) Limitations

The total number of parking spaces in a parking facility, inclusive of any existing spaces, where applicable, shall not exceed what would be permitted if such facility were #developed# in accordance with the provisions of Section [16-10](#) (PERMITTED OFF-STREET PARKING IN THE LONG ISLAND CITY AREA). However, in no event shall the number of additional spaces authorized pursuant to this Section exceed 15 spaces.

(b) Findings

The Commission shall find that:

- (1) the location of the vehicular entrances and exits to the parking facility will not unduly interrupt the flow of pedestrian traffic associated with #uses# or public facilities, including access points to mass transit facilities in close proximity thereto, or result in any undue conflict between pedestrian and vehicular movements, due to the entering and leaving movement of vehicles;
- (2) the location of the vehicular entrances and exits to such parking facility will not interfere with the efficient functioning of #streets#, including any lanes designated for specific types of users or vehicles, due to the entering and leaving movement of vehicles;
- (3) such #use# will not create or contribute to serious traffic congestion and will not unduly inhibit surface traffic and pedestrian flow; and
- (4) such parking facility will not be inconsistent with the character of the existing streetscape.

16-342 - Reduction in the number of required existing parking spaces

For off-street parking facilities built prior to October 25, 1995, the City Planning Commission may authorize a reduction in the number of required #accessory# off-street parking spaces where the Commission finds that such reduction will not have undue adverse effects on residents, businesses or community facilities in the surrounding area, as applicable.

The Commission may prescribe appropriate conditions and safeguards to minimize adverse effects on the character of the surrounding area.

16-343 - Public parking lots

The City Planning Commission may authorize #public parking lots# with a capacity of not more than 150 spaces in the #Long Island City area#, provided that the otherwise applicable regulations set forth in Sections [36-55](#) or [44-44](#) (Surfacing), and

Sections [36-56](#) or [44-45](#) (Screening) are met.

As a condition for authorizing any such #public parking lots#, the Commission shall make the following findings:

- (a) such #use# will not be incompatible with, or adversely affect, the growth and development of #uses# comprising vital and essential functions in the general area within which such #use# is to be located;
- (b) such #use# will not create or contribute to serious traffic congestion and will not unduly inhibit vehicular and pedestrian movement;
- (c) such #use# is so located as to draw a minimum of vehicular traffic to and through local #residential# #streets#; and
- (d) the #streets# providing access to such #use# will be adequate to handle the traffic generated thereby.

The City Planning Commission may prescribe appropriate conditions and safeguards to minimize adverse effects on the character of the surrounding area, including limitations on #signs#, or requirements for shielding of floodlights and for locations of entrances and exits.

16-344 - Curb cuts

LAST AMENDED
12/5/2024

The City Planning Commission may authorize curb cuts located on a #street# designated in Section [16-23](#) (Curb Cut Restrictions), provided the Commission finds that a curb cut at such location:

- (a) is not hazardous to traffic safety;
- (b) will not create or contribute to serious traffic congestion or unduly inhibit vehicular movement;
- (c) will not adversely affect pedestrian movement;
- (d) will not interfere with the efficient functioning of bus lanes, specially designated #streets# and public transit facilities;
and
- (e) will not be inconsistent with the character of the existing streetscape.

16-35 - Special Permits

LAST AMENDED
5/8/2013

16-351 - Accessory off-street parking spaces

LAST AMENDED
12/5/2024

The City Planning Commission may, by special permit, allow the off-street parking facilities listed in paragraph (a) of this Section, provided that such parking facilities comply with the findings of paragraph (b).

- (a) Eligible parking facilities

The Commission may permit, on-site or off-site, open or enclosed, #accessory# off-street parking facilities:

- (1) associated with #developments# or #enlargements#, with any capacity not otherwise allowed under Section [16-10](#) (PERMITTED OFF-STREET PARKING IN THE LONG ISLAND CITY AREA); or
- (2) associated with an existing parking facility or an existing #building# #developed# without parking, beyond the capacity authorized pursuant to Section [16-341](#) (Limited increase in parking spaces for existing buildings).

(b) Findings

The Commission shall find that:

- (1) within the vicinity of the site, there are insufficient parking spaces available;
- (2) the location of the vehicular entrances and exits to such parking facility will not interfere with the efficient functioning of #streets#, including any lanes designated for specific types of users or vehicles, due to the entering and leaving movement of vehicles;
- (3) such #use# will not create or contribute to serious traffic congestion and will not unduly inhibit surface traffic and pedestrian flow;
- (4) such parking facility will not be inconsistent with the character of the existing streetscape; and
- (5) adequate reservoir space is provided at the vehicular entrance to accommodate vehicles equivalent in number to 20 percent of the total number of parking spaces, up to 50 parking spaces, and five percent of any spaces in excess of 200 parking spaces, but in no event shall such reservoir spaces be required for more than 50 vehicles. However, in the case of a facility with a capacity of 10 vehicles or less, the Commission may waive this finding.

The Commission may prescribe appropriate conditions and safeguards to minimize adverse effects on the character of the surrounding area, including traffic improvements, if necessary, and limitations on #signs# or requirements for shielding or floodlights or for locations of entrances and exits.

16-352 - Public parking garages and public parking lots

LAST AMENDED

6/6/2024

The City Planning Commission may, by special permit, allow #public parking garages# and #public parking lots# not otherwise permitted, pursuant to the applicable provisions of Section [74-195](#) (Public parking garages or public parking lots in high density central areas).