23-91 - Definitions
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LAST AMENDED
7/29/2009

For the purposes of this Section, inclusive, matter in italics is defined either in Section 12-10 (DEFINITIONS) or in this Section.

23-911 - General definitions

LAST AMENDED
3/22/2016

The following definitions shall apply throughout Section 23-90 (INCLUSIONARY HOUSING), inclusive:

Administering agent

An “administering agent” is the entity responsible for ensuring, pursuant to a #regulatory agreement#, that:

(a) each subject rental #affordable housing unit# is rented in compliance with such #regulatory agreement# at #rent-up# and upon each subsequent vacancy; or

(b) each subject #homeownership affordable housing unit# is owned and occupied in compliance with such #regulatory agreement# at #sale# and upon each #resale#.

Affordable floor area

(a) Where all of the #dwelling units#, #rooming units# and #supportive housing units# in a #generating site# or #MIH site#, other than any #super’s unit#, are #affordable housing units#, all of the #residential floor area#, or #community facility floor area# for a #supportive housing project#, in such #generating site# or #MIH site# is “affordable floor area.”

(b) Where one or more of the #dwelling units# or #rooming units# in a #generating site#, other than any #super’s unit#, are not #affordable housing units#, the #affordable floor area# in such #generating site# is the sum of:

(1) all of the #residential floor area# within the perimeter walls of the #affordable housing units# in such #generating site#; plus

(2) a figure determined by multiplying the #residential floor area# of the #eligible common areas# in such #generating site# by a fraction, the numerator of which is all of the #residential floor area# within the perimeter walls of the #affordable housing units# in such #generating site# and the denominator of which is the sum of the #residential floor area# within the perimeter walls of the #affordable housing units# in such #generating site# plus the #residential floor area# within the perimeter walls of the #dwelling units# or #rooming units# in such #generating site#, other than any #super’s unit#, that are not #affordable housing units#.

(c) Where one or more of the #dwelling units# or #rooming units# in an #MIH site#, other than any #super’s unit#, are not #affordable housing units#, the #affordable floor area# in such #MIH site# is the sum of:

(1) all of the #residential floor area# of the #affordable housing units# in such #MIH site#; plus

(2) a figure determined by multiplying the #residential floor area# of the #eligible common areas# in such #MIH
site by a fraction, the numerator of which is all of the residential floor area of the affordable housing units in such MIH site and the denominator of which is the sum of the residential floor area of the affordable housing units in such MIH site plus the residential floor area of the dwelling units or rooming units in such MIH site, other than any super’s unit, that are not affordable housing units.

Affordable housing

“Affordable housing” consists of:

(a) affordable housing units; and

(b) eligible common areas.

Affordable housing fund

With respect to the requirements of paragraph (d)(3)(v) of Section 23-154, the “affordable housing fund” is a fund administered by HPD, all contributions to which shall be used for development, acquisition, rehabilitation, or preservation of affordable housing, or other affordable housing purposes as set forth in the guidelines. Each contribution into such fund shall be reserved for use within the borough in which the MIH development making such contribution is located, and for a minimum of 10 years, shall be reserved for use in the same Community District in which the MIH development making such contribution is located. HPD shall issue a public report on the use of such fund no less frequently than on an annual basis.

Further provisions for the use of such funds may be set forth in the guidelines.

Affordable housing plan

An “affordable housing plan” is a plan approved by HPD to develop, rehabilitate or preserve rental or homeownership affordable housing on a generating site, pursuant to the provisions of Section 23-90, inclusive.

Affordable housing unit

An “affordable housing unit” is:

(a) a dwelling unit, other than a super’s unit, that is used for class A occupancy as defined in the Multiple Dwelling Law and that is or will be restricted, pursuant to a regulatory agreement, to occupancy by:

(1) low income households;

(2) where permitted by paragraph (c) of Section 23-154 (Inclusionary Housing), either low income households or a combination of low income households and moderate income households or middle income households;

(3) upon resale of homeownership affordable housing units, other eligible buyers, as applicable; or

(4) qualifying households;
(b) a #rooming unit#, other than a #super’s unit#, that is used for class B occupancy as defined in the Multiple Dwelling Law and that is or will be restricted, pursuant to a #regulatory agreement#, to occupancy by #low income households#; or

(c) a #supportive housing unit# within a #supportive housing project#.

#Affordable housing units# that are restricted to #homeownership#, as defined in Section 23-913, pursuant to a #regulatory agreement#, must be #dwelling units#.

Capital element

“Capital elements” are, with respect to any #generating site# or #MIH site#, the electrical, plumbing, heating and ventilation systems in such #generating site#, any air conditioning system in such #generating site# and all facades, parapets, roofs, windows, doors, elevators, concrete and masonry in such #generating site# and any other portions of such #generating site# or #MIH site# specified in the #guidelines#.

Compensated development

In areas other than #Mandatory Inclusionary Housing areas#, a “compensated development” is a #development#, an #enlargement# of more than 50 percent of the #floor area# of an existing #building# or, where permitted by the provisions of Section 98-262 (Floor area increase), a #conversion# of a #building#, or portion thereof, from non-#residential use# to #dwelling units#, that is located within a #compensated zoning lot#.

Compensated zoning lot

A “compensated zoning lot” is a #zoning lot# not located in a #Mandatory Inclusionary Housing area#, that contains a #compensated development# and receives an increased #floor area ratio#, pursuant to the provisions of Sections 23-154 and 23-90, inclusive.

Completion notice

A “completion notice” is a notice from #HPD# to the Department of Buildings stating that the #affordable housing# in all or a portion of any #generating site# or #MIH site# is complete and stating the #affordable floor area# of such #affordable housing#.

Eligible common area

In a #generating site#, “eligible common area” includes any #residential floor area# that is located within the perimeter walls of a #super’s unit#, and also includes any #residential floor area# in such #generating site# that is not located within the perimeter walls of any other #dwelling unit# or #rooming unit#, except any #residential floor area# for which a user fee is charged to residents of #affordable housing units#.

In an #MIH site#, an #eligible common area# includes any #residential floor area# that is located within a #super’s unit#, and any #residential floor area# in such #MIH site# that is not located within any other #dwelling unit# or #rooming unit#, but shall not include any #residential floor area# for which a user fee is charged to residents of #affordable housing units#. 
Floor area compensation

“Floor area compensation” is any additional #residential floor area# permitted in a #compensated development#, pursuant to the provisions of Sections 23-154 and 23-90, inclusive.

Generating site

A “generating site” is a #building# or #building segment# containing either #residential affordable floor area# or a #supportive housing project#, which generates #floor area compensation#. Non-#residential floor area# on a #generating site#, other than a #supportive housing project#, may not generate #floor area compensation#.

A #generating site# may also be an #MIH site#, provided that no #floor area# that satisfies the requirements of paragraphs (d)(3)(i) through (d)(3)(iv) or (d)(5) of Section 23-154 (Inclusionary Housing) may also generate #floor area compensation#.

Grandfathered tenant

A “grandfathered tenant” is any #household# that:

(a) occupied an #affordable housing unit# in #preservation affordable housing# or #substantial rehabilitation affordable housing# on the #regulatory agreement date#, pursuant to a lease, occupancy agreement or statutory tenancy under which one or more members of such #household# was a primary tenant of such #affordable housing unit#; and

(b) has not been certified by the #administering agent# to have an annual income below the #low income limit#, #moderate income limit# or #middle income limit#, as applicable to such #affordable housing unit#; or

(c) in #homeownership preservation affordable housing# or #homeownership substantial rehabilitation affordable housing#, has been certified by the #administering agent# to have an annual income below the #low income limit#, #moderate income limit# or #middle income limit#, as applicable to such #affordable housing unit#, but has elected not to purchase such #affordable housing unit#.

In #Mandatory Inclusionary Housing areas#, #grandfathered tenants# may include tenants of #buildings# on an #MIH site# that have been or will be demolished, as set forth in the #guidelines#.

Guidelines

The “guidelines” are the #guidelines# adopted by #HPD#, pursuant to paragraph (k) of Section 23-96 (Requirements for Generating Sites or MIH Sites).

Household

Prior to #initial occupancy# of an #affordable housing unit#, a “household” is, collectively, all of the persons intending to occupy such #affordable housing unit# at #initial occupancy#. After #initial occupancy# of an #affordable housing unit#, a #household# is, collectively, all of the persons occupying such #affordable housing unit#.
HPD

“HPD” is the Department of Housing Preservation and Development or its successor agency or designee, acting by or through its Commissioner or his or her designee.

Income band

An “income band” is a percentage of the #income index# that is the maximum income for a #qualifying household# at #initial occupancy# of an #affordable housing unit#. #Income bands# shall all be multiples of 10 percent of the #income index#, except for an #income band# at 135 percent of the #income index# provided pursuant to paragraph (d)(3)(iv) of Section 23-154 (Inclusionary Housing).

Income index

The “income index” is 200 percent of the Very Low-Income Limit established by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) for Multifamily Tax Subsidy Projects (MTSPs) in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Sections 42 and 142, as amended by Section 3009(a) of the Housing and Economic Recovery Act of 2008, as adjusted for household size. #HPD# shall adjust such figure for the number of persons in a #household# in accordance with such methodology as may be specified by HUD or in the #guidelines#. #HPD# may round such figure to the nearest 50 dollars or in accordance with such methodology as may be specified by HUD or in the #guidelines#. If HUD ceases to establish, or changes the standards or methodology for the establishment of, such income limit for MTSPs or ceases to establish the methodology for adjusting such figure for #household# size, the standards and methodology for establishment of the #income index# shall be specified in the #guidelines#.

Initial occupancy

“Initial occupancy” is:

(a) in rental #affordable housing#, the first date upon which a particular #household# occupies a particular #affordable housing unit# as a tenant, and shall not refer to any subsequent renewal lease of the same #affordable housing unit# to the same tenant #household#; or

(b) in #homeownership affordable housing#, the first date upon which a particular #household# occupies a particular #affordable housing unit# as a #homeowner#.

For any #household# occupying an #affordable housing unit# of #preservation affordable housing# or #substantial rehabilitation affordable housing# on the #regulatory agreement date#, #initial occupancy# is the #regulatory agreement date#.

Low income floor area

The “low income floor area” is the #affordable floor area# that is provided for #low income households# or, upon #resale# as defined in Section 23-913, for #eligible buyers#.
Low income household

A “low income household” is a household having an income less than or equal to the low income limit at initial occupancy, except that, with regard to low income floor area within preservation affordable housing or substantial rehabilitation affordable housing, a grandfathered tenant shall also be a low income household.

Low income limit

The “low income limit” is 80 percent of the income index.

Middle income floor area

The “middle income floor area” is the affordable floor area that is provided for middle income households or, upon resale as defined in Section 23-913, for eligible buyers.

Middle income household

A “middle income household” is a household having an income greater than the moderate income limit and less than or equal to the middle income limit at initial occupancy, except that, with regard to middle income floor area within substantial rehabilitation affordable housing, a grandfathered tenant shall also be a middle income household.

Middle income limit

The “middle income limit” is 175 percent of the income index.

MIH application

An “MIH application” is an application submitted to HPD that specifies how affordable housing will be provided on a MIH site, in compliance with the provisions of Section 23-90 (INCLUSIONARY HOUSING), inclusive.

MIH development

An “MIH development” is a development, enlargement or conversion that complies with the provisions of paragraphs (d) (3)(i) through (d)(3)(v) or (d)(5) of Section 23-154 (Inclusionary Housing), or provides affordable housing or a contribution to the affordable housing fund pursuant to such provisions as modified by special permit of the Board of Standards and Appeals pursuant to Section 73-624 (Reduction or modification of Mandatory Inclusionary Housing requirements).

MIH site

An “MIH” is a building containing affordable floor area that satisfies either the special floor area provisions for zoning lots in Mandatory Inclusionary Housing areas in paragraphs (d)(3)(i) through (d)(3)(iv) and (d)(5), as applicable, of
Section 23-154 (Inclusionary Housing) for an #MIH development# in a #Mandatory Inclusionary Housing area#, or such provisions as modified by special permit of the Board of Standards and Appeals pursuant to Section 73-624 (Reduction or modification of Mandatory Inclusionary Housing requirements).

An #MIH site# may also be a #generating site#, provided that no #floor area# that satisfies the requirements of paragraphs (d)(3)(i) through (d)(3)(iv) or (d)(5) of Section 23-154 may also generate #floor area compensation#.

MIH zoning lot

An “MIH zoning lot” is a #zoning lot# that contains an #MIH development#.

Moderate income floor area

The “moderate income floor area” is the #affordable floor area# that is provided for #moderate income households# or, upon #resale# as defined in Section 23-913, for #eligible buyers#.

Moderate income household

A “moderate income household” is a #household# having an income greater than the #low income limit# and less than or equal to the #moderate income limit# at #initial occupancy#, except that, with regard to #moderate income floor area# within #substantial rehabilitation affordable housing#, a #grandfathered tenant# shall also be a #moderate income household#.

Moderate income limit

The “moderate income limit” is 125 percent of the #income index#.

New construction affordable housing

“New construction affordable housing” is #affordable housing# that:

(a) is located in a #building# or portion thereof that did not exist on a date which is 36 months prior to the #regulatory agreement date#;

(b) is located in #floor area# for which the Department of Buildings first issued a temporary or permanent certificate of occupancy on or after the #regulatory agreement date#; and

(c) complies with such additional criteria as may be specified by #HPD# in the #guidelines#.

Permit notice

For #compensated developments#, a “permit notice” is a notice from #HPD# to the Department of Buildings stating that building permits may be issued to utilize #floor area compensation# from all or a portion of the #affordable floor area# on a #generating site#. Any #permit notice# shall:
(a) state the amount of #low income floor area#, #moderate income floor area# or #middle income floor area# attributable to such #generating site#;

(b) state whether the #affordable housing# comprising such #low income floor area#, #moderate income floor area# or #middle income floor area# is #new construction affordable housing#, #substantial rehabilitation affordable housing# or #preservation affordable housing#;

(c) state whether the #affordable housing# comprising such #low income floor area#, #moderate income floor area# or #middle income floor area# has utilized #public funding#; and

(d) specify the amount of such #affordable housing# that the #compensated development# may utilize to generate #floor area compensation#.

For #MIH developments#, a #permit notice# is a notice from #HPD# to the Department of Buildings stating that building permits may be issued for any #development#, #enlargement# or #conversion# subject to the special #floor area# requirements of paragraph (d) of Section 23-154 (Inclusionary Housing), or any modification of such provisions by special permit of the Board of Standards and Appeals pursuant to Section 73-624 (Reduction or modification of Mandatory Inclusionary Housing requirements). Such #permit notice# shall state the amount of #affordable floor area# provided on an #MIH site# or the amount of #floor area# for which a contribution to the #affordable housing fund# has been made.

Preservation affordable housing

“Preservation affordable housing” is #affordable housing# that:

(a) is a #generating site# that existed and was legally permitted to be occupied on the #regulatory agreement date#, except as permitted in the #guidelines#; and

(b) complies with the provisions of Section 23-961, paragraph (e)(Special requirements for rental preservation affordable housing) or Section 23-962, paragraph (f)(Special requirements for homeownership preservation affordable housing), as applicable.

Public funding

“Public funding” is any grant, loan or subsidy from any Federal, State or local agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, the disposition of real property for less than market value, purchase money financing, construction financing, permanent financing, the utilization of bond proceeds and allocations of low income housing tax credits. #Public funding# shall not include the receipt of rent subsidies pursuant to Section 8 of the United States Housing Act of 1937, as amended, or an exemption or abatement of real property taxes pursuant to Section 420-a, Section 420-c, Section 421-a, Section 422, Section 488-a or Section 489 of the Real Property Tax Law, Article XI of the Private Housing Finance Law or such other programs of full or partial exemption from or abatement of real property taxation as may be specified in the #guidelines#.

Qualifying household

A “qualifying household” is a #low income household#, #moderate income household# or #middle income household# that satisfies the applicable #income band# requirements of paragraphs (d)(3)(i) through (d)(3)(iv) or (d)(5) of Section 23-154 (Inclusionary Housing) or as provided by special permit of the Board of Standards and Appeals pursuant to Section 73-624 (Reduction or modification of Mandatory Inclusionary Housing requirements).
Regulatory agreement

A “regulatory agreement” is an agreement between #HPD# and the owner of the #affordable housing# or, for #MIH sites#, a restrictive declaration or other document as provided in the #guidelines#, that requires compliance with all applicable provisions of an #affordable housing plan# or #MIH application#, Section 23-90, inclusive, other applicable provisions of this Resolution and the #guidelines#.

Regulatory agreement date

The “regulatory agreement date” is, with respect to any #affordable housing#, the date of execution of the applicable #regulatory agreement#. If a #regulatory agreement# is amended at any time, the #regulatory agreement date# is the original date of execution of such #regulatory agreement#, without regard to the date of any amendment.

Regulatory period

The “regulatory period” is, with respect to any #generating site#, the entire period of time during which any #floor area compensation# generated by the #affordable floor area# on such #generating site# is the subject of a permit, temporary certificate of occupancy or permanent certificate of occupancy issued by the Department of Buildings, or is otherwise under construction or in use in a #compensated development#.

With respect to any #MIH site#, the #regulatory period# is the entire period of time during which #affordable floor area# on such #MIH site# satisfies the requirements of the special #floor area# provisions for #zoning lots# in #Mandatory Inclusionary Housing areas# in paragraph (d) of Section 23-154 (Inclusionary Housing) for an #MIH development# or any modification of such provisions by special permit of the Board of Standards and Appeals pursuant to Section 73-624 (Reduction or modification of Mandatory Inclusionary Housing requirements), is the subject of a permit, temporary certificate of occupancy or permanent certificate of occupancy issued by the Department of Buildings, or is otherwise under construction or in use.

Substantial rehabilitation affordable housing

“Substantial rehabilitation affordable housing” is #affordable housing# that:

(a) is a #generating site# that existed on the #regulatory agreement date#; and

(b) complies with the provisions of Section 23-961, paragraph (f) (Special requirements for rental substantial rehabilitation affordable housing), or Section 23-962, paragraph (g) (Special requirements for homeownership substantial rehabilitation affordable housing), as applicable.

Super’s unit

A “super’s unit” is, in any #generating site# or #MIH site#, not more than one #dwelling unit# or #rooming unit# that is reserved for occupancy by the superintendent of such #building#.
The following definitions shall apply to rental affordable housing:

Legal regulated rent

A “legal regulated rent” is, with respect to any affordable housing unit, the initial monthly rent registered with the Division of Housing and Community Renewal at rent-up in accordance with paragraph (b) of Section 23-961 (Additional requirements for rental affordable housing).

Maximum monthly rent

The “maximum monthly rent” is:

(a) 30 percent of the low income limit for an affordable housing unit restricted to occupancy by low income households, divided by 12, minus the amount of any applicable utility allowance;

(b) 30 percent of the moderate income limit for an affordable housing unit restricted to occupancy by moderate income households, divided by 12, minus the amount of any applicable utility allowance; and

(c) 30 percent of the middle income limit for an affordable housing unit restricted to occupancy by middle income households, divided by 12, minus the amount of any applicable utility allowance.

For MIH sites, the maximum monthly rent for an affordable housing unit restricted to occupancy by a qualifying household is 30 percent of the income band applicable to that unit, divided by 12, minus any applicable utility allowance.

Monthly rent

The “monthly rent” is the monthly amount charged, pursuant to paragraph (b) of Section 23-961 (Additional requirements for rental affordable housing), to a tenant in an affordable housing unit.

Rent stabilization

“Rent stabilization” is the Rent Stabilization Law of 1969 and the Emergency Tenant Protection Act of 1974 and all regulations promulgated pursuant thereto or in connection therewith. If the Rent Stabilization Law of 1969 or the Emergency Tenant Protection Act of 1974 is repealed, invalidated or allowed to expire, rent stabilization shall be defined as set forth in the guidelines.

Rent-up

“Rent-up” is the first rental of vacant affordable housing units on or after the regulatory agreement date, except that, where one or more affordable housing units in preservation affordable housing or substantial rehabilitation affordable housing were occupied by grandfathered tenants on the regulatory agreement date, rent-up shall have the same meaning as regulatory agreement date.
Rent-up date

The “rent-up date” is the date upon which leases for a percentage of vacant affordable housing units set forth in the guidelines have been executed, except that, where one or more affordable housing units in preservation affordable housing or substantial rehabilitation affordable housing were occupied by grandfathered tenants on the regulatory agreement date, the rent-up date is the regulatory agreement date.

Supportive housing project

A “supportive housing project” is a non-profit institution with sleeping accommodations, as specified in Section 22-13 (Use Group 3), where:

(a) 100 percent of the supportive housing units within such generating site, have been restricted to use as affordable housing for persons with special needs pursuant to a regulatory agreement;

(b) such generating site does not contain any dwelling unit or rooming unit that is not accessory; and

(c) such generating site is not a compensated development.

However, with respect to the requirements of paragraphs (d)(3)(i) through (d)(3)(iv) or (d)(5) of Section 23-154 (Inclusionary Housing), a supportive housing project is a building or a portion thereof that is a non-profit institution with sleeping accommodations, as specified in Section 22-13 restricted to use as affordable housing for persons with special needs pursuant to a regulatory agreement.

Supportive housing unit

A “supportive housing unit” is floor area in a supportive housing project that consists of sleeping quarters for persons with special needs and any private living space appurtenant thereto.

Utility allowance

A “utility allowance” is a monthly allowance set by HPD for the payment of utilities where the tenant of an affordable housing unit is required to pay all or a portion of the utility costs with respect to such affordable housing unit in addition to any payments of monthly rent.

23-913 - Definitions applying to homeownership affordable housing

LAST AMENDED
3/22/2016

The following definitions shall apply to homeownership affordable housing, where homeownership is as defined in this Section:

Appreciated price
The “appreciated price” for any homeownership affordable housing unit is the product of the sale or resale price of such homeownership affordable housing unit on the previous sale date and the appreciation index applicable at resale as specified in the guidelines.

Appreciation cap

The “appreciation cap” is the resale price at which the combined cost of monthly fees, mortgage payments, utilities and property taxes to be paid by the homeowner would be equal to 30 percent of:

(a) 125 percent of the income index for a homeownership affordable housing unit that was restricted to occupancy by low income households at sale; or

(b) 175 percent of the income index for a homeownership affordable housing unit that was restricted to occupancy by moderate income households at sale; or

(c) 200 percent of the income index for a homeownership affordable housing unit that was restricted to occupancy by middle income households at sale.

For MIH sites, the multiple of the income index for homeownership affordable housing units occupied by qualifying households shall be as specified in the guidelines.

Appreciation index

The “appreciation index” is 100 until August 1, 2010. On or after August 1, 2010, the appreciation index shall be a number greater than 100, representing the cumulative increase in resale price of a homeownership affordable housing unit permitted pursuant to the annual rates of increase established by HPD.

HPD shall set the annual rate of increase at the same rate as the percentage change in the Consumer Price Index for all urban consumers, as defined by the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, for the 12 months ended on June 30 of that year, plus one percent per year, but the annual rate of increase shall be no less than one percent per year. HPD shall adjust the Consumer Price Index component of the appreciation index on August 1 of each calendar year, commencing on August 1, 2010, based on the percentage change in the Consumer Price Index for the 12 months ended on June 30 of that calendar year. For a fraction of a year, the components of the appreciation index shall be set as specified in the guidelines. HPD may adjust the methodology for calculating the appreciation index not more than once every two years in accordance with the guidelines.

Commencement date

The “commencement date” is the date upon which sales for a percentage of homeownership affordable housing units in a generating site or MIH site set forth in the guidelines have been completed, except that, where one or more homeownership affordable housing units in preservation affordable housing or substantial rehabilitation affordable housing were occupied by grandfathered tenants on the regulatory agreement date, the commencement date is the regulatory agreement date.

Condominium association
A “condominium association” is an organization of condominium homeowners, with a form of governance specified in the guidelines, that manages the common areas and capital elements of a generating site or MIH site.

Cooperative corporation

A “cooperative corporation” is any corporation organized exclusively for the purpose of providing housing accommodations to shareholders who are persons or families entitled, by reason of ownership of shares in such corporation, to residential occupancy.

Down payment

The “down payment” is a payment that is not secured by any form of debt, made on or before the sale date by the eligible buyer approved by the administering agent to purchase a homeownership affordable housing unit.

Eligible buyer

An “eligible buyer” is a household that qualifies to buy a specific homeownership affordable housing unit. Such a household shall:

(a) except in the case of succession:

(1) be, at the time of application for an initial sale, a low income household, moderate income household, middle income household or qualifying household for which, at the initial price, the combined cost of monthly fees, mortgage payments, utilities and property taxes that would be paid for a homeownership affordable housing unit is not more than 35 percent and not less than 25 percent of such household’s income. However, for a household that resided on a generating site or MIH site on the date of submission of an affordable housing plan, HPD may waive the requirement that housing costs be not less than 25 percent of such household’s income;

(2) be, at the time of application for a resale, in the case of an affordable housing unit initially limited to sale to a low income household, moderate income household, middle income household or qualifying household, any household for which, at the maximum resale price, the combined cost of monthly fees, mortgage payments, utilities and property taxes that would be paid for a homeownership affordable housing unit is not more than 35 percent and not less than 25 percent of such household’s income;

(3) have cash or equivalent assets that are at least equal to the required down payment for such affordable housing unit. However, HPD may waive this requirement for a household that resided on a generating site or MIH site on the date of submission of an affordable housing plan to HPD; and

(4) meet such additional eligibility requirements as may be specified in the guidelines.

(b) in the case of succession:

(1) be, at the time of application, a household for which, at the maximum resale price, the combined cost of monthly fees, imputed mortgage payments, utilities and property taxes for the subject homeownership affordable housing unit is not less than 25 percent of such household’s income; and
meet such additional eligibility requirements as may be specified in the #guidelines#.

A #grandfathered tenant# is not an #eligible buyer# unless such #grandfathered tenant# has been certified by the #administering agent# to have an annual income at or below the #low income limit#, #moderate income limit# or #middle income limit#, as applicable to such #homeownership affordable housing unit# or, for #MIH sites#, meets such qualifications for eligibility specified in the #guidelines#.

Family member

“Family member” shall have the meaning set forth in the #guidelines#.

Homeowner

A “homeowner” is a person or persons who:

(a) owns a condominium #homeownership affordable housing unit# and occupies such condominium #homeownership affordable housing unit# in accordance with owner occupancy requirements set forth in the #guidelines#; or

(b) owns shares in a #cooperative corporation#, holds a proprietary lease for an #homeownership affordable housing unit# owned by such #cooperative corporation# and occupies such #homeownership affordable housing unit# in accordance with owner occupancy requirements set forth in the #guidelines#.

Homeownership

“Homeownership” is a form of tenure for housing, including #dwelling units# occupied by either the owner as a separate condominium, a shareholder in a #cooperative corporation# pursuant to the terms of a proprietary lease, a #grandfathered tenant# or an authorized sublettor pursuant to the #guidelines#.

Imputed mortgage payment

An “imputed mortgage payment” is the maximum #mortgage payment# at prevailing interest rates for a qualifying #mortgage# that could be paid to purchase a #homeownership affordable housing unit# at the #maximum resale price#, calculated in accordance with the #guidelines#.

Initial price

The “initial price” is the price at which a #homeownership affordable housing unit# may be offered for #sale# for the first time, pursuant to a #regulatory agreement#.

Maximum resale price

The “maximum resale price” for a #homeownership affordable housing unit# is the lesser of the #appreciated price# or the
Monthly fees

The “monthly fees” are any payments charged to a homeowner by a cooperative corporation or condominium association to provide for the reimbursement of the applicable homeownership affordable housing unit’s share of the expenses of such cooperative corporation or condominium association, as permitted by the regulatory agreement.

Mortgage

A “mortgage” is a mortgage loan, or a loan to purchase shares in a cooperative corporation, that has been approved by the administering agent and that has a fixed rate of interest, a term of at least 30 years at every sale and resale, a value not exceeding 90 percent of the sale price of such homeownership affordable housing unit at the time of the initial sale or 90 percent of the maximum resale price of such homeownership affordable housing unit at any time after the initial sale, and that is otherwise in compliance with the guidelines.

Mortgage payment

The “mortgage payment” is any monthly repayment of principal and interest on a mortgage.

Resale

A “resale” is any transfer of title to a condominium homeownership affordable housing unit after the first sale or any transfer of ownership of the shares in a cooperative corporation which are appurtenant to a homeownership affordable housing unit after the first sale.

Sale

A “sale” is the first transfer of title to a condominium homeownership affordable housing unit or the first transfer of ownership of the shares in a cooperative corporation which are appurtenant to a homeownership affordable housing unit on or after the regulatory agreement date.

Sale date

A “sale date” is the date of the sale or resale of any homeownership affordable housing unit. However, for homeownership affordable housing units in preservation affordable housing or substantial rehabilitation affordable housing occupied by grandfathered tenants on the regulatory agreement date, the initial sale date shall be the regulatory agreement date.

Succession
“Succession” is a resale from a homeowner to a family member of such homeowner.