Zoning Resolution

THE CITY OF NEW YORK
Eric Adams, Mayor

CITY PLANNING COMMISSION
Daniel R. Garodnick, Chair

## 121-40 - SPECIAL BULK REGULATIONS WITHIN SUBDISTRICT A-2

File generated by https://zr.planning.nyc.gov on 7/26/2024

## 121-40 - SPECIAL BULK REGULATIONS WITHIN SUBDISTRICT A-2

LAST AMENDED
12/20/2018
The following special \#bulk\# regulations shall apply within Subdistrict A-2, as shown on the map in Appendix A of this Chapter.

## 121-41 - Maximum Permitted Floor Area Within Subdistrict A-2

LAST AMENDED
10/7/2021

The basic maximum \#floor area ratio\# of a \#zoning lot\# containing non-\#residential buildings\# shall be 10.0 and may be increased to a maximum \#floor area ratio\# of 12.0 pursuant to Section 23-31 (District Improvement Fund Bonus). Such \#zoning lot\# may also contain \#residences\# within \#buildings\# existing on January 19, 2005, provided that such \#buildings\# are not \#enlarged\# after such date. For \#zoning lots\# containing \#residences\# within a \#building\# that is \#developed\# or \#enlarged\# on or after January 19, 2005, the basic maximum \#floor area ratio\# shall be 6.5. The \#floor area ratio\# of any such \#zoning lot\# may be increased from 6.5, pursuant to Section 93-31, and pursuant to Section 23-90 (INCLUSIONARY HOUSING), as modified by Section 93-23 (Modifications of Inclusionary Housing Program), provided that for every five square feet of \#floor area\# increase pursuant to Section 93-31, there is a \#floor area\# increase of six square feet pursuant to Section 23-90, as modified by Section 93-23, inclusive. The maximum \#residential\# \#floor area ratio\# shall be 12.0.

For the \#conversion\# to \#dwelling units\# of non-\#residential buildings\#, or portions thereof, where the total \#floor area\# on the \#zoning lot\# to be \#converted\# to \#residential use\# exceeds a \#floor area ratio\# of 12.0, such excess \#floor area\# shall be permitted only pursuant to Section 93-31.

For \#developments\# or \#enlargements\# on \#qualifying transit improvement sites\#, a \#floor area\# bonus for \#mass transit station\# improvements may be granted by the City Planning Commission pursuant to the provisions of Section 66-51 (Additional Floor Area for Mass Transit Station Improvements). As a pre-condition to applying for such \#floor area\# bonus, the applicant shall demonstrate that a \#floor area ratio\# of no less than 0.1 of the maximum \#floor area ratio\# pursuant to Section 93-31 or Section 93-23, has been achieved prior to, or in conjunction with, the application. For the purposes of this paragraph, defined terms additionally include those in Section 66-11 (Definitions).

## 121-42 - Height of Street Walls and Maximum Building Height Within Subdistrict A-2

## $\dagger$

LAST AMENDED
(a) Height of \#street walls\#

The \#street wall\# of any \#building\# shall be located on the \#street line\# and extend along the entire \#street\# frontage of the \#zoning lot\# not occupied by existing \#buildings\# to remain. Such \#street wall\# shall rise without setback to a minimum base height of 80 feet and a maximum base height of 90 feet before setback. However, if the height of an adjacent \#street
wall\# fronting on the same \#street line\# is higher than 90 feet before setback, the \#street wall\# of the new or \#enlarged\# \#building\# may rise without setback to the height of such adjacent \#street wall\#, up to a maximum height of 120 feet.

For \#zoning lots\#, or portions thereof, with \#street\# frontage of 25 feet or less and existing on June 29, 2010, a minimum base height lower than 80 feet shall be permitted along such \#street\# frontage in accordance with the following provisions:
(1) where the height of an adjacent \#street wall\# fronting on the same \#street line\# is at least 60 feet and less than 80 feet, the \#street wall\# of the new or \#enlarged\# \#building\# may rise without setback to the height of such adjacent \#street wall\#; or
(2) where the height of an adjacent \#street wall\# fronting on the same \#street line\# is less than 60 feet, the \#street wall\# of the new or \#enlarged\# \#building\# may rise without setback to a minimum \#street wall\# height of 60 feet.

The \#street wall\# of any \#building\# may rise to a height less than the minimum base height required pursuant to this paragraph (a), provided that no \#building\# on the \#zoning lot\# exceeds such height, except where such \#building\# is located on a \#zoning lot\# with multiple \#buildings\#, one or more of which is \#developed\#, \#enlarged\# or altered after February 2, 2011, to a height exceeding the minimum base height required pursuant to this paragraph (a).
(b) Maximum \#building\# height

Above a height of 90 feet or the height of the adjacent \#street wall\# if higher than 90 feet, no portion of a \#building or other structure\# shall penetrate a \#sky exposure plane\# that begins at a height of 90 feet above the \#street line\#, or the height of the adjacent \#street wall\# if higher than 90 feet, and rises over the \#zoning lot\# at a slope of four feet of vertical distance for each foot of horizontal distance to a maximum height limit of 250 feet, except as provided below:
(1) any portion of the \#building or other structure\# \#developed\# or \#enlarged\# pursuant to the tower regulations of Sections 33-45 (Tower Regulations) or 35-64 (Special Tower Regulations for Mixed Buildings), as applicable, may penetrate the \#sky exposure plane\#, provided no portion of such \#building or other structure\# exceeds the height limit of 250 feet; and
(2) permitted obstructions, as listed in Section 33-42, may penetrate the \#sky exposure plane\# and the height limit of 250 feet. In addition, a dormer, as listed in paragraph (c)(1) of Section 23-623 (Permitted obstructions in certain districts), may penetrate the \#sky exposure plane\#.

On a \#zoning lot\# with frontage of at least 200 feet along at least one \#street\#, up to 20 percent of the \#aggregate width of the street wall\# facing such \#street\#, for a maximum width of 50 feet, may be recessed to a maximum depth of 15 feet from the \#street line\#, provided the recessed area is located a minimum of 20 feet from an adjacent \#building\# and that a minimum of 60 percent of such area is planted with any combination of grass, ground cover, shrubs, trees or other living plant material in the ground or in planters permanently affixed to the ground.

